GUARDS SHOOT AT MAYOR'S SECRETARY

THE WEATHER

Boston and vicinity—Probably showers tonight and Tuesday; little change in temperature; gentle, shifting winds. Aviation forecast: Poor flying weather.
Sun rises 6:12; sets 6:06.
Moon rises 10:30 p. m.
High tide 4:06 p. m.
Temperatures till noon: Maximum, 59 at noon; minimum, 51 at 5 a. m.; average 56.
Temperature at noon 59.

BOSTON AMERICAN

LARGEST EVENING CIRCULATION IN NEW ENGLAND

FINAL EDITION EXTRA
New England's Greatest Home Newspaper

VOL. 16—No. 151

Registered in U. S. Patent Office

BOSTON, MONDAY, SEPTEMBER 15, 1919

Copyright, 1919, by the B. E. Newspaper Pub. Co.

PRICE TWO CENTS

RIOT GUNS BROUGHT TO BOSTON

CURTIS REJECTS STRIKERS' PLEA

HIS ACTS WITHIN THE LAW, HE TELLS LABOR LEADERS

Following a conference today with leaders of the policemen's strike, Police Commissioner Curtis declared that he would accept no compromise and that he stands firm on his position that the strikers are deserters. This statement, in the form of a letter to President Michael J. O'Donnell of the Central Labor Union, asserted that the action the commissioner had originally taken was the only one he could take under the law. "I could not, even if I would," he said, "permit any other consideration to control or direct my action."

The delegates who took part in the conference, besides Mr. O'Donnell, were a New York man believed to be Guy Oyster, secretary to President Gompers of the American Federation of Labor, Organizer Frank H. McCarthy of the American Federation of Labor and President John F. McInnes of the Policemen's Union.

The conference lasted about half an hour, and fol-

continued on Page 2, Column 1.

PARKE IS TARGET OF GUARDS

Mayor's Secretary, Mistaken for Auto Fugitive, Fired on in Back Bay

Edwin V. B. Parke, Mayor Peters' chief secretary, was shot at by State Guards Sunday, it became known today.

The shooting occurred at Beacon street and Commonwealth avenue early in the morning, as Mr. Parke was driving his auto into town. The guards were lying in wait for an automobile chief, supposed to be on his way to Boston, and when Mr. Parke failed to heed their command of "halt" they fired.

After furnishing his identification papers he was allowed to proceed.

SIXTY CASES CROWD DORCHESTER COURTS

Almost sixty cases today crowded the Dorchester district and juvenile courts. Judge Churchill presided in the district court, and Judge Michael H. Sullivan in the juvenile session.

Twenty-three men charged with drunkenness were fined from $5 to $15 each. Of a large number of crap shooting cases, fourteen were continued. Three men paid fines for disturbing the peace at Mattapan square. They were Charles E. Cameron, Abraham Simons and Vincent Black. Harry L. Newman was fined $15 for using profane language. For gaming on Sunday Israel Golden and Joseph A. Robin were fined $25 each, sentences suspended for probation until March. On a former suspended sentence, Rubin was today fined $15.

RICH IN FOOD VALUE

Father John's Medicine builds new flesh and increased strength. Contains no alcohol.—Advt.

Sergeant Shoots Self in Leg with His Own Gun

Sergeant William A. Malcond of Company C, 14th Regiment, accidentally shot himself in the calf of the left leg today when he attempted to draw his revolver from its holster as a demonstration for the guardsmen posted about Dorchester avenue and Ellet street, Dorchester.

The report of the gun attracted a crowd of over 500 persons to the scene, and guardsmen and volunteer police from Station 11 were rushed to break up the gathering. The wounded sergeant was taken to City Hospital in the Station 11 ambulance. His wound is not considered serious.

PROCLAIM UNION OF FIUME AND ITALY

By International News Service.

London, Sept. 15.—The Italian general at Fiume has been arrested, said a union of Fiume and Italy has been proclaimed, said a News Agency dispatch from Belgrade today, quoting a semi-official Serbian announcement.

Advices on Saturday stated that armed bands of Italians, headed by Gabriele d'Annunzio, had arrived at Fiume.

Paris, Sept. 15.—The troublesome Fiume question, involving rival claims by Italy and Jugo-Slavia, was taken up by the Inter-Allied Supreme Council today.

Premier Lloyd George, who has been holding a series of private conferences since his arrival on Friday, represented Great Britain at the meeting.

The American, French and British attitude is that Fiume is a question the Italians must settle themselves, although it is admitted that the situation is most delicate and that there is a possibility that it might precipitate civil war throughout Italy.

The situation has been further complicated by the action of Gabriele d'Annunzio, who led a number of armed Italians into Fiume. D'Annunzio, who has acquired considerable influence in Italian affairs as a result of his part in the war, is one of the chief leaders of the Italian faction demanding the annexation of Fiume.

A Tenant for Every Room Every Day in the Year

People who make a business of renting rooms know that a room standing empty, even for a short time, makes a hole in the profits that is hard to make up.

Renting rooms is a highly profitable business when there are no losses of this sort, and there's no need for a single vacancy. You could fill your room ten times over if you knew how to reach the thousands of people who are looking for homelike rooms.

People who advertise their rooms in the AMERICAN are backed up by an out-of-town as well as a city circulation. No wonder their rooms are filled.

For a tenant for every room use BOSTON AMERICAN ROOM TO RENT ADS.

A VOTE FOR
STONEMAN
for
Attorney General
is a vote for
LAW AND ORDER
and
FAIR PLAY
Republican Primaries
Tues., Sept. 23
M. SINCLAIR WILLIAMS
825 California St., Newtonville

NEW FORCE SWORN IN MONDAY

Police to Receive $1,400 a Year and Outfits, Is Belief

Boston's new police department will be officially started on Monday next. On that day the men certified by the Civil Service Commission will report for duty and will be sworn in as regular members of the department.

Of twenty names the commissioners sent to Police Commissioner Curtis today eleven men appeared at police headquarters. They conferred with Superintendent Crowley and were dismissed with orders to appear for service Monday.

While nothing official has been given out concerning the subject, it is understood that the new men will receive a minimum wage of $1,400 a year and in addition will be furnished with their uniforms. The present minimum is $1,100 a year and the men are required to outfit themselves.

With a return to normal conditions throughout the city a plan is being worked out whereby a more system-

Continued on Page 2, Column 4.

HOLD AGED MAN IN ILLICIT STILL CASE

Frank A. Bernatowitis of Chelsea, seventy-three years of age, was arraigned before United States Commissioner Hayes at the Federal Building charged with promoting an illicit still. Bernatowitis, with several others, were discovered in a farmhouse at Medfield the latter part of last week where large quantities of stores were confiscated by the government. Bernatowitis pleaded not guilty and was held in $500 for a hearing September 19.

TODAY'S BANK STATEMENT.

Boston bank clearings $73,607,262
Boston Sub-Treasury, credit 225,797
New York bank clearings 856,223,957
New York Sub-Treasury, credit 1,073,574

Volunteer Police

Able Bodied Men willing to give their services in case of necessity for part of day or night for protection of persons and property in the City of Boston. Apply to me at Room B, Third Floor, Chamber of Commerce Building, Boston, daily except Sunday.

WILLIAM H. PIERCE,
Supt. of Police. (Retired).

Striking Policemen Get Their Pay at City Hall

The 1,134 policemen who went on strike last Tuesday were paid off at City Hall today.

Unless they are reinstated it will be the last money they will draw from the city.

No unusual incidents were noted in connection with the payment. The men came in quietly, drew their money and departed.

THREE ADMIT "KICK" IN THE 2.75 BEER

This 2.75 beer is really interesting, according to three men who paid $15 fines in the Newton Court. As the story was told, these men obtained their beer in a Court street bar. When arrest was made all were quarreling. This is the roll-call: John White, twenty-three, a carpenter, of Morse street, Watertown. Dominic Chaisson, thirty-five, a cleanser, of Washington square, Newton, and Lawrence Ducette, twenty-six, a machinist, of Oak street, Newton Upper Falls.

TWO OF CREW MISSING WITH THE BARNSTABLE

New York, Sept. 15.—Only two men are believed to have lost their lives in the sinking of the steamship Barnstable off St. Catherine's during the tropical storm Friday night, according to dispatches to the owners here today. She had been reported as sinking with all hands. Captain R. A. Moon, skipper of the Barnstable, and his brother are still missing.

COMPERS DECIDES TO ADOPT POLICY OF SILENCE

Washington, Sept. 15.—"Unless something very unusual develops I will have nothing further to say about the situation in Boston," said Samuel Gompers, president of the American Federation of Labor, here today.

Bulletins!

LONDON—A plot has been discovered for an uprising and the surrender of Archangel to the Russian Bolsheviks, said a news agency dispatch from Stockholm today. Seven arrests have been made.

LONDON—An allied commission has arrived in Berlin to confer with the Germans over problems arising from the peace treaty, said a wireless dispatch from that city today. The United States is not represented.

Cork—A number of howitzers were today landed on the Custom quay here from the steamship Lady Cleo. The Lady Cleo is a 1,581-ton vessel owned by the British & Irish Steam Packet Company. She hails from London.

GLOBE TODAY DOROTHY PHILLIPS
FIRST "Hid in Advance" Time Last Four Times

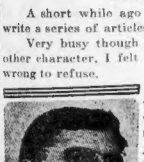
Hancock's Plea to Ireland Quoted by De Valera

THE TRUTH ABOUT IRELAND

By EAMON DE VALERA,
President of the Irish Republic.

A short while ago the Boston American suggested to me to write a series of articles on Ireland's cause.

Very busy though I have been, and am, with matters of another character, I felt that this was an offer which it would be wrong to refuse.



In the fight which Ireland has still to wage to win her liberty from England she will need the public opinion of the world to support her. I know her cause to be just, and feel certain that it will be supported by the right minded everywhere if only they can know it as it is.

As I proceed to write these articles, addressed to the American people—who are at this moment about to take a decision on a question which vitally affects the land I love and have the honor to represent—as I reflect on the motives I have in writing them a natural association of ideas suggests to me the opening paragraph of a document addressed to the people of Ireland on May 10th, 1775, and signed by John Hancock:

"We are desirous, as is natural to injured innocence, of possessing the good opinion of the virtuous and humane. We are particularly desirous of furnishing you with a true state of our motives and objects, the better to enable you to judge of

Continued on Page 4, Column 1.

French, Spanish, Italian, Portuguese Courses start now. Enroll Little Bldg. DUBOULT SCHOOL OF LANGUAGES

Swift & Company's sales of Beef in Boston for the week ending Saturday, Sept. 13th, averaged as follows: Domestic Beef, 13.50 cents per pound.—Advt.

RIOT GUNS AND AMMUNITION SENT FROM VERMONT

Montpelier, Vt., Sept. 15.—Massachusetts authorities have sent to Vermont for riot guns and ammunition, to which Adjutant-General H. T. Johnson has complied by sending to Boston Saturday night 20,000 rounds of ammunition loaded with buckshot and nineteen cases of guns containing in all about 400 riot guns. These are the same kind of gun that Germans protested against Americans using in France.

RED SOX—CLEVELAND GAME CALLED OFF

Fenway Park, Sept. 15.—The Red Sox-Cleveland game scheduled for this afternoon was called off on account of rain.

SERBIAN CABINET RESIGNS IN BODY

Washington, Sept. 15.—The Serbian Cabinet resigned its entirety on Saturday last, and the Prince Regent accepted the resignation, according to advices to the Department.

DANGER FROM GERMANS IN SIBERIA, BAKER SAYS

Washington, Sept. 15.—There is still actual danger from armed Germans and Austrians, former Russian war prisoners, in Siberia, Secretary Baker said today, in explaining to the House Military Affairs Committee why American soldiers, as well as soldiers of the allies and of Japan, were being kept there.

VENUS PENCILS
No work VENUS PENCILS cannot do.—Advt.

TAKE BELL-ANS BEFORE the pain sets in; Bell-ans not as new but good Stomach Gas.—Advt.

LABOR LEADERS IN CONFERENCE WITH COMMISSIONER CURTIS

OPPOSITION TO A GENERAL STRIKE IS GROWING

Continued From First Page.

lowing it, Secretary Devlin, for the commissioner, stated that the purport was practically contained in the telegram of President Gompers to Governor Coolidge. This telegram suggested a compromise and the return to work of the men, pending a labor and capital conference with President Wilson in Washington October 5. He then issued Commissioner Curtis' reply, which read:

"I have heard whatever you desired to say to me concerning the matters with which I have officially dealt and am required to deal.

"The action which I have taken is the only one I could take under the law and the obligation of my office. I shall be guided in further official action by the same requirements of the law in every particular.

"It is to be always remembered that I exercise only those authorities which the law of the Commonwealth has imposed on me. I could not even if I would permit any other considerations to control or direct my actions."

Organizer McCarthy, before learning of the statement from Commissioner Curtis, said that the labor men might have a statement to issue later.

Before visiting Mr. Curtis, the labor leaders conferred with John P. Feeney and James H. Vahey, counsel for the Policemen's Union. Following this conference, Mr. Feeney stated that he had nothing to say, except that Mr. Gompers' representative was in Boston for the purpose of getting all the facts on the general situation.

Asked if they discussed a general strike, Mr. Feeney replied: "I wouldn't put any such interpretation on our talk. In regard to Mr. Gompers' representative, he is here and can speak for himself."

Later the labor men went to the Federation of Labor headquarters in the Kimball Building, where Organizer McCarthy said that a statement might be given out after the conference with Mr. Curtis.

Mr. Feeney told the newspapermen that Commissioner Curtis had been given ample notice of the policemen's intention to strike. He produced clippings from newspapers containing statements from the commissioner and Superintendent Crowley to the effect that they were prepared before the strike was called. In one of these statements, Commissioner Curtis was quoted on the day of the strike as saying: "I am prepared for anything."

Mr. Feeney further stated that for twelve hours after the policemen went out there were no substitutes on the street.

Attorney Feeney declared that statements had been issued by police officials in Pemberton square prior to the walkout in which it was promised that the city would be amply protected.

"I call your attention to an article in the Boston Globe of Sept. 9," he said, "which is said to have been sent by Superintendent Crowley that 500 civilians and 200 retired policemen were available for duty.

"I call your attention to statements made by Police Commissioner Curtis in conference with Mayor Peters, in which the commissioner said that he was well prepared to guard the city.

"I call your attention to statements emanating from Police Headquarters regarding the work of ex-Commissioner Pierce, who announced that volunteers were coming forward in large numbers, many from Harvard College, to police the city in the event of a walkout.

"POLICE NOT BRIGANDS."

"These men are not brigands referring to the police). Five hundred or more answered the call to the colors and fought overseas."

At this point Mr. Feeney produced a bundle of other newspapers, including the Boston American, published prior to the day of the strike, each of these, according to the attorney, appears statements from the police officials that they were well prepared for any emergency.

He charged that news had been scattered broadcast that the policemen quit without any notice which he asserted was untrue, and gave reports in the newspapers prior to the strike as his proof.

Rev. Edward Lambert, a volunteer policeman, been on hand to stop the dice games, the first form of law violation on the night of the policemen's strike. Attorney Feeney asserted, the crowds could have been dispersed and much of the later lawlessness averted.

GENERAL STRIKE THREAT FADES

Threat of a general strike faded today, when a committee representing guarded vote of the Central Labor Union last Thursday night showed that conservative labor leaders were opposed to a general strike.

Four o fthe big unions reported at that meeting it was learned today, that they had voted in favor of a general strike. These unions, it was reported were instructed to recall their vote. Five other large unions were instructed to vote against a general strike.

The building trades were reported to be entirely opposed to a general strike. The telephone operators' union, flushed with their recent victory, are also known to favor a general strike vote. But pressure is being brought to bear upon them by labor leaders to vote against a general strike at this time.

It was also stated that the strikers were averse to accepting the recommendation of Governor Coolidge that they have recourse to the courts, which was contained in a telegram to President Gompers.

Coolidge Applauded by Baptist Ministers for Stand on Strike

Governor Coolidge was roundly applauded today by the Baptist ministers at their meeting in Kingsley Hall. The ministers prayed for guidance of the Governor, and Rev. J. F. Abbott, formerly of Medford, who started the applause, said in part:

"Lately I have been reading a good deal. I heard the cannons booming in New York for Gen. Pershing. Then I thought I would come to peaceful Boston, the hub of all reforms.

"But what met my eyes is what you all know. Then in the midst of all this confusion, which is so unnatural for Boston, heard one voice of a true American—Governor Coolidge. We do not object to having one organization of labor dominate everything and take the freedom of this country out of the rights of people."

Rev. Gabriel R. Magnire, pastor of Ruggles Street Baptist Church, who presided at this meeting, declared:

"Let us not be too severe on the police who went out. Many of them were misguided. They were coerced in this strike, and it was made against their will, but they did not want to be called scabs.

"Boston before this was proud of its police force. There are men who served it faithfully for years and now find themselves branded. I do not say that they are right, but I do make some sort of a confession for many of these policemen should be judged by the good service they have rendered the department.

"I visited some of the families of these former policemen. By this sudden disruption in their family affairs we are going to bring sadness and hurt upon them. Many of them were misguided."

Rev. J. J. Phelan of Toledo advocated commercialized amusements and taking a wise view of dancing and bowling in church circles.

SPECIAL NOTICE.

Sure Relief

6 BELL-ANS Hot water Sure Relief

BELL-ANS FOR INDIGESTION

OF SIX MEN MISSING FISHING BOAT AND CREW

Margherita, of Boston, foundered in the gale last Wednesday while crossing Massachusetts Bay, carrying down h ercrew of six men, is strengthened by the fact that none of the fleet arriving here saw any trace of the missing craft, although several passed over the same course.

The Margherita was caught in a squall when off Plymouth, but instead of running into that harbor for shelter as several other of the fishermen did, Captain Peter Mendes decided to continue to Boston to market his catch of fish.

Bartenders Pledge Support to Police

Bartenders' Union, Local 77, adopted resolutions condemning Governor Coolidge, Commissioner Curtis, Mayor Peters and the Chamber of Commerce, and pledging support to the police.

The resolution read as follows:

Whereas, Edwin U. Curtis, police commissioner of the city of Boston, has thrown down the gauntlet to organized labor through the Policemen's Union, and

"Whereas, the conditions in our city for the past week have been a disgrace to her citizens and the fair name of our beloved city, and,

"Whereas, we believe in law and order and personal liberty for all, and we condemn the autocratic action taken by Police Commissioner Edwin U. Curtis, as being against the principle of maintaining democracy and sound government.

"Therefore be it resolved, That the members of Boston Bartenders' Union, Local 77, goes on record against the action of the Chamber of Commerce, the Mayor of the city of Boston and the Governor of the State of Massachusetts for upholding the actions of Police Commissioner Curtis in discriminating against the American Federation of Labor, which has caused the wholesale violations of law and order.

"Therefore be it further resolved, That we pledge our moral and financial support to the Boston Policemen's Union, and when the call comes that our answer will be 'Ready, sir,' for the protection of every American citizen."

SIDELIGHTS ON THE POLICE STRIKE

The Boston City Club has been placed at the disposal of the officers of the State Guard, and many have availed themselves of the facilities offered them. Brigadier-General Jesse Stevens, who is in charge of the guard, was informed by State Treasurer Charles Burrill that the club would be open to himself and his men. Treasurer Burrill is a member of the City Club.

* * *

The organization of the Massachusetts Volunteer Militia is proceeding rapidly under direction of Brigadier-General Sweetser, whose office is No. 230 in the State House. The militia is being recruited on the same basis as were the old Ninth and Fifth Regiments of the Massachusetts National Guard, and companies that separate units are being formed in places in which the enlisting men reside, and these will be merged into the general organization.

* * *

Governor Coolidge has received approximately 850 letters and telegrams commending him for his stand in the police strike. A large number of communications received only three days ago were signed with more attitude. One of the missives opposing the chief executive's stand was to the effect that unless it was assured that the striking policemen be reinstated. Most of the letters were from indignant citizens, but a number received from authors and writers, economists and publicists of the United States. One letter contained a crudely drawn cartoon depicting a policeman shaking hands with the Kaiser. This bore the caption, "Both Alike," and carried the advice, "Don't reinstate the deserters."

* * *

Captain Henry D. Comeras, formerly commander of Company C, of the 101st Infantry, has called a meeting of all ex-service men of Newton for tonight. He plans to form a Newton guard for duty in Boston in event of a general strike call.

* * *

"No Passing Through" reads a sign at Tremont and Lagrange streets, printed in black lettering on a sidewalk. Guardsmen or duty on this street declare that during the day it has been almost deserted. The sign, according to the patrol, was printed there by youngsters in the spirit of fun.

CHARGES FAVORITISM IN P. O. RATING PLAN

Washington, Sept. 15.—Charles M. Galloway, recently resigned and United States civil service commissioner, today appeared before the Postoffice committee of the Senate and charged that the Postoffice Department had recently asked the Civil Service Commission to re-rate men who had taken examinations for postoffice positions.

The ground upon which the department and the postmaster-general asked for re-rating of candidates were "loyal and wholesome," Galloway said. He intimated that the department asked for re-rating of candidates in order that favored men might get appointed.

SIXTEEN DRUNKENNESS CASES IN ROXBURY COURT

There were thirty-six cases in the Roxbury court today, sixteen of the defendants being charged with drunkenness. Timothy Twomey, Francis McLaughlin, George Galvin, William F. Farren, Joseph B. Banda and Michael J. Keegan were found guilty of breaking and entering the saloon of Timothy J. Riordan and the larceny of ninety-six bottles of beer. They were held in $5,000 each.

Thomas McDonald of Evans street, Roxbury, a member of the United States navy, was fined $20 for assaulting and beating Officer Young told to move on by a State Guard. He appealed.

WILL NOMINATE OBREGON FOR MEXICAN PRESIDENT

Mexico City, Sept. 15.—The Liberal Nationalist party, in convention here, resolved to nominate General Obregon for the presidency to succeed Venustiano Carranza next year. This action is regarded as significant as the leaders of the Liberal Nationalist party hold official positions and have a large majority in both Houses of the Mexican Congress

NEW FORCE WILL BE SWORN IN ON MONDAY

Police to Receive $1,400 a Year and Their Outfits, It Is Believed

Continued From First Page.

atized patrol be possible. Heretofore the guardsmen have been working exceptionally long shifts during their tours of duty.

Beginning today they work three shifts, first starting at eight in the morning and continuing until four in the afternoon. The relief is on duty until midnight and the third is on duty until 8 o'clock.

The guardsmen are being relieved every twenty-four hours and given a complete rest of twenty-four. A sufficient force of guardsmen has been detailed to each of the stations in the city to permit this plan.

In South Boston, at the Athens street station, a new police system is in effect. Fifteen loyal policemen, augmented by fifty Metropolitan Park policemen, are performing four hours of duty. They are pulling patrol boxes just as was the case prior to the strike. The usual detail of State Guardsmen is on duty there also.

All the horses of the Boston department, twenty in number, and ten others have been borrowed from the Metropolitan Park system, have been turned over to the State Guard under General Parker. They have left the Back Bay stables and are concentrated at the Jay street stables. General Sherburne will continue in charge of the detail riding them.

Applications for enlistment in Boston's volunteer police department were few and far between at the chamber of Commerce today, in comparison with the days immediately following the calling of the strike. Now that the soldiers are on duty the people have gone back to the old "let George do it" feeling," stated one official.

"Although we are not registering as many as on the first few days, when rioting was at its height, we are enrolling a splendid type of manhood," said ex-Superintendent Wilson H. Pierce. "Before the day's total enrollment daily reached twenty-five he said, 'Yes, many more than that number.'

ORDERS $94,176 MOTOR APPARATUS BOUGHT

Mayor Peters today authorized the purchase of $94,176 worth of fire apparatus from the American La France Fire Engine Company, inc., without advertising, and in accordance with specifications of the fire department. The apparatus consists of two 1,000-gallon pumpers and hose cars, six cylinder motors; two 750-gallon pumpers and hose cars, six cylinder motors; four combination hose and chemical cars, one motor hose car, and one seventy-five-foot aerial ladder truck. This is the second order for motor apparatus placed this year, the first order was for $87,000.

DEVENS ELECTRIC LINE TO INCREASE ITS FARE

The Lowell & Fitchburg Street Railway Company today notified the Public Service Commission that it will increase its fare from 5 to 7 cents, beginning October 15. The charge for strip tickets, now 10 for 45 cents, is to be advanced to 56.50. It was stated at the offices of the Public Service Commission that the increase is the outcome of the failing off in traffic between Lowell and Camp Devens.

ELEVATOR BOY PUTS BULLET IN HIS LEG

Edward M. Gurry, aged eighteen, of No. 4 Bell street, Cambridge, an elevator operator employed at No. 28 Bay State road, was examining the revolver of Lieutenant Harold Hughes, when the revolver went off. The bullet lodged in Gurry's right leg above the knee and he was taken to the Boston City Hospital.

Williams Reopens Thursday

Williamstown, Sept. 15.—Williams College will reopen for the coming year on Thursday morning of this week with a chapel service at 7:45 o'clock. Indications are that the student enrollment will be unusually large this year.

STATE GUARDS FIRE SHOTS IN SO. BOSTON

Attacked by Assailants Who Are Concealed on Roof of House

Shots were fired by two State Guardsmen today, in a fight with invisible assailants, who, from the roof of No. 280 Dorchester street, South Boston, bombarded the sentinels with bricks and other missiles.

The shots broke the window of the third-floor apartment, occupied by Mrs. Patrick Horan and her two children. Mrs. Horan heard sounds of footsteps on the roof just before the attack was made upon the soldiers, but did not investigate.

The guardsmen, members of Company H, 10th Regiment, made a thorough search of the premises and the neighborhood, without result. Other State troops from nearby posts assisted in the search.

City Councillor James T. Moriarty and family occupy the second floor of the building.

Volunteers Claim Elevated Ought to Carry Them Free

Volunteers who are filling the berths of striking policemen claimed today that they should be allowed to ride free on the Boston street cars, as regular members of the force were, said one of them:

"We fellow perform our duty in civilian clothes and carry only a badge and club as marks of identification, but the badge ought to be enough to permit us to ride on the street cars as the uniformed men were. We are doing the same duty for much lower pay—$2.50 a day—and the saving of carfares with fares at ten cents a ride would be a great saving to many men with families who volunteered their services in the present emergency. Here is a chance for the Boston Elevated to do a good turn for the volunteer policemen by instructing conductors to permit all uniformed policemen in civilian clothes to ride free. In some cases it would be a matter of life or death. The men are talking of sending a delegation to the street railway officials about the matter."

MAINE CIVIL WAR COMMANDER IS DEAD

Colonel Joseph Whitman Spaulding, a State street lawyer and commander of the Maine infantry in the Civil War, is dead at his home, No. 53 West Emerson street, Melrose. He was seventy-eight years old.

Colonel Spaulding was born in Whitefield, Me., and graduated from Bowdoin College. He commenced service at the first call as a first lieutenant and participated in twenty important battles.

Colonel Spaulding had practiced law in Richmond, Portland and Boston. He served five years in the Maine Legislature and was on the staffs of Governors Connors and Plaisted. For one year he was commander of the Maine Legion of Honor. He is survived by one daughter, Miss Mary C. Spaulding. The funeral will be Tuesday and burial will be in Richmond, Me.

DOUBLE WEDDING AT HOME IN BROOKLINE

The home of Mr. and Mrs. Franklin D. Erlenbach at No. 26 Park drive, Brookline, was the scene of a double wedding when Dr. James Hill Erlenbach, a son, and Miss Eva Augusta Miller and John Sylvester Van Syckel and Miss Kathryn Elbertine Erlenbach, daughter, were married by Rev. Dr. Albert E. Dunning of Brookline. Mr. Van Syckel is the son of Mr. and Mrs. John C. Van Syckel of Brookline, and Miss Miller is the niece of Doctors John and Robert Hill of Ashmont. Both couples left after the ceremony for extensive tours about New England.

FOUR FINED $100 EACH FOR CARRYING ARMS

Four men were fined $100 each for carrying weapons in the Charlestown court, Benjamin W. Patten, Carmelio Pepellina and Thomas Verrigeo were charged with carrying revolvers, and Angelo Suero with carrying a dirk. The men were arrested in Thompson square. They were given until November 15 to pay the fines.

The naval provost guard reported that twenty-seven men were apprehended by this guard yesterday. Of this number twenty-two were from the merchant marine and five from the navy. These were prisoners and two are charged with wearing the uniform illegally.

America's Work for Palestine Is Mapped Out

Chicago, Sept. 15.—America's part in the work of restoring Palestine, the Jewish homeland, was mapped out today at the second day of the twenty-second annual convention of the Zionist organization of America.

The convention now in session is looked upon by Jews as the consummation of years of preliminary work and anticipation looking to the establishment of a nation of their own.

The convention opened yesterday with more than 4,000 delegates from all parts of the country attending. Justice Louis D. Brandeis of the United States Supreme Court, was the principal speaker at Sunday's session.

Judge Julian Mack, Felix Frankfurter and Rabbi Stephen Wise will report tonight on political conditions in Palestine and the political situation throughout Europe.

MANY FORMER OFFICERS IN 1ST MOTOR CORPS

Veterans Abandon Their Business to Become "Buck Privates"

Many of the men doing volunteer police duty were officers in the army during the war, and probably no unit has more former holders of commissions in its ranks as "buck privates" than the First Motor Corps. A survey of the corps headquarters there, were: John Whitten, vice-president of the Policemen's Union; Arthur J. Creighton, Arthur V. Bostwick, Fred C. Lee, Angus D. Dakin, William J. Mulvey, Augustus J. Miner and James H. McKernan.

Rev. Charles J. Ring was celebrant of the mass, assisted by Rev. D. F. Sullivan, deacon, and Rev. J. J. Phelan, sub-deacon. Before removal of the body to the church a short prayer service was held at the Reemis home, No. 14 Akron street, Roxbury.

ENLISTS SELF AND CAR.

Six of the motor corps' enlisted personnel were on their vacations in Maine when they heard of the policemen's strike. They returned and offered their services. One business man was enjoying an outing in the woods of Northern Maine. He did not wait for trains, but drove his car the 300 miles and enlisted both himself and his automobile.

The broker was so anxious when the call was issued for volunteers that he left his business to enlist and forgot to telephone his wife. He was at once assigned to traffic duty. For two days the wife did not know his whereabouts until she saw him directing traffic at a corner she had started to attend. It is reported that traffic was held up at this corner for a few minutes while the volunteer made explanations.

DECIDED BY STRAWS.

The two partners of a business firm were anxious to serve during the crisis, but it was decided that both of them could not leave. Straws were drawn to determine which should go. The one selected took his chauffeur and car with him to the motor corps, and in the meantime the partner left in charge of the business was completing a recruiting campaign among their employes. The firm is paying full salaries to all of its men who serve in the emergency.

Members of the motor corps remain at the armory the full twenty-four hours a day, ready to answer any call. To prevent men from lagging with the men, an entertainment program is being arranged by Lieutenant Caldwell, who also is in charge of the mess. Vaudeville has been promised from the Keith circuit and also pictures and lectures of military affairs will be given during the week. Dancing is reported that scheduled for next Saturday night.

CARRY RIOT GUNS.

Numerous inquiries are being received at the armory for missing boys. Parents in other cities believe that their sons may come to Boston to enlist for emergency duty. Calls of this nature came from Bangor, Springfield, Worcester and Portland, Me.

The corps now has four trucks, four service automobiles, 30 sidecars and three machine guns. In addition the corps has the use of many private automobiles and army cars. Riot guns are carried on every car.

A large number of dentists are enrolled in the corps. They were compelled to cancel all engagements, many of which they said had been booked months ahead. Many mothers wished to have the children's teeth in condition before the opening of the schools.

The pay of the private in the motors corps will amount to about $1.70 a day. The corps has the use of a band, which was granted. When he returned, he explained that he had paid the 150 men employed by him, whose pay comes due on Saturday.

The corps is commanded by Lieutenant-Colonel Walter W. Deerow and Major Charles C. Foster is the surgeon. Members of the staff are Major John A. Blanchard, Major Edward H. Hoyt, Captain William B. Stearns, adjutant, Captain Robert N. Green, assistant surgeon, First Lieutenants Charles E. Loud, Charles H. Cross, Harry A. Gardner, R. Parker G. Bremer, Benjamin S. Luther and Edward Dana and Lieutenants Frederick C. Lyman and Arthur C. Briggs, battalion adjutants.

BURGLARS ENTER ARLINGTON HOME

The Arlington police are investigating a burglary in the residence of Herbert R. Peirce at No. 14 Ashland street, Arlington Heights, during the absence of the family on vacation. The back door was found open and there were marks of a jimmy. Until an inventory of the household articles is taken it will be impossible to determine just how much has been stolen.

FRENCH'S FUNERAL AT HOME OF HIS SON

The funeral of James French, a retired Boston business man, took place this afternoon at the home of his son, James McD. French, at No. 11 Highland avenue, Arlington, with Rev. Charles Taber Hall, rector of St. John's Episcopal Church of Arlington, officiating. Interment was in Woodlawn Cemetery, Everett.

Police Union Sends Honor Guard to the Reemts Funeral

One hundred members of the Policemen's Union formed a guard of honor today for the funeral of Richard Reemts, one of their number who was shot during the rioting in the South End last Wednesday night and died the following day. The former patrolmen marched in procession before the casket as it was borne into St. Joseph's Church, Roxbury, for the solemn high requiem mass at 9 a. m. After the service they stood in double ranks on Circuit street, outside the church, while the hearse passed on its way to New Calvary Cemetery.

Reemts was attached to the Roxbury Crossing station. The pallbearers, his former associates there, were: John Whitten, vice-president of the Policemen's Union; Arthur J. Creighton, Arthur V. Bostwick, Fred C. Lee, Angus D. Dakin, William J. Mulvey, Augustus J. Miner and James H. McKernan.

Rev. Charles J. Ring was celebrant of the mass, assisted by Rev. D. F. Sullivan, deacon, and Rev. J. J. Phelan, sub-deacon. Before removal of the body to the church a short prayer service was held at the Reemts home, No. 14 Akron street, Roxbury.

BILL IN EQUITY AGAINST B. & M. PLAN FAILS

Supreme Court Upholds Order Under Reorganization Act of 1915

The full Supreme Court today dismissed the bill in equity brought by Edward P. Brown and another, owners respectively of fifty-five and fifty-two shares of the Boston & Maine Railroad, asking the court to "review, annul, ratify or amend an order" of the Public Service Commission approving a plan to reorganize the Boston & Maine Railroad in accordance with the provisions of the legislature act of 1915.

The special act of 1915 gave the Boston & Maine Railroad right to acquire ownership of all leased lines, and to issue and secure by the pledge amount of $13,306,000 to refund its floating debt.

Chief Justice Rugg, who wrote the opinion, says there is not merit in any of the petitioners' contentions. The petitioners having waived a proposed attack on the validity of the debt of $13,306,000.

"Nothing remains to the petitioners," says the Chief Justice, "worthy to be distinguished from a political question concerning deprivation of property without due process of law or denial of equal protection of the laws.

"It needs no discussion to prove the power of the legislature to authorize a public service corporation in such financial straits as the Boston & Maine Railroad, acting through a majority of its stockholders, to refund its valid indebtedness in the manner authorized."

EXPERT WIRE MEN ARE NEEDED FOR SIBERIA

Major F. B. Shaw, chief of the Boston recruiting party, today received a telegram from the War Department authorizing him to enlist men for service in the Signal Corps for training as telephone and telegraph operators and radio men. Men of this type are needed to work with the army now in the European A. E. F. and in Siberia.

BRITISH LABOR SITUATION IS MORE CALM

Hotheads Failed to Overawe Government, Asserts Sir Robert Herne

By International News Service.

London Sept. 15.—"After a perilous journey, British labor is passing into quieter waters, having been steered away from the dangerous shoals."

This declaration was made today by Sir Robert Herne, Minister of Labor and Premier Lloyd George's right-hand man, in adjusting the labor situation on a peace basis.

"If British labor had lost its head during the critical periods of the past seven months, causing an upheaval in England, the result would have been felt throughout the whole of Europe, where certain countries probably would have collapsed," said Sir Robert.

OUTLOOK LOSES MENACE.

"But the steadiness of the average British worker and his inherent sanity tided England over the most critical periods. There is a calmer tone in the whole labor situation now and the outlook is far from menacing."

Sir Robert made it clear that the government had not been overawed by the labor hotheads at any time. On the contrary, when labor was believed to be misled and seemed on the point of getting out of hand and unauthorized strikes were springing up, the government prepared to fight the extremists to a finish.

Friends of Sir Robert declare that much credit is due to his efforts that labor is settling down, that confidence is being restored and that certain labor leaders have begun to admit that they were unwise in listening to the extremists of the I. W. W. type.

SEES BRIGHT FUTURE.

Sir Robert foresees a bright outlook for British labor and far in advance of the rest of the world.

"There is every indication," he said, "that British labor will make great strides forward in individual development along sane lines, avoiding the shoals of communism as well as the extreme pitfalls.

"I am glad to hear that President Wilson has summoned a national conference of workers and employers. Vast good is bound to result if each will listen to the other and try to comprehend the other's viewpoint as the two did here. The British labor conference was of this kind and it has served us well."

"Such a meeting for analysing industrial conditions provided Parliament with exhaustive information, of which I made use in the forty-eight-hour week and minimum wage bills.

"The war has broadened the workman's outlook. His status has been advanced in five years to a point that took seventy years to have been attained in fifty years if conditions had been different.

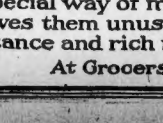
In considering British labor troubles it probably isn't sufficiently realized that England was more industrially prepared for the war time than ever before. We were far more organized than any other country in Europe.

"CARRIED ALLIED LOAD."

"While making great efforts on the field of battle, we also carried practically the whole allied load in providing munitions and war equipmens. Why, we even provided the American army with munitions, guns and clothing. Hence, when the change to peace came our difficulties were proportionately greater than all the rest of Europe. It is no small task to absorb more than three million men in industry and at the same time prevent the relaxation from war strain. But we have done it. Only 300,000 to 400,000 men are jobless."

Sir Robert emphasizes that the extremist element in labor constituted "a very small minority," as shown by the election results.

POST TOASTIES



are about the best thing made from corn that you ever did taste—says Bobby

POST TOASTIES are *not* ordinary corn flakes. A special way of making gives them unusual substance and rich flavor.

At Grocers.

WIVES AND FAMILIES OF POLICEMEN ARE HARD HIT BY THE STRIKE

said.

ONE WOMAN PUTS FULL BLAME ON THE COMMISSIONER

How does the strike of Boston policemen affect the wives and families who wait the issue at home?

While the battles of wages and labor conditions and union affiliations are being fought outside, how does it go at home with mothers who must make a policeman's pay support three, four, eight or nine persons?

Is there suffering, already, caused by the strike?

If so, do policemen's wives stand by their husbands in striking? Or, if the husbands have not struck, what is the attitude of their womenfolk to that?

These were some of the things discussed by three policemen's wives, with an American reporter, who talked with them today.

"My husband struck, not for himself, but for others," said Mrs. William Henry Burgess of Mill street, Dorchester. "He believed it was his duty. So did I. If the laboring man doesn't stick by his brother, what honor has he? In union is strength—the meat packers and the railroad magnates showed us that years ago. If they can stick together, then so must we.

"Before ever the strike was called my husband talked it over with me. 'We can manage without what the policemen are asking for and what they ought to get,' said he to me. 'I have my trade of plumber, to which I can go back at any time. But there are few policemen placed comfortably. There are families of policemen who are actually scrimping on food, because their pay will not buy the right kind. It is these men who must have what the strike is called for. What shall I do—strike or not?'

"'Strike,' I told my husband. 'We've got to stand by our brothers. It is your duty.'

TROUSERS $15 A PAIR.

"Which it was and is," Mrs. Burgess continued. "No man ever went about any work of highest devotion, with more of a sense of his duty to his brothers, than my husband joined the striking policemen. If he hadn't, we could not have looked ourselves in the face.

"For a policeman's wife knows, pretty well, the pinch at home. It is the women who stretch the dollars most in—if who know the need of more money. I am speaking for other women, with families. Thirty-five or forty dollars a week is little enough, when butter is 70 cents and a policeman's trousers cost $15 a pair.

"The phase of this strike, however, which is most disheartening to the women who wait at home, is that now Commissioner Curtis promises wage increases. He now promises all manner of good conditions. This, then, is what we women who bear the brunt at home keep asking each other: 'Why didn't the commissioner do it before?' Why didn't he give the men decent treatment before he drove them to strike?

"**There is just one man responsible for what has happened, strike, loss of property and worry that is already come to striking policemen's homes. That man is the commissioner who did nothing until the men were on strike, hopeless and discouraged.**"

Mrs. Burgess was almost overcome, as she described the want that is beginning to come to many policemen's families. "Take families where there are eight children," she said. "That is not an unusual number. There are many families of this size where, I venture, there was no breakfast this morning. Credit at the stores is refused such men. Only yesterday I heard of a policeman who was hoarding his motherless baby. They raised the board to five dollars. He tried to get another one.

"'No,' said the woman, 'we cannot take the child of a striking policeman.' This because she was afraid she wouldn't get her money.

A FINE LOT OF MEN.

"I am married to a policeman, and I know many others, for what they are, a fine lot of men. Nobody can ever persuade me that there would ever have been a strike if the commissioner had done justice for the men before the strike, what he has promised to do since. It was just a case of action in time. Curtis would have a little putting yourself in the other man's place would have done away with the whole misfortune.

"We talked the strike over, my husband and I, before it was called," said Mrs. W. A. Donahue, wife of Patrolman Donahue, who did not go on strike. "We agreed that it was my husband's solemn duty to abide by the oath he took when he became a policeman. We could get along with money; perhaps we will get more; however this may be, before money comes our honor, protection to the public we promised to protect, protection to our families, who would suffer if we gave up our work. These are the reasons my husband did not strike.

"It is hard for our children to hear other people, relatives of policemen, call them 'scabs.' But, I repeat, we made up our minds that we must do, in this matter, what was our duty.

MUST STICK TOGETHER.

"If we are frowned upon for doing it, we must stand that. And we are very sorry for the men who seem to have lost, not only their positions, but their sense of reason as well."

Mrs. Andrew J. Cuneo shared opinion with Mrs. Donahue. "A policeman must stick by his family above anything else," said she. "We have eight children. We consume eight pounds of butter a week and six or seven dozen eggs, besides all the other things one must buy for a large family. It is easy to see that the pay of a man making only $30 a week cannot stop very long before there is genuine hardship in some.

"We wish to educate our little daughter; we wish to look out for all our children decently. Therefore my husband remained by his job. But I am very sorry for the other poor fellows who are out on strike. I hope that some arrangement may be made to take them back.

"A policeman's life is hard; his pay is none too large, and nobody knows about this so well as his wife."

Present Wage Scale for Policemen of Boston

Here is the present pay of Boston policemen, of the six grades:

Patrolman, first year.. $1,100
Patrolman, second year 1,200
Patrolman, third year. 1,300
Patrolman, fourth year 1,400
Patrolman; fifth year.. 1,500
Patrolman, sixth year. 1,600

STRIKE OF STEEL WORKERS NOT POSTPONED

Report "Entirely Inaccurate" Is All Samuel Gompers Will Say About It

By International News Service.

Washington, Sept. 15.—The report that the steel workers of the country had decided to postpone their general strike, called for September 22, until after President Wilson's conference of capital, labor and agriculture represented, next month, today was characterized by Samuel Gompers, president of the American Federation of Labor, as "entirely inaccurate."

The federation head refused to comment at length on the report. "I know nothing about it," he said. "The fact that the assertion was attributed vaguely to a 'member of my party' is in itself sufficient to stamp it as inaccurate."

Meanwhile, it was learned that arrangements are going ahead for the meeting of the national committee at Pittsburgh next Wednesday, when plans for the strike will be made. It was pointed out that any decision to hold up the strike would be reached at that time. The next meeting before is President Wilson's recent telegram to Gompers, asking that action be deferred until after the conference.

Whether Gompers will attend the Pittsburgh meeting he declined to say, but it was reported in Federation circles that he probably will counsel the steel leaders, either personally or by wire, to hold up their plans until after the "round table" meeting at the White House. However, he refused to discuss this phase of the situation.

Pittsburgh, Sept. 15.—Denial of the report that the nation-wide strike of steel workers set for September 22 had been called off was made here today by William Z. Foster, secretary of the organizing committee of the American Federation of Labor. "There is absolutely no truth in the report. No word has been received from President Gompers," said Foster. The national committee which has the strike in charge will meet here Wednesday and perfect its plans for the calling out of the men.

SWISS MISSION COMING FOR STUDY OF BOSTON

Boston is to be visited next month by the Swiss Mission for Economic Studies in North America. It is made up of about 10 of the most prominent scientists, business men and professional men of Switzerland. They will make a tour of the United States and Canada for the purpose of studying the business and commercial conditions of the countries and will endeavor to advance the relations between America and their own country.

The Boston Chamber of Commerce will act as host during the stay of the visitors in this city.

DECLARES "TEMPERATURE OF HELL" IS LOWERED

Columbus, O., Sept. 15.—Declaring that "hell's temperature is lowered" because there is nowadays a tendency on the part of "milk and water Christians" to soften "the punishment preached by the fathers," Dr. Walter E. Burnett, pastor of Broad Street Methodist Church, pictured six-day Christians as "men who give liberally to six different charities and play golf on Sunday."

GREAT OIL TANK FIRE STILL BURNING

Dense clouds of smoke rolling out of huge oil tank during the fire which started Saturday at the Sone & Fleming oil works, Greenpoint, Brooklyn. With all of the realism of a minature volcanic eruption, this sight attracted thousands of homeward-bound citizens crossing the East River bridge.

WOMAN, SIXTY, IS BRUTALLY BEATEN

Davis Brothers, Veterans, Held in Heavy Bail by Quincy Court

Robert E. and Jesse G. Davis of Weymouth, brothers and ex-service men, were arraigned in the Quincy District Court today in connection with the brutal beating of Mrs. Peter Jensen, sixty, in South Weymouth. The men who are twenty-one and twenty-seven respectively, pleaded not guilty to charges of breaking and entering, assault and robbery, and were held in $2,000 until next Saturday.

Mrs. Jensen, who lives in a lonely section known as Weymouth Acres, off Forest street, was in court, her face covered with bruises, both eyes blackened and her head bandaged. The police say the assault was the most brutal ever recorded in the Quincy district.

Mrs. Jensen, a woman of remarkable physical power, put up a terrible struggle against two men she surprised robbing her house, of which she was the sole occupant at the time. Awakened by the noise of the intruders, the woman made her way to the kitchen, where the two men grappled with her.

In the struggle which ensued she lost three teeth, both her eyes were blackened and she received an ugly cut on the head, a footprint on the left thigh and innumerable bruises about the face and body. Broken furniture scattered all over the floor, glass and preserved fruit strewn about and a broken alarm clock covered with splotches of blood and hair testified to the desperate character of the battle the woman fought before the thieves finally beat her into insensibility and made off with $43 in cash.

So stubborn was the woman's resistance that one of the burglars left his coat in her hands. As a result of the finding of a pool tax bill in one of the pockets the Davis brothers were arrested. They were identified by the victim.

After the departure of the burglars Mrs. Jensen partly recovered consciousness and dragged herself into the yard, where she lay for many hours calling feebly for help. Finally a neighbor happening to pass by heard her cries and summoned the police. The arrest of the Davis brothers, one in North Abington and the other at their home on Pond street, South Weymouth, was the result. They denied all knowledge of the crime.

Mrs. Jensen is the wife of a night watchman at the Fore River yards.

New York, Sept. 15.—The fire which started Saturday afternoon and swept across the twenty-acre plant of the Standard Oil Company in Greenpoint, L. I., causing loss estimated at from $2,000,000 to $5,000,000, was still burning today. It had been under control since yesterday morning, however. Fire department officials said the blaze probably would last for two or three days.

BISHOP DENIES MUZZLING THE CHURCH PRESS

Bishop William Lawrence of the Episcopal diocese of Massachusetts denied today charges made by Rev. F. C. Hartshorne of Phoenixville, Pa., that the bishop had caused to be muzzled the church press through the United States, so that alleged irregularities in the administration of the Church Pension Fund could not be made known to the laity, who gave liberally to that fund.

For some time there has been criticism against the fund on the part of bishops of the church.

Bishop Mott Williams of Marquette, Mich., claims that he would have not given to the fund had he known it was merely an insurance fund.

Bishop P. M. Rhinelander of Pennsylvania, allowed to be published in the Church News, his diocesan paper, an attack upon Bishop Lawrence. Rector Hartshorne, in an article, says:

"Perhaps the absence of more opposition to this fund is due to the fact that the astute Bishop Lawrence does not tell us, but which we learn from the leading church papers of the country, namely, that Bishop Lawrence has compelled them to promise not to publish any attacks upon the Church Pension Fund. We do not know what pressure can be used, but that he has successfully muzzled the church press cannot be disputed."

As this has appeared in a diocesan paper, it has caused no end of comment.

Fred C. Moorehouse, editor of the Living Church, Milwaukee, Wis., says that his paper has never been muzzled by Bishop Lawrence or any other bishop, and challenges Rev. Hartshorne to cite his authority, prove his statements in the Church News or apologize.

He denies that Bishop Lawrence ever asked him to keep still on the Church Pension Fund. "To some extent the criticism of the administration of the fund is justified and we have criticised it," claims this editor.

OREGON GREETS PRESIDENT ON TOUR

Wilson Has an Easy Day, in Preparation for Long Night Journey

By JOHN EDWIN NEVIN,
International News Service Staff Correspondent.

Portland, Ore., Sept. 15.—Oregon welcomed President Wilson today. With more than one-half of "his swing around the circle" completed, the President arrived in Portland today in a well-contented frame of mind. He is absolutely convinced that the people of the United States demand the ratification of the treaty without amendment or reservation that would require re-submission. It is no secret that President Wilson expects public pressure to cause opposition to the treaty to collapse in the near future.

The special train bearing the President and his party was sidetracked for several hours this morning near the little hamlet of Ridgefield, Wash. The intention was that the President should have opportunity for uninterrupted sleep as Portland was not to be reached until 9 o'clock. However the plans went wrong, for the people of this section are very early risers. Consequently at 6 o'clock the siren on that station and the north whistles of the logging camps let loose, awakening every one on the train. Even the President was roused from his slumber.

The program today had been arranged for a minimum of effort on the part of the President. From the station, where the President and Mrs. Wilson were greeted by the reception committee and after a parade of the principal streets in automobiles, they were taken to the Columbia Highway and driven the entire length of this beautiful boulevard.

At 1 o'clock the President and Mrs. Wilson were guests of honor at a luncheon given by C. S. Jackson. After that the entire day was left free until the night meeting at the Auditorium. The President will leave Portland at 11 o'clock tonight en route for Oakland and San Francisco.

It is expected that in his addresses in San Francisco the President may see fit to directly reply to some of the statements that his senatorial opponents, who are "following his trail" have been making.

SENATE OPENS LONG BATTLE ON TREATY

McCumber at Once Shows That "Mild Reservationists" Are Not in Line

By International News Service.

Washington, Sept. 15.—With Senators favoring reservations to the Treaty of Versailles still divided as to the form those reservations should take, the Senate this afternoon took up the task of disposing of the bulky, complex document.

From six to eight weeks, at least, are expected to elapse before final action is taken. In calling up the treaty, Senator Lodge announced that he proposed to keep it continuously before the Senate until it was either satisfied or rejected.

Evidence that Senator Lodge had thus far failed to effect an agreement with the "mild reservationists" who are opposed to the reservations adopted by a majority of the Senate Foreign Relations Committee as "too drastic," was supplied at the outset of today's session by Senator McCumber, North Dakota, a Republican member of the committee, who is a champion of the League of Nations.

McCUMBER'S CRITICISM.

In a minority report McCumber not only criticized the majority reservations and offered less stringent ones of his own as a substitute, but referred to Senator Lodge's majority report as one in which "irony and sarcasm have been substituted for argument."

"It has always been understood that the purpose of report from any senate committee was to briefly explain the object of a bill or treaty reported and the reasons for any amendment thereto," said McCumber's report. "And this has been the general rule adopted by all committees in reporting any matter to the Senate. The majority of the committee on foreign relations has departed from this rule in reporting this treaty. Not one word is said, not a single paragraph, concerning either the great purpose of the League of Nations or the methods by which those purposes are to be accomplished.

PLEADS FOR TREATY ITSELF.

"Positions taken by the press or individuals outside the Senate seem to command more attention than the treaty itself. It is regrettable that the animosity which centres almost wholly against the League of Nations provision should have been engendered against a subject so important to the world's welfare. It is regrettable that the consideration of a matter so foreign to any kind of politics should be influenced in the country as well as on the floor of this Senate by hostilities or animosities unrelated to the President of the United States.

"No matter how just may be any antagonism against President Wilson, the aspirations and hopes of a wounded and bleeding world ought not to be overshadowed under any constitution the treaty must first be formulated by him."

"MASTER BURGLAR" GETS 7-YEAR TERM

Harry Berwin, forty, known to the police as the "master burglar," pleaded guilty in Superior Court at East Cambridge today to seven burglaries in Middlesex County within the last few months. He was sentenced to from seven to nine years in prison.

Berwin was described to Judge O'Connell by District Attorney Tuttle as "a man of many aliases and a long record, a consistent enemy of society." It was stated that only a year ago he was released from a Pennsylvania prison, after serving eight years for burglary.

The "master criminal" appeared in court wearing a suit of clothes which he admitted having stolen from J. H. Benton of Belmont, an assistant in the Somerville Police Office.

Police officers from Watertown, Belmont, Newton, Cambridge and Medford were present at today against the defendant. He made a short speech in which he confessed to the police, but refused to tell the name of a sweetheart who was his accomplice.

He had admitted that this girl accompanied him on all his expeditions, standing watch while he was at work inside.

BOY DROWNS WHEN CANOE OVERTURNS

Albert Arsenault, fifteen, of No. 92 Carnes street, East Lynn, was drowned when his canoe upset in Flax pond, Lynn, yesterday afternoon. Help within thirty minutes after he went down and sent it to the City Hospital, but life was pronounced dead. Arsenault was the son of Mr. and Mrs. William Arsenault, and besides his parents is survived by two brothers and four sisters. He was employed as a shoe worker.

Clinton "Hot Under Collar"; Laundry, Prices Go Up

Clinton, Sept. 15.—Clinton's Chinese laundrymen, operating four laundries here, are the latest to join the ranks of those forever raising the prices.

Today they posted notices in all four laundries setting forth an agreement to make changes to advance the price for laundering plain shirts from 12 to 14 cents each; the price for single collars from 3 to 5 cents, and collars in initialities from 2½ to 3 cents each.

Fancy laundry prices were increased in proportion. The town is hard hit, for 90 per cent. of the shirts and collars worn by Clinton's 7,000 men find their way to these four laundries.

British Take Steps To Protect Young Girls on Stage

By International News Service.

London, Sept. 15.—A movement for the protection of young girls in travelling theatrical companies is on foot here.

Representations will shortly be made to the Home office with a view to checking the migration of English dancing and singing companies to the continent, it was learned today. A majority of the girls receive but $12 or $16 per week and in the past few weeks some of these, more children even years, have failed to return.

If no legal means can be found the reformers plan to warn the girls personally and individually of the dangers of trying to travel and live on the continent while earning a meagre sum.

Agitation against "Travelling harems" as some of the concert hall companies have been termed, is increasing. The indications are that the big managers will join forces in granting a "living wage."

SIX INJURED IN SUDBURY AUTO WRECK

Members of Worcester Wedding Party All Hurt; 3 May Die

Marlboro, Sept. 15.—Six Worcester residents were hurt, three perhaps fatally, early today in an automobile accident at South Sudbury, when a car driven by Eli Dermain, twenty-five, of No. 18½ Trumbull street, Worcester, crashed into a telegraph pole. All are reported as doing well although injured, are at the Marlboro Hospital. They are:

Benjamin Bolgelson, fifty, of No. 42 Providence street, Worcester, both legs and left arm broken and other injuries over his entire body.

Lillian, his daughter, fourteen, broken nose and possible fractured skull, and body bruises.

Rose, another daughter, sixteen, cuts on forehead and back of head and nose, necessitating six stitches.

Samuel Shair, twenty-five, Harrison street, Worcester, cut forehead and nose, necessitating six stitches.

The party was returning home from a wedding in Chelsea. According to the hospital authorities, the car struck a stone and threw the machine out of control. Sergeant P. F. Crotty and Officer H. T. Mitchell of the Marlboro police went to the scene of the accident, taking with them Dr. Frank E. Hall, Dr. T. H. Reilly and J. J. Kelley. The police ambulance and a hospital ambulance took the injured persons to the hospital.

3 Cut and Bruised in Somerville Wreck, Treated at Hospital

The loosening of a steering gear was responsible for an auto accident at Somerville that sent three people to the hospital and nearly had a fatal ending. Salvatore Maffi or Lexington street, East Boston, riding in a big car with Rose and Joseph Pastori, also of East Boston, crashed into a telegraph pole at the junction of Walnut street and Hillside park. All three were taken with severe bruises and cuts by flying glass, and were treated at the Somerville Hospital, but later went to their homes.

12 SOUTH BOSTON MEN HELD AS LOITERERS

Twelve young men of South Boston appeared in the South Boston district court, charged with loitering. The men were arrested by Captain Rooney of the Shawmut. They gave their names as William Burke, Harry Bishop, Cornelius E. Walsh, Evans R. Ashton, Frank W. Connors, Edward F. Pew, Thomas F. Ford, Charles Corcoran, William C. McCarthy, John Clark, James R. Barry and William J. Curry.

DESTROYER SQUADRON SCATTERS TO RECRUIT

Newport, R. I., Sept. 15.—The destroyer Bailey has departed for Newport News, the destroyers Sigsbee to New Haven, Robinson to Providence, Craven to Fall River, McKee to New Bedford, Breckinridge to Portland and Conner to New River, Stevens to Stamford and Ringgold to South Norwalk for recruiting purposes.

According to present plans the flagship Mayflower of the destroyer squadron of the Atlantic fleet, will sail for New York early this week for an overhauling.

BIGAMY CHARGED IN QUINCY COURT

Pasqual Antonio De Prisco of Quincy appeared in Quincy District Court today charged with bigamy. His case was continued until Saturday. The police charge that De Prisco had a wife in Italy and married another woman in Hartford some years ago.

FINED $50 ON CHARGE OF CITY BRICK THEFT

Thomas Cannon of Shirley street, Roxbury, was arraigned in the South Boston Court before Judge Logan, charged with larceny of two loads of bricks, the property of the city of Boston. Cannon was found guilty and appealed a fine of $50 imposed by Judge Logan.

GOLF WIDOW IN "ONESOME" ON LIFE LINKS

Advises Wives of Players to Take Up Game Themselves

GOLF WIDOW—A woman legally separated from her husband because of his devotion to a Scottish game played with a small ball and a bat, or club, crooked at the lower end.

That definition does not appear in Webster's yet. But the chances are it will soon. It has just been created by the action of a Reno judge in granting a divorce to Mrs. Grace Tuthill Bishop, wife of Burton T. Bishop, wealthy junior partner in a Brooklyn, N. Y., firm of automobile accessories, Bishop, McCormick & Bishop.

The term "golf widow" has been used before, colloquially, for wives whose husbands spent too much time on the links. Mrs. Bishop explained how the phrase gots its new legal standing. She said:

"No mention was made in the court papers or proceedings of Mr. Bishop's devotion to golf. But that is a fact, nevertheless. He belongs to several clubs, such as the Crescent and the Wheatley Hill, and spends much time on the links.

JUDGE WAS SYMPATHETIC.

"These facts I told to my lawyer in Reno and I suspect he whispered them to the judge. The first thing I knew the Reno papers appeared with long articles about the new-found golf widow. That must be the way it happened, for the judge was so sympathetic. You know after he granted me my divorce he sent me the loveliest bunch of flowers.

She was asked:

"Assuming you are a 'golf widow' what advice would you offer to girls threatened with golf widowhood?"

Her dark brown eyes radiated merchandise as she replied:

"Why, I would tell them to take up golf themselves. It must be a great game to fascinate men so. All day long and far into the night, it seems, they pursue the elusive golf ball over the green and—"

Lillian, his daughter, fourteen, broken nose and possible fractured skull, and body bruises.

Rose, another daughter, sixteen, cuts on forehead and back of head and nose, necessitating six stitches.

Samuel Shair, twenty-five, Harrison street, Worcester, cut forehead and nose, necessitating six stitches.

The party was returning home from a wedding in Chelsea. According to the hospital authorities, the car struck a stone and threw the machine out of control. Sergeant P. F. Crotty and Officer H. T. Mitchell of the Marlboro police went to the scene of the accident, taking with them Dr. Frank E. Hall, Dr. T. H. Reilly and J. J. Kelley. The police ambulance and a hospital ambulance took the injured persons to the hospital.

3 Cut and Bruised in Somerville Wreck, Treated at Hospital

The loosening of a steering gear was responsible for an auto accident at Somerville that sent three people to the hospital and nearly had a fatal ending. Salvatore Maffi or Lexington street, East Boston, riding in a big car with Rose and Joseph Pastori, also of East Boston, crashed into a telegraph pole at the junction of Walnut street and Hillside park. All three were taken with severe bruises and cuts by flying glass, and were treated at the Somerville Hospital, but later went to their homes.

12 SOUTH BOSTON MEN HELD AS LOITERERS

Twelve young men of South Boston appeared in the South Boston district court, charged with loitering. The men were arrested by Captain Rooney of the Shawmut. They gave their names as William Burke, Harry Bishop, Cornelius E. Walsh, Evans R. Ashton, Frank W. Connors, Edward F. Pew, Thomas F. Ford, Charles Corcoran, William C. McCarthy, John Clark, James R. Barry and William J. Curry.

DESTROYER SQUADRON SCATTERS TO RECRUIT

Newport, R. I., Sept. 15.—The destroyer Bailey has departed for Newport News, the destroyers Sigsbee to New Haven, Robinson to Providence, Craven to Fall River, McKee to New Bedford, Breckinridge to Portland and Conner to New River, Stevens to Stamford and Ringgold to South Norwalk for recruiting purposes.

According to present plans the flagship Mayflower of the destroyer squadron of the Atlantic fleet, will sail for New York early this week for an overhauling.

BIGAMY CHARGED IN QUINCY COURT

Pasqual Antonio De Prisco of Quincy appeared in Quincy District Court today charged with bigamy. His case was continued until Saturday. The police charge that De Prisco had a wife in Italy and married another woman in Hartford some years ago.

FINED $50 ON CHARGE OF CITY BRICK THEFT

Thomas Cannon of Shirley street, Roxbury, was arraigned in the South Boston Court before Judge Logan, charged with larceny of two loads of bricks, the property of the city of Boston. Cannon was found guilty and appealed a fine of $50 imposed by Judge Logan.

HURT WHILE RUNNING AWAY FROM POLICE

Lexington, Sept. 15.—Arneda Tremblay of North Cambridge is in the Symmes Arlington Hospital with a compound fracture of the right leg, sustained while attempting to run away from the Arlington police, who had raided a crap game in which it is alleged he was participating. He started across Massachusetts avenue, in East Arlington, and dashed into the sidecar of a rapidly traveling motorcycle.

Chorus Girl to Wed Broker After Two Weeks' Wooing

Frances Ney, one of the most beautiful members of the "Hitchy-Koo" chorus, gave an engagement dinner to a number of her sisters of the show. The announcement that there was to be announce her engagement to Lawrence H. Stockwell of Cleveland O. There was great interest in the entire affair as it was an open secret in the company that Miss Ney was to be quietly wooed by her fiance, even though they had met only a fortnight ago. Their meeting was at a dansant in one of the leading hotels, where they were introduced by a mutual friend. Miss Ney declares that it was a real case of love at first sight.

Mr. Stockwell is a stock broker in Cleveland and is a graduate of Oberlin College. The date of the ceremony has not been set, but it will probably be about the middle of October.

DE VALERA CITES HANCOCK'S APPEAL FOR ERIN'S AID IN REVOLUTION

Continued From First Page.

our conduct with accuracy, and determine the merits of the controversy with impartiality and precision."

I have the document at hand, and as I glance through it to refresh my memory I cannot help wishing that every man and woman in America had also a copy of this appeal made by the fathers of their country when they, suffering from unbearable attacks on their liberty, and determined to end them, sought the good will of the virtuous and humane in Ireland, as we today seek the good will of the virtuous and humane in America.

I know no better introduction to what I propose to write than to give it in full. As I may need to refer to it in the further articles I would ask those who intend to read these articles not only to study it carefully now, but to keep it for reference later.

It is interesting on its own account as a complementary document to the Declaration of Independence—setting forth America's grievances at the time to a people who could well understand them, because they were themselves suffering from like wrongs—similar causes of arbitrary power.

I wonder whether Americans today can still understand, by which I mean realize, what were the sufferings and what was the spirit that drove their ancestors to cut themselves off from England's dominion. The Irishman can realize them, the Boer can, the Egyptian can, for they endure even today—even as I write and you read—that your forefathers won themselves free from.

FELLOW FEELING ABSENT.

Today, with scarcely the change of a word, except those which imply legitimate right on the part of the British crown to rule us (the Irish nation is not an English colony, and owes now, and has never owed any loyalty to England's King), I might put my signature to that document instead of Hancock's, and present it to the American people on behalf of Dail Eireann, the National Congress in Ireland, now sitting.

To Irishmen it would appear a perfectly natural presentation of their present position, but Americans, accustomed now to enjoy the liberty of their own laws, cannot, I fear, understand as our forefathers understood, as their forefathers would understand, as we understand. The fellow feeling begot of actual experience of the wrongs complained of is necessarily absent.

ENGLAND'S BRUTALITY.

To make Americans feel what I feel when I read this document, I would need to write a commentary upon it. The yearning to be understood by those whose good opinion one values—what is there to compare with it for those who have experienced the bitterness of being misunderstood by their ostensibly misrepresented. The fierce indignation Hancock and his comrades felt against the power of which whilst trying by brute force to crush them into slavery, added insult to injury by force their chafing at the advantage England's hypocritical mask—the reputation as a champion of liberty—gave her then as it gives her now—Irishmen have but to glance through the document to appreciate. All this must, however, be lost to the average American reader of today.

The selfishness of England, the callous brutality of England, her prostitution of law and the artful devices by which she hides her iniquity from the world, every Irishman sees there in this document. Does every American? Read, and realize that those wrongs which burned into the souls of your ancestors, have been abiding ever present wrongs of every generation of Irishmen since this document was penned and are but a tithe of the wrongs Irishmen suffer in Ireland today.

Enemies call our recital of these wrongs a "Irish whine"—your enemies called Hancock's documents, too, a "whine"—a Yankee whine no doubt if the term was then in use, and when you Americans read this document and the lines: "Insult was added to oppression and long forebearance rewarded with the imputation of cowardice, think not merely of Hancock, Washington and his band, but also of Irishmen.

HISTORICAL DOCUMENT.

TO THE PEOPLE OF IRELAND.

From the Delegates appointed by the United Colonies of New Hampshire, Massachusetts Bay, Rhode Island and Providence Plantation, Connecticut, New York, New Jersey, Pennsylvania, The Lower Counties on Delaware, Maryland, North Carolina and South Carolina in General Congress at Philadelphia, the 10th day of May, 1775.

Friends and Fellow-Subjects:

1. As the important contest, into which we have been driven, is now become interesting to every European State, and particularly affects the members of the British Empire, we think it our duty to address you on the subject. We are desirous, as is natural to injured innocence, of possessing the good opinion of the virtuous and humane. We are particularly desirous of furnishing you with a true state of our motives and objects, the better to enable you to judge of our conduct with accuracy, and determine the merits of the controversy with impartiality and precision.

2. However incredible it may appear, that, at this enlightened period, the leaders of a nation, which in every age has sacrificed hecatombs of her bravest patriots on the altar of liberty, should presume gravely to assert, and, by force of arms, attempt to establish an arbitrary sway over the lives, liberties and property of their fellow subjects in America, it is, nevertheless, a most deplorable and indisputable truth.

ENGLISH GENIUS WITHDREW.

3. These colonies have, from the time of their first settlement, for near two centuries, peaceably enjoyed those very rights, of which the Ministry have, for ten years past, endeavored by fraud and by violence, to deprive them. At the conclusion of the last war, the genius of England and the spirit of wisdom, as if offended at the ungrateful treatment of their sons, withdrew from the British councils, and left that nation a prey to the arts of ministers with whom ancient English honesty and benevolence disdained to dwell. A new period, jealousy, discontent, oppression and discord have raged among all his majesty's subjects, and filled every part of his dominions with distress and complaint.

4. Not content with our purchasing of Great Britain, at her own prices, clothing and a thousand other articles used by nearly three millions of people in this vast continent; not satisfied with amassing profits arising from the monopoly of our trade, without giving us either time to breathe after a long, glorious war, or the least regard for the blood and treasure we have expended in it; notwithstanding the zeal we had manifested for the service of our Sovereign and the warmest attachment to the constitution of Britain and the people of England, a black and horrid design was formed; to convert us from freemen into slaves, from subjects into vassals, and from friends into enemies.

HEAVY TAXES IMPOSED.

5. Taxes, for the first time since we landed on the American shores, were, without our consent, imposed upon us; an unconstitutional edict to compel us to furnish necessaries for a standing army, that we wished to see disbanded, was issued; and the Legislature of New York suspended for refusing to comply with its. Our ancient and inestimable right of trial by jury was, in many instances, abolished; and the common law of the land made to give place to Admiralty jurisdictions. Judges were rendered, by the tenure of their jurisdictions, entirely dependent on the will of a minister. New crimes were arbitrarily created, and new courts, unknown to the constitution, instituted. Wicked and insidious Governors have been set over us; and multitudes quartered, for the removal of even the notoriously infamous Governor Hutchinson, were joined with the appointment, to our appellation of scandalous and defamatory. Hardy attempts have been made, under color of Parliamentary authority, to seize Americans and carry them to Great Britain to be tried for offences committed in the colonies. Ancient charters have no longer remained sacred; that of the Massachusetts Bay was violated, and their form of government essentially mutilated and transformed. On pretence of punishing a violation of some private property, committed by a few disguised individuals, the populous and flourishing town of Boston was surrounded by fleets and armies; its trade destroyed; its port blocked up; and thirty thousand citizens subjected to all the miseries attending so sudden a convulsion in their commercial metropolis, and to remove every obstacle to the rigorous execution of this system of oppression, an act of Parliament was passed evidently calculated to indemnify those who might, in the prosecution of it, even embrue their hands in the blood of the inhabitants.

RESPECTFULLY APPEALED.

6. Tho' pressed by such an accumulation of undeserved injuries, America still remembered her duties to her sovereign. A congress, consisting of deputies from twelve United Colonies, assembled. They, in the most respectful terms, laid their grievances at the foot of the throne; and implored His Majesty's interposition in their behalf. They also agreed to suspend all trade with Great Britain, Ireland and the West Indies; hoping, by this peaceable mode of opposition, to obtain that justice from the British ministry which had been so long solicited in vain. And here permit us to assure you, that it was with the utmost reluctance we originally prevail upon ourselves to cease our commercial connection with your island. Your Parliament had done us no wrong. You had ever been friendly to the rights of mankind; and we acknowledge, with pleasure and gratitude, that your nation has produced patriots, who have nobly distinguished themselves in the cause of humanity and America. On the other hand, we were not ignorant that the labor and manufacturers of Ireland, like those of the silkworm, were of little moment to herself; but served up to her profit luxury to those who neither toil nor spin.

We perceived that if we continued our commerce with you, your agreement not to import from Britain would be fruitless, and were, therefore, compelled to adopt measures, to which gallantry and honesty and benevolence disdained to dwell. A cruel, interested, jealousy, discontent, oppression and discord have raged among all his majesty's subjects, and filled every part of his dominions with distress and complaint.

4. Not content with our purchasing of Great Britain, at her own prices, clothing and a thousand other articles used by nearly three million of people in this vast continent; not satisfied with amassing profits arising from the monopoly of our trade, without giving us either time to breathe after a long, glorious war, or the least regard for the blood and treasure we have expended in it; notwithstanding the zeal we had manifested for the service of our Sovereign and the warmest attachment to the constitution of Britain and the people of England, a black and horrid design was formed; to convert us from freemen into slaves, from subjects into vassals, and from friends into enemies.

HEAVY TAXES IMPOSED.

5. Taxes, for the first time since we landed on the American shores, were, without our consent, imposed upon us; an unconstitutional edict to compel us to furnish necessaries for a standing army, that we wished to see disbanded, was issued; and the Legislature of New York suspended for refusing to comply with its. Our ancient and inestimable right of trial by jury was, in many instances, abolished; and the common law of the land made to give place to Admiralty jurisdictions. Judges were rendered, by the tenure of their jurisdictions, entirely dependent on the will of a minister. New crimes were arbitrarily created, and new courts, unknown to the constitution, instituted. Wicked and insidious Governors have been set over us; and multitudes quartered, for the removal of even the notoriously infamous Governor Hutchinson, were joined with the appointment, to our appellation of scandalous and defamatory. Hardy attempts have been made, under color of Parliamentary authority, to seize Americans and carry them to Great Britain to be tried for offences committed in the colonies. Ancient charters have no longer remained sacred; that of the Massachusetts Bay was violated, and their form of government essentially mutilated and transformed. On pretence of punishing a violation of some private property, committed by a few disguised individuals, the populous and flourishing town of Boston was surrounded by fleets and armies; its trade destroyed; its port blocked up; and thirty thousand citizens subjected to all the miseries attending so sudden a convulsion in their commercial metropolis, and to remove every obstacle to the rigorous execution of this system of oppression, an act of Parliament was passed evidently calculated to indemnify those who might, in the prosecution of it, even embrue their hands in the blood of the inhabitants.

RESPECTFULLY APPEALED.

6. Tho' pressed by such an accumulation of undeserved injuries, America still remembered her duties to her sovereign. A congress, consisting of deputies from twelve United Colonies, assembled. They, in the most respectful terms, laid their grievances at the foot of the throne; and implored His Majesty's interposition in their behalf. They also agreed to suspend all trade with Great Britain, Ireland and the West Indies; hoping, by this peaceable mode of opposition, to obtain that justice from the British ministry which had been so long solicited in vain. And here permit us to assure you, that it was with the utmost reluctance we originally prevail upon ourselves to cease our commercial connection with your island. Your Parliament had done us no wrong. You had ever been friendly to the rights of mankind; and we acknowledge, with pleasure and gratitude, that your nation has produced patriots, who have nobly distinguished themselves in the cause of humanity and America. On the other hand, we were not ignorant that the labor and manufacturers of Ireland,

be happy were these dark machinations the mere suggestion of imagination. We are sorry to declare that we are possessed of the most authentic and indubitable evidence of the reality.

7. The Ministry, bent on pulling down the pillars of the constitution, endeavored to erect the standard of despotism in America; and if successful, Britain and Ireland may shudder at the consequences.

DESPOTISM ATTEMPTED.

10. Three of their most experienced generals are sent to wage war with their fellow subjects; and America is amazed to find the name of Howe in the catalogue of her enemies. She loved his brother.

11. Despairing of driving the Colonists to resistance by any other means than actual hostility, a detachment of the army at Boston marched into the country on all the alarm of war; and, unprovoked, fired upon, and killed several of the inhabitants. The neighboring farmers suddenly assembled, and repelled the attack. From this, all communication between the town and the country was intercepted. The citizens petitioned the General for permission to leave the town, and he promised, on surrendering their arms, to permit them to depart with their other effects. They accordingly surrendered their arms, and the General violated his faith. Under various pretences, passports were delayed and denied; and many thousands of the inhabitants are, at this day, confined in the town, in the utmost wretchedness and want. The lame, the blind, and the sick, have indeed been turned out into the neighboring fields; and some eluding the vigilance of the sentries, have escaped from the town, by swimming to the adjacent shores.

TROOPS FROM IRELAND.

12. The war having thus begun on the part of General Gage's troops, the country armed and embodied. The reinforcements from Ireland soon after arrived; a vigorous attack was then made upon the provincials. In their march the troops surrounded the town Charlestown, consisting of about 400 houses, then recently abandoned to escape the fury of a relentless soldiery. Having plundered the houses, they set fire to the town and reduced it to ashes. In this wanton waste of property, unknown to civilized nations, they were prompted the better to conceal their approach under cover of the smoke. A shocking mixture of cowardice and cruelty, which then first marked the injustice of the British arms, when aimed at a brother's breast. But blessed be God, they were restrained from committing further ravages by the loss of a very considerable part of their army, including many of their most experienced officers. This was all the inhabitants was inconsiderable.

13. Compelled, therefore, to behold the thousands of our countrymen imprisoned, and men, women and children involved in promiscuous and unmerited slavery! When we find all faith at an end, and sacred treaties turned into tricks of state; when we perceive our friends and kinsmen massacred, our habitations plundered, our houses in flames, and their once happy inhabitants fed only by the hand of charity; who can blame us for endeavoring to restrain the progress of desolation? Who can censure our repelling the attacks of such a barbarous band? Who, in such circumstances, would not obey the great, the universal, the divine law of self-preservation?

"DETERMINED TO BE MEN."

14. Though vilified as wanting spirit, we are determined to behave like men. Though insulted and abused, we wish for reconciliation. Though deemed as seditious, we are ready to obey the laws. And though charged with rebellion, will cheerfully bleed in defence of our Sovereign in a righteous cause. What more can we say? What more can we offer?

15. But we forbear to trouble you with a tedious detail of the various and fruitless offers and applications we have repeatedly made, not for pensions, wealth, or for honour, but for the humble boon of being permitted to possess the fruits of honest industry, and to enjoy that degree of liberty, to which God and the Constitution have given us an undoubted right.

16. Blessed with indissoluble union, with a variety of internal resources, and with a firm reliance on the justice of the Supreme Disposer of all human events, we have no doubt of rising superior to all the machinations of evil and abandoned Ministers. We already anticipate the golden period, when Liberty, with all the gentle arts of peace and humanity, shall establish her mild dominion in this western world, and erect eternal monuments to the memory of those virtuous patriots and martyrs, who shall have fought and bled and suffered in her cause.

EXPRESSES THANKS TO ERIN.

17. Accept our most grateful acknowledgment for the friendly disposition you have already shown towards us. We know that you are not without your grievances. We sympathize with you in your distress, and are pleased to find that the design of subjugating us, has persuaded administration to dispense to Ireland some vagrant rays of ministerial sunshine.

18. Even the tender mercies of government have long been cruel towards you. In the rich pastures of Ireland, many unhappy parasites have fed, and grown strong in labor in its destruction. We hope the patient abiding of the meek may not always be forgotten: and God grant that the iniquitous schemes of extirpating liberty from the British Empire may soon be defeated. But we should be wanting to ourselves—we should be perfidious to posterity—we should be unworthy that ancestry from which we derive our descent, should we submit, with folded arms, to military butchery and depredation, to gratify the lordly ambition, or sate the avarice of a British Ministry. In defence of our persons and properties, under actual violation, we have taken up arms; when that violence shall be removed, and hostilities shall cease on the part of the aggressors, they shall cease on our part also. For the achievement of this happy event, we confide in the good offices of our fellow-subjects beyond the Atlantic. Of their friendly disposition we do not yet despond, aware, as they must be, that they have nothing more to expect from the common enemy, than the humiliating favor of being last devoured.

By order of the Congress,
JOHN HANCOCK, President.

Continued Tomorrow.

For the Sanitary Home

When you open your house after your holiday, or when you move into a house that others have occupied, disinfect with

CREOLIN-PEARSON
Disinfectant

Put it in the scrub water, use it in all the plumbing, sprinkle it liberally in every corner. Two tablespoonfuls make a gallon of powerful disinfectant.

CREOLIN-PEARSON

CREOLIN-PEARSON has a wide range of usefulness in your home, on the farm, in stable and factory. It is both antiseptic and disinfectant.

CREOLIN-PEARSON is much more powerful than carbolic acid, having a Coefficient of from 10 to 16, which is clearly marked on the label for your protection.

CREOLIN-PEARSON is safe to handle as directed; it is neither caustic nor corrosive.

CREOLIN-PEARSON always makes a milky solution with water. The safe and slight odor are characteristic.

At Your Druggist's 25c, 50c and $1.00 Bottles

RUNNING A HOUSE-HOLD IS A BUSINESS

Is yours run on business principles?

Wise buying is the first step to success in any business. So is it the first requirement for a household to be well conducted on an economical basis. Big business concerns have purchasing agents who are experts in knowing what, when and where to buy. They study goods and concerns which have goods to sell. They watch the markets. They read carefully the advertisements of concerns in their particular lines.

The manager of a household must be purchasing agent for a large proportion of the family needs. She should be familiar with stores and merchandise. She should run her business on business principles in order to make the most of the family income.

Information is the basis for intelligent purchasing. And the right way to get the greatest amount of necessary information is to read advertisements.

Advertising today is the voice of business. Advertisements tell you what is new and good in merchandise; they reveal improvements and inventions; they give you information about things that are useful and interesting.

Every manager of a household—every person in the household who shares the responsibility for the family's welfare—should make a practice of reading advertisements.

No. 29

Just a minute, please

SUNNYCORN
the Great New Cereal Food
less than a penny a serving
It's Mighty Good!

SUNNYCORN is a SUNSEAL eatable

FASCINATING!

Assorted flavors and peppermint, chocolate, wintergreen and cinnamon.

ONE OF 300 NECCO SWEETS

NECCO
New England Confectionery Company
BOSTON, MASS.

ASK FOR and GET
Horlick's
The Original
Malted Milk
For Infants and Invalids
Avoid Imitations and Substitutes

SAY U. S. SHOULD NOT ASSUME WAR DEBT

Boston Financiers Oppose Plan to Share Obligations of Europe

Leading financial men of Boston are opposed to the United States in any way assuming the war debt of Europe, including Great Britain and Germany. The statement from these men comes as a result of a letter received from New York, signed by Henry A. Wise Wood, No. 25 Madison avenue, wherein it states in part:

"Mr. J. J. O'Neill, whose card described him as being London manager of the Manchester Guardian, Manchester, England, called on me in my office early last May. He told me that he was on a mission connected with the internationalization of the debt. He said that he was here for the purpose of inducing the United States to guarantee the war debt of the nations, including Great Britain and Germany."

Mr. O'Neill is said to have stated that he had seen J. P. Morgan on the matter, and that the latter was greatly in favor of the United States assuming the great debt of the nations.

Mr. Wood in his letter states that the incident may throw some light upon the cause of the advocacy of the projected League of Nations, which he declares is so pronounced in influential financial circles.

Among the Boston men to deny knowledge of the United States assuming the obligations of other world war participants were Alfred Aiken, president of the National Shawmut Bank; Joseph H. O'Neil, president of the Federal Trust Company; Charles A. Morss, governor of the Boston Federal Reserve Bank, and officers of Lee, Higginson & Co.

ANNOUNCE TRANSFER OF FRANCISCAN PRIEST3

The superior-general of the Franciscan order, the Very Rev. Serafino Simino, O. F. M., now in New York, has sent word to this city of the following changes among the Franciscan priests:

The Rev. Father Anacletus, O. F. M., is transferred from the Church of Our Lady of Mt. Carmel, East Boston, to St. Anthony's, New York city.

The Rev. Anselm Lenzi, O. F. M., from St. Francis of Assisi Church, East Cambridge, to New York city.

The Rev. Vincentinus Ferente, O. F. M., is appointed pastor of St. Francis of Assisi Church, East Cambridge, being transferred from St. Leonard's Church, North End.

The Rev. Daniel Schiavone, O. F. M., from St. Leonard's Church, North End, to St. Anthony's, New York city.

The Rev. Hugolino Befarini, O. F. M., was named as master of novices at St. Anthony's Seminary in the Catskills, N. Y.

The reappointment of the Rev. Charles Luciano, O. F. M., to the chaplaincy of the Pittsburgh Hospital, Pittsburgh, was also announced. Father Luciano is a former Boston boy, who celebrated his first public solemn mass at St. Leonard's Church, North End, four years ago. Father Schiavone is also a Boston boy.

The Rev. Anthony Castellano, O. F. M., from St. Anthony's Church, New York city, to St. Leonard's Church, North End.

MAYOR HYLAN NARROWLY ESCAPES SERIOUS INJURY

By Universal Service.

New York, Sept. 15.—Mayor Hylan had a narrow escape from death or serious injury while inspecting the fire in an oil plant in Greenpoint. The Mayor was standing about a hundred yards away from one of the big naphtha tanks when the tank exploded with a loud roar, sending blazing oil in all directions.

A dence pall of smoke settled down at the same time. Mr. Hylan was groping around half blinded and choking when he was rescued by firemen.

Several big plants along the creek suffered heavy fire damage is estimated at $5,000,000. Fifty men were injured, but no lives were lost.

CHILD'S CRIES FRIGHTEN AWAY BRUTAL ASSAILANT

Lured into a dark vestibule by an unknown man whom she was directing in a doctor's office, Loretta C. Glavin, eight, of No. 19 Edgeworth square, Charlestown, was the victim of a brutal attack in which she was painfully injured before her assailant was frightened off by her cries.

The assailant, who was attempting to choke the little girl when he was frightened away, wore a dark brown suit and a straw hat and was smooth shaven. He is believed to be between twenty-five and thirty years old.

KING GEORGE ASKS WORK FOR DISABLED SOLDIERS

London Sept. 15.—King George has issued a proclamation charging all employers in Britain to give work to disabled soldiers, and creating an honor roll for all those who comply. About 100,000 disabled soldiers are still unemployed. Employers are urged by the King to have five per cent. of their forces consist of disabled men.

SEPTEMBER 22 and 23
Are Registration Days at Boston University
Law School
Lectures Begin Sept. 24
Three years' course leading to the degree of LL.B. Post-graduate course of one year's resident attendance leading to the degree of LL.M. Special scholarships ($50 per year) for college graduates. For catalog write to
Homer Albers, Dean
11 Ashburton Place, Boston

MISS HILDA MORRALL, fifteen, missing from her home at Jamaica Plain.

Parents of Miss Hilda Morrall, a fifteen-year-old high school girl, whose home is at No. 7 Brookside avenue, Jamaica Plain, have asked the police to locate her. She disappeared from home on Thursday, and at the same time, according to her father, a young man with whom she had been friendly also left the neighborhood.

Miss Morrall took her bankbook with her, and inquiry at the bank disclosed that she had withdrawn all her funds there—about $15.

She is described as large for her age, about five feet six inches tall, weight about 140 pounds, light brown hair, blue eyes. When she left home she wore a blue serge skirt, a flesh-colored waist, black straw hat, rim turned down all the way around, with black feather trimming. She also took with her a light-colored corduroy sport coat.

BOSTON MEN ADDED TO HARVARD COMMITTEE

Frederick P. Fish, Robert Homans and Arthur H. Weed have been appointed additional Boston representatives on the national Harvard endowment fund committee, according to announcement made from New York headquarters of the fund, which was read today to representatives of the fifteen classes of Harvard University lunching at the Exchange Club as guests of Thomas Nelson Perkins, chairman of the local committee.

It also was announced that W. L. Mackenzie King of Ottawa, leader of the Liberal party of the House of Commons in Canada, having been elected recently to succeed Sir Wilfrid Laurier, will serve in a similar capacity on the national committee. Mr. King took his A. M. degree from Harvard in 1895 and his Ph.D. in 1909.

HOLD BOSTON MAN AS A PICKPOCKET

Bridgeport, Ct., Sept. 15.—Arrested, it was hinted, in connection with the murder of Benjamin Binkowitz, the police now say John Jackson of Boston is held only on a charge of being a pickpocket.

Coroner Mix has exonerated a chauffeur, suspected of having driven the car in which Binkowitz's body was carried along the Milford turnpike on the night of August 16.

MERCHANTS CASH VALUE 2½ MFG'D 1919 ST FEBRUARY

TUESDAY All Day Double Merchants Legal Stamps

MERCHANTS CASH VALUE 2½ MFG'D 1919 ST FEBRUARY

This means a 5% discount on every dollar you spend here — in addition to the extraordinary savings offered

GILCHRIST CO
The Store of Progress

111,568 NAMES ON VOTING LIST

Total Is Greatest for a State Primary in History of Boston

With 111,568 names recorded, the city election department announces that the city has the largest voting list in history for a State primary.

The list is now complete. It contains 2,648 more names than for last year's primary, and 34 more names than were on the list at the last city election. This increase is due to the return of men from military and naval service.

The election department expects believe the city election list will contain more than 115,000 names.

Comparative figures for last year and this follow:

Ward.	1918.	1919.	Ward.	1918.	1919.
1.....	4,073	4,099	14.....	4,894	4,904
2.....	3,205	3,408	15.....	4,284	4,506
3.....	5,045	5,245	16.....	4,868	5,003
4.....	3,971	3,949	17.....	4,576	4,716
5.....	4,719	4,817	18.....	4,735	4,857
6.....	3,709	4,302	19.....	4,574	4,884
7.....	4,328	4,447	20.....	4,690	4,872
8.....	3,845	4,046	21.....	4,876	4,893
9.....	3,903	3,872	22.....	4,109	4,704
10.....	4,500	4,723	23.....	5,188	5,307
11.....	4,405	4,693	24.....	3,504	3,586
12.....	4,065	4,083	25.....	3,054	3,192
13.....	3,964	3,122	26.....	3,189	3,130
Total				107,959	111,585

Acton Woman Leaves $15,000

Lucius E. Hosmer of Acton has asked to be appointed an administrator of the estate of his mother, Mrs. Ella F. Hosmer of Acton, who died August 31, 1919. The estate is valued at $15,000.

HEARD ABOUT TOWN

One of the questions of the moment is—What are the P & Q?—those two Knights that have been pictured so extensively in the papers, making their way to Boston, Mass., in such a mysterious manner.

Sir— Sir—
Lower Price Highest in Quality

These are the trade mark figures of the P & Q Clothes Shop that is to open on or about Sept. 20th at 393 Washington St., corner School, one flight up.

These figures are emblematic of the feature that has made the P & Q Shops so wonderfully successful in thirty-one cities of America.

Lowest in *Price*—Highest in *Quality*.

The great P & Q organization, whose modern merchandising methods always will be an example for others to follow—make every garment they sell, and distribute those same garments through their own stores to the wearers direct at just a little above the manufacturer's prices.

The prices of P & Q Clothes are $25, $30 and $35. Because of the enormous volume of business done, the efficient manner of production and the great purchasing power in the woolen market, there is an assured saving of at least $10 to the consumer on every garment bought.

Reputation is not maintained without reason; that is proven by the fact that 31 P & Q Shops in the U. S. A. now sell and have sold P & Q Clothes for years, and every year this company adds more stores and does a greater volume of business. The opening date of the new P & Q Shop is announced as September 20th.—Advt.

What Bond Bread's purity means to mothers

"THAT Bond behind Bond Bread means it is the safest of all foods for my children—

"Yet it costs me no more than other bread—"

—Said a mother lately—and it wasn't mere talk.

She knows that good health is the most priceless gift she can give her boys and girls—that ill health is a handicap that will follow them clear through life.

And she knows that Bond Bread is pure, and she is taking no chance when she lets her youngsters eat it.

Isn't it worth while to give him the food that keeps him well—to help him build the foundation for sturdy manhood.

Give your boy or girl a bowl of Bond Bread and Milk at least once a day.

Three reasons why you should insist on Bond Bread—

1. Every ingredient in Bond Bread is listed on the wrapper of each loaf, and Guaranteed pure by the Bond of the General Baking Company.
2. The Bond Bread Process, evolved by the world's best baking experts, makes every kernel of wheat yield its fullest nourishment, in the most highly digestible form, by completely gelatinizing the starch.
3. The taste, texture, and the crisp, brown crust of Bond Bread are patterned after the best home-made loaves submitted by local housewives in our Baking Contest.

We could not make Bond Bread better or purer

We could not make it purer—

Because every ingredient is the best that money can buy.

We could not make it more nourishing—

Dietetic scientists say that Bond Bread yields more real nourishment than average home-made bread.

We could not make it more delicious—

Because Bond Bread is patterned after the prize home-made loaves selected by your local judges in our baking contest.

Therefore, as you value your children's health—as you prize their happiness—give them more Bond Bread.

KNOW ALL MEN BY THESE PRESENTS THAT
GENERAL BAKING COMPANY
IS HELD AND FIRMLY BOUND UNTO THE PURCHASER OF
THIS LOAF OF
Bond Bread
AND HEREBY WARRANTS THAT THE LOAF OF BREAD CONTAINED WITHIN THIS GERM AND DUST PROOF WRAPPER IS MADE FROM THE FOLLOWING PURE FOOD MATERIALS AND NO OTHER INGREDIENTS OF ANY KIND
BEST SPRING WHEAT FLOUR, COMPRESSED YEAST, PURE FILTERED WATER, SELECT TYPE SALT, PURE CANE SUGAR, AND CONDENSED MILK
LARD.
GENERAL BAKING COMPANY

Bond Bread is so named because each loaf bears this bond of the General Baking Company.

Bond Bread

Made as the Housewives showed us

October Cosmopolitan Out To-day

The illustration shown here was drawn by Dean Cornwell. It shows Hector McKaye, doughty old Scotch lumberman, whose love for his son is one of the most inspiring and touching incidents in Peter B. Kyne's new novel, "Kindred of The Dust," which begins in October Cosmopolitan.

WHEN you buy this month's Cosmopolitan you will know why more than a million people wait and watch for the day that America's Greatest Magazine is placed on sale.

For here, between the covers of a single magazine, you will find more novels, more short stories, more special features by the greatest living writers than in any two other magazines on the stands this month.

* *

To hundreds of thousands of people the name of Rupert Hughes stands for all that is best in short-story writing. Read his "Number, Please" in October Cosmopolitan.

What other author holds such a high place in the writing of short stories that take you into God's Country as James Oliver Curwood? His latest "Swift Lightning" story in October Cosmopolitan is one of his best.

Frank R. Adams was one of a very few men who went to France and brought the soul of France back with him. In "The Man Who Invented It" he tells how a proud, old American family received the French mother of their own son's little boy.

What other magazine of the month publishes stories as great as these, and others equally as great, by such writers as Perceval Gibbon, Frederic Arnold Kummer, Albert Payson Terhune and Jack Boyle?

These writers are regular contributors to Cosmopolitan, giving this magazine their best work. You will enjoy their stories in the October issue.

Are you reading Basil King's series of special features on "The Abolishing of Death?" Discussion of life beyond the grave occupies some of the world's greatest minds, and Mr. King, world-famous novelist, is giving Cosmopolitan's readers the benefit of his sincere belief founded on a most convincing investigation.

Begin "Kindred of The Dust" in the October Number

You've heard and read a great deal about Japan's attitude toward this country. Kenneth L. Roberts, known the world over as one of the world's ablest special correspondents, attached himself to the American army in Siberia. He wrote "Oriental Irritants" for October Cosmopolitan. Read it and be surprised at what he tells you.

* * *

Novels? There are three appearing in Cosmopolitan.

Robert W. Chambers, Arthur Somers Roche and Peter B. Kyne are the authors. Do you know of any greater American novelists?

Poetry? Then read the beautiful poem by Ella Wheeler Wilcox who is often called America's premier poetess.

Inspiration? Turn to Meredith Nicholson's editorial "Efficiency of the Soul." It's one of those bits of literature you will read aloud to those dear to you.

* * *

There simply couldn't be a better magazine than October Cosmopolitan. Get your copy today, in a hurry, because Cosmopolitan doesn't linger on the stands. The demand is certain to be greater than the supply.

Cosmopolitan

America's Greatest Magazine

More Than a Million Copies Every Issue

FARMERS REAL PROFITEERS, SAYS BIRD

Greater Production and Fewer Middlemen Remedies for High Costs

The farmers of the West and South, the producers of wheat, corn, oats and cotton, are the real profiteers, according to Charles Sumner Bird in a statement on the high cost of living, issued today.

Mr. Bird declared that it is unpopular to attack the farmers, while the profiteering talk in Congress and on the stump has been largely camouflage. He said:

"Senator Walsh was right in saying that the great mass of people care little about the League of Nations, and very much about the high cost of living, but he was utterly wrong, as I see it, in the remedy which he proposed to decrease costs and lower prices. It may be popular to denounce as profiteers manufacturers, jobbers and retailers, but proof, and not assertion merely, should be submitted, and so far proof has not, to any appreciable extent, been forthcoming.

"The profiteering talk in Congress and on the stump has been largely political camouflage. Let us pick a few typical cases. Take the net profit of the largest sugar refiner last year, according to a published statement, was less than 3½ cents on every dollar's worth of sugar sold. The net profit of one of the largest packers was less than 2 cents on each dollar of sales, or less than 1 cent per pound on all meat sold. Mr. Endicott, the largest shoe maker in the world, made last year, according to his public statement, only 50 cents on a $4 pair of shoes. Surely by no method of figuring can it be shown that the margin of profit in any of these industries is unreasonable or exorbitant.

TOO MANY MIDDLEMEN.

"Eliminate if you will the one cent per pound profit on meat, the 50 cents per pair on $4 shoes, and one can readily figure how little each householder would save in the price of meat, or in the cost of shoes. Neither is it true, except, perhaps, in isolated cases, that Jobbers and retailers are profiteers, or that as a class they are getting rich. The trouble, however, is that the public is supporting too many distributors between the producers and the consumers; too many shoe retailers; too many sugar dealers; too many fish and meat markets.

"Here, for instance, is a town of 6,000 people, with six meat markets, all doing a small business and no one making more than a living. Six separate families, delivery autos, clerks, bookkeepers, etc., must be maintained. Each market exacts several cents per pound on meat, in order to obtain a net profit large enough to insure living expenses. So it is with the grocer, fish dealer and the dry goods retailer.

FARMER PROFITEERING.

"On the other hand the farmers of the West and the South, the producers of wheat, corn, oats and cotton, are real profiteers, though it is unpopular, of course, to attack them. Every well-informed person knows, however, that wheat at $2.26, corn at $2, oats at $1 per bushel and cotton at 30 cents per pound insure enormous profit, netting from 50 to 100 per cent., and that so long as these high prices prevail the cost of food, clothing and shoes will be high, in spite of legislation, in spite of political thunder, and in spite of sensational headlines in the newspapers.

"When the smoke has cleared away, as it will some day, the people may discover that they have been 'bunced' and that the main cause of the high cost of living is the same as it has been for the past one thousand years, i. e., supply as related to demand.

HEARS WILSON WILL NOT TAKE TURKISH MANDATE

(Special Cable Dispatch.)

Paris, Sept. 15.—The British government, according to the London correspondent of L'Echo de Paris, has learned from Washington that President Wilson has decided not to accept for the United States the mandate for Turkey in Asia or Turkey in Europe, or both.

This, if true, will permit the Peace Conference to take up the Turkish treaty immediately.

C. H. GARDNER ENDS LIFE AT WATERVILLE

Waterville, Me., Sept. 15.—Charles H. Gardner, former president of the Farmers' Union of Maine, committed suicide by hanging himself to a rafter in his barn here. He was fifty-two years old.

BUSINESS NOTICE

CASTORIA

For Infants and Children

In Use For Over 30 Years

Always bears the Signature of Chas. H. Fletcher

NO FEAR OF TEACHER SENDING HER HOME
I USE Kil-ve on her head. If all mothers did the same, children would not have vermin on their heads. Kil-ve is a non-oily, non-sticky vermin destroyer that doesn't interfere with color or growth of hair. No fine comb is needed if Kil-ve is used. Don't be ashamed to ask for it. At all drug stores—35c, 65c and $1.25.
KIL-VE
DESTROYS VERMIN ON CHILDREN'S HEADS

VON TIRPITZ GIVES NEW VERSION OF JUTLAND

VON TIRPITZ MEMOIRS.

By ALFRED VON TIRPITZ,
Grand Admiral of the German Navy.

I have said already that the results of the Battle of Jutland made it more clear than ever that we should have risked a critical engagement and ordered out main battle fleet forward in the earlier fight at Heligoland, no matter what British forces were reported or supposed to be behind the light screen which they had thrown forward.

Our losses would have been heavy. Those who urged this upon the Kaiser were true so far as they went, but they lost sight of the fact that battles cannot be fought without losses. What were our losses at Verdun? There we sacrificed tens of thousands because victory at whatever cost in lives would have meant victory complete—or so the Grand Headquarters believed.

What were our losses in all the great land offensives? Did we ever hesitate to launch a costly offensive on land when we believed it would contribute to our final victory?

The timid policy which held the navy in leash because a decisive blow would have meant the loss of some of our splendid ships and thousands of our seamen was a display of weakness that inestimably lowered our prestige in the eyes of the world—that did even worse, deprived us of the opportunity to destroy from our enemies the full attainment of our aims which we could not accomplish by the most splendid victories of our land forces alone.

Those men who persuaded him to allow our splendid ships to lie idle in their harbors and the whole structure of our navy to rust and become fertile for the seeds of sedition and revolution sowed by the discontented masses, were indeed the evil genii of the Emperor.

One is appalled at the conception of what might have been done at Heligoland to change the history of the world had we grasped our opportunity, when one thinks that in the unequal fight off Jutland where we were numerically inferior, our losses were only one-third that of the British. What might have happened had not darkness stopped us, none can tell.

(British official reports claim that throughout the greater part of the Jutland fight the German forces were numerically superior. As to losses on both sides, von Tirpitz has more to say later.—Editor's note.)

Cruiser Squadrons Clash.

In pursuance of our originally planned policy, on one of our long-sweeps in the direction of England, our cruiser forces, which stood at considerable distance from our main body, encountered numerically superior British cruiser forces off Skagerrack. Notwithstanding we were greatly outnumbered, the German commander, while informing the main body of his location and the known forces opposed to him, closed at once with the enemy.

Results quickly showed that he was justified. Our ships were outnumbered but individually they were far superior. Our marksmanship was better and our tactical methods were of a higher order. The long years of thorough, methodical training of our navy under rigorous conditions and pushed to the limit of activity began to tell against the comparatively slipshod method of the British.

In the beginning six British battle cruisers were opposed to our five.

(This is what von Tirpitz calls heavy odds.—Editor's note.)

When the first shot was fired, the air was as clear as crystal and the fight opened at a range of 15,000 meters (about 16,400 yards). Exactly eighteen minutes after opening fire the British battle cruiser Indefatigable was blown up. The explosion seemed to rock the ocean and the loss of life must have been terrific. As yet we had lost no ship and the damage done to the German vessels was inconsequential. It seemed almost too good to be true to the German commanders observing the battle.

Meanwhile, we knew that our main forces were steaming under pressure to reach us in time to complete the blow which fortune had thrown it in our way to strike and to reach our squadron before the British reenforcements which we knew must be racing over the ocean, could come to the assistance of their battered sister ships.

Just what these reenforcements would be in strength, we did not know, but every ship we could dispose of before they arrived would mean so much greater margin of safety for us when they entered the fight.

The Queen Mary Destroyed.

Twenty minutes after the destruction of the Indefatigable, the Queen Mary went down in flames to the accompaniment of muffled explosions.

Now the British re-enforcements were beginning to arrive. One after another there came into firing range five battleships of the Queen Elizabeth type, the latest, most up-to-date British construction.

Against overwhelming odds our ships continued to battle. Meanwhile, our battle fleet was climbing up over the horizon. Upon seeing our main force approaching Admiral Beatty, in command of the British forces, turned about and steamed north.

(British critics have pointed out, and with reason, that it was Admiral Beatty's logical course to steer north in an attempt to lure the stronger German fleet to pursue him to their destruction, if the British High Seas fleet could be thus encountered.—Editor's note.)

A wireless message from Admiral Scheer to the chief of staff showed that the German commander fully expected to encounter the entire British battle fleet. Nevertheless, with the full consent of the chief of staff, he hastened to engage the enemy with the utmost speed.

During the early stages of the battle the German fleet got into a disadvantageous position which silhouetted our ships against the sky while the British vessels were shrouded in smoke and haze.

(The British official reports of the battle contradict this statement. They declared that throughout the German forces had the advantage of low visibility.—Editor's note.)

Admiral Scheer escaped from this dangerously disadvantageous position by a maneuver which would have been entirely impossible to almost any fleet in the world, certainly to one much less thoroughly trained than the German. Under heavy fire he executed a complete turn of the entire fleet simultaneously and retreated temporarily.

As soon as he had arranged anew his fighting formation he again executed a complete turnabout, simultaneously with all his ships, and renewed his attack upon the enemy.

DARKNESS STOPS BATTLE.

Shortly after this, nightfall rendered any carefully considered fighting formation impossible. It was at this point that the British fleet demonstrated that they felt our superiority. Had they not, they would have kept us at sword's point, fighting desperately not to lose contact with our forces throughout the night. This is axiomatic. Admiral Scheer and the whole fleet expected a renewal of hostilities.

But instead, the British fleet apparently wished to continue the engagement in waters more free from mine fields and decided to steer close to Horns Reef during the night. At daybreak, the straining eyes of our gunners, lookouts and range finders could see no hostile smoke. The sea was clear far and wide. It was a bitter disappointment to them. They had hoped and prayed through the night that they would be able to continue the fight with daybreak.

Aeroplanes were sent up from our larger vessels and during the morning one of our air scouts reported a new and larger fleet section deploying to the west. This proved to be the main body of the British fleet, but it soon turned and steamed northward.

(It is very probable that, as the British state, their fleet was searching for the German vessels. Why they did not encounter one another is a matter for controversy. Von Tirpitz, of course, presents the German view.—Editor's note.)

Thus were we prevented from striking the blow which might have been a deciding factor to the war. Again Fate snatched from us the opportunity to come to a decision with the British on the sea. Had nightfall not interrupted the battle the result might have rewritten the world's history.

BOASTS OF ENEMY'S LOSSES.

Ours was the victory to be sure, but how hollow a victory when its fruits were denied to us. We must rest content with the thought that the destruction which we wrought upon the enemy was three times the loss he inflicted upon us.

(The British reports of the battle of Jutland admit the loss of the ships named by von Tirpitz. They, however, contend that the German losses were far greater than those detailed in the German official reports. The figures given out by Germany are as follows: British losses: One dreadnought, three battle cruisers, four armored cruisers, three small cruisers and twelve destroyers. German losses: One battle cruiser, one battleship, three small cruisers and five destroyers. The British claim many more German vessels sunk or disabled, but detailed reports are not available.—Editor's note.)

Throughout the year 1916 Admiral Scheer tried repeatedly to engage the British fleet, but always without success. This aversion on the part of our enemies to meet us in open battle should have been sufficient indication to those in supreme authority that our naval forces were more than respected by them.

GREAT NAVAL BATTLE PLANNED.

Probably had we been willing to risk an engagement off Scapa Flow or near Dover, they would have given battle, but this was too disadvantageous to us considering the known numerical superiority of the British. We could not be expected to seek them out in their own waters and fight them almost under the guns of their land fortifications. They were the stronger in numbers, almost overwhelmingly so, and they should have sought us out.

Authoritative British reports state repeatedly that the British navy constantly sought battle with the German fleet. Von Tirpitz's own statement that his ships were idling at their anchors in harbors while Germany was fighting for her existence would seem to indicate that they were not seeking the British fleet on the high seas.—Editor's note.)

In 1918 the Emperor was about to remove the restrictions and allow the navy to strike a blow for Germany. Admiral Scheer had completed plans for the greatest sea battle of the world's history which probably would have involved the American navy as well as the British. Our high seas fleet was to attack in connection with the total force of our submarine strength. Just when plans for this great offensive of the sea were matured, the navy was overwhelmed by revolution and mutiny.

Reports from neutral countries in 1918 repeatedly stated that German sailors were refusing to go to sea in submarines. Officers and men of American and British destroyers which captured German submarines have told many stories, which can scarcely be doubted, of the German crews overpowering their officers and surrendering their craft. In light of these reports it is possible that the prospective offensive mentioned by Von Tirpitz may have been a factor in determining the German sailors to mutiny. It has been charged that they regarded the proposed attack as a grand sacrifice.

(Copyright, 1919, by the Bell Syndicate, Inc. All rights reserved. Copyright in England, Canada, Australia, South America.)

CONTINUED TOMORROW.

Von Tirpitz points out with regret that had peace been preserved with England relations between the United States and Germany would have continued to grow closer, inferring that the two nations would have held the balance of power in the world. His conversations with Roosevelt. The Venezuelan incident.

Crown Prince Wants to Get Back to Germany

By Universal Service.

(Special Cable Dispatch.)

London, Sept. 15.—The National News quotes the German ex-crown prince as saying he intends in the near future to ask the right to return to Germany and live there as a citizen.

He adds that he knows "Germany is through with kings" and that he has no monarchistic ambitions.

WALSH TO NOMINATE NAVAL CANDIDATES

United States Senator David I. Walsh has been requested to nominate candidates for the appointments to the Naval Academy, one principal and two or three alternates, before March 4, 1920. They must report for examination either February 15 or April 15, 1920, and will then be informed what to present themselves for physical examination. The mental examinations will be in English grammar, reading, writing, spelling, arithmetic, algebra and plane geometry, open to residents of the State between 18 and 20 years old.

DEATH TAKES MOTHER OF MRS. HEARST

Mrs. George L. Wilson Widely Known for Her Generous Charity

By Universal Service.

New York, Sept. 15.—Mrs. George L. Wilson, mother of Mrs. William Randolph Hearst and Mrs. Walter W. Irwin, passed away at her summer home, sea view, Long Island.

The passing of Mrs. Wilson will leave a great void in the hearts of her relatives and many friends.

To friends as well as relatives Mrs. Wilson was always known and affectionately addressed as "Mama." This called her this in recognition of her lovable character, her unkindness and her beneficent and generous charity. She was "all heart."

"Mama" Wilson was the one to whom all naturally went with their every annoyance and real trouble. They always found her sympathetic, absolutely forgetful of self in her good advice and aid.

Mrs. Wilson came to New York from Portland, Me., when but a child. Her parents were Mr. and Mrs. Patrick Murray.

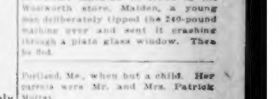
"Mama" Wilson is survived by her husband, two daughters, five grandsons, two sons-in-law, William Randolph Hearst and Walter W. Irwin, and two sisters, Mrs. Frederick J. Smith and Mrs. P. F. McMahon.

Funeral services, which will be private, are to be held at Mrs. Wilson's former residence, No. 127 Riverside Drive, on a date yet to be fixed.

HURLS "PENNY" SCALES THROUGH MALDEN WINDOW

After weighing himself on a penny-in-the-slot machine in front of the Woolworth store, Malden, a young man deliberately tipped the 240-pound machine over and sent it crashing through a plate glass window. Then he fled.

NASAL DEFECTS CORRECTED



NASAL DEFECTS CORRECTED WITHOUT CUTTING THE SKIN OR MUSCLES. NO TIME LOST. NO MASK AND LAY OFF OF BUSINESS. ANY TIME. CONSULTATION FREE. Hours: Daily, 9 to 5; Evenings, 7 to 8; Sundays, 9 to 12. Dr. J. J. HURLD, D. L., Graduate Boston Dental College, Harvard Square, Cambridge, Mass. Office, Tremont St., Boston, Mass. Telephone Connection. Boston Phone Beach 2850. Cambridge Phone Univ. 171-A. Hours 9 to 5. Sunday by appointment.

One cloth—
One rubbing

A clean, dry, lasting lustre. No second operation. Time Saved! Energy saved! Lyknu actually removes dirt—does not cover it up.

Use Little! Rub Dry!

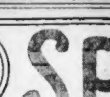
LYKNU
POLISH

Camels are the most likable cigarettes you ever smoked!
Put Camels quality, refreshing flavor and cigarette satisfaction to the utmost test—then compare Camels with any cigarette in the world at any price!
Made to meet your taste, Camels never tire it, no matter how liberally you smoke them!
Every time you light a Camel you get new and keener enjoyment!
How you will appreciate their refreshing flavor and fragrance!
They appeal so keenly to the most fastidious smokers!
Camel
CIGARETTES
The expert blend of choice Turkish and choice Domestic tobaccos makes Camels such a cigarette revelation—they're so fascinatingly smooth and mellow-mild, yet, so full bodied!
You prefer the joys of this wonderful Camel blend to either kind of tobacco smoked straight!
Freedom from any unpleasant cigaretty aftertaste or any unpleasant cigaretty odor makes Camels as unusual as they are enjoyable.
You'll prefer Camels Quality to coupons, premiums or gifts!
18 cents a package
Camels are sold everywhere in scientifically sealed packages of 20 cigarettes; or ten packages (200 cigarettes) in a glassine-paper-covered carton. We strongly recommend this carton for the home or office supply or when you travel.
R. J. Reynolds Tobacco Co.
Winston-Salem, N.C.

"BUGS" BAER

AMERICAN SPORT SECTION

NICK FLATLEY


JACK CONWAY

J. B. GILLOOLY

JOHNSON MAY GET THE HOOK

Some Lively Doings Down on the Cards in American League Circles

By HUGH S. FULLERTON.

Baseball is at one of the most serious crises in its history. The coming Winter is to see a strife in the American League that means the finish of one or the other factions—the odds rather favoring the retirement of Johnson to private life.

It looks as if Mr Johnson, for once, has overstepped the bounds and lines up two real fighters against himself. Up to this time Johnson has always managed to have the majority with him and eliminate the opposition by concentrating the fight on one man. He once fought a drawn battle with Comiskey alone, but this time, he has managed to get two fighters—Comiskey and Captain Hoiles—allied against him, with Frazee thrown in. The revelations concerning the scarcely less than Cleveland club explain Jim Dunn's "neutrality" to the past and throw rather an interesting light upon the retirement from baseball of that good, game sportsman, Charlie Sommers, which was a calamity in itself.

The revelations concerning Cleveland mean little in themselves. Almost everyone in baseball knew Johnson was a moving spirit in the Cleveland team at the time of the transfer and know that Johnson had decreed that Sommers was badly involved and must get out. Also we knew that he was very active in lining up Dunn and Chapman and participating out the club's affairs with the Cleveland banks.

There was nothing underhanded about it that I can see. It is a fact that Johnson, either for himself or for the league, has done the same thing time and again that he held Boston stock Washington stock and probably New York stock. There have been a number of times in the history of the American League when Comiskey and Johnson held either for themselves or for the good of the league, stock of a number of clubs. It has been necessary for them to do this to get the league together.

SOMMERS GRINNING.

Why then, this fight to "expose" the Cleveland deal? Do the men engaged in the fight want to insinuate that Mr. Johnson has tried to use his office to aid a club in which he is financially interested." It has been charged openly by some of them that Johnson last Fall ignored the fact that the Cleveland club struck and refused to play the final game at St. Louis. What for?

Do they insinuate that Mr. Johnson, in his official capacity aids or helps a club to win games? If this is true then baseball might as wel shut up shop right now.

There is a bright spot under the clouds. Think how Charlie Sommers must be grinning.

Anent the coming big fuss there are some peculiar angles. The problem with me is this: Does a pitcher gain more by knowing the strength and weakness of a batter, or is it the other way round?

Practically every member of the White Sox team knows all about Jack Eller, who is Moran's pitching ace. Also Eller knows all about them, and will, of course, spread his information. Several members of the Reds have at various times, been with the White Sox. Moran and Ed Gleason are great friends and have, long before this, planned their teams would ever meet for the world's championship, discussed men and methods. Which will this aid?

(Copyright, 1919, by The Bell Syndicate, Inc.)

BANNER FIGHT WEEK FOR NEW JERSEY FANS

New York, Sept. 15.—It's going to be a great fight week in Jersey. Champions and near-champions are going to swap punches.

The first show will be staged at the Jersey City baseball park tomorrow night, when Frankie Burns meets Johnny Kilbane, featherweight champion. On Wednesday night Benny Leonard, the lightweight king, hooks up with Johnny Dundee at the Newark Sportsmen's Club.

Two other corking bouts are slated to be staged on the same card with Burns and Kilbane. In one of these Joe Lynch, who gave Jimmy Wilde a sensational fight in London a few weeks back, will face Patsy Gleason. In the other Ed Kinley and Al Roberts, two hard-hitting heavyweights, will exchange wallops.

If Lavely is going to be a great week for sheeter pugilistic fans.

MIKE BRADY AND JOCK HUTCHINSON WIN ROUND

Glen Cove, N. Y., Sept. 15. — Mike Brady and Jock Hutchinson defeated Louis Tellier and Douglas Edgar, 4 and 2, in an exhibition golf match on the links of the Piping Rock Country Club. The match was for the benefit of the benevolent fund of the Professional Golfers' Association.

ORIOLES WIN PENNANT IN INTERNATIONAL RACE

The Baltimore Orioles finished the season with 100 victories and 49 defeats, winning the pennant by a margin of seven and one-half games over the Toronto Maple Leafs, the champions of last year.

"TWO AND THREE"

"PUTTING THE NEXT ONE OVER"

WITH "BUGS" BAER

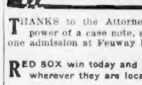
THANKS to the Attorney-General's investigation of the diminishing power of a case note, a round dollar will now purchase two games for one admission at Fenway Park.

RED SOX win today and lose tomorrow, but it always seems to be today wherever they are located.

REPUBLICANS promise to reduce the cost of living, but a guy can't forget his appetite the way a politician can promise.

TWO important gents who have been reinstated in New York are "Who's Nuts Now" Chaloner and Carl Mays.

YANKS hope the Billposters' Union doesn't hop off on a strike before they get all those subpoenas pasted on Dan Johnson.

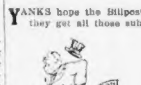


HANK FORD is spending a vacation in a flivver. Hank is one cook who ain't afraid of his own cooking.

BILL BRYAN hasn't a chance of becoming President if enough of dry America can stagger to the polls.

If food keeps going up, housekeeping expenses will go down. All the kitchen utensils a family married couple will need is a scissors for grass and a ladle for snowballs.

YEA bo.



QUICK change cuckoo slipped a bird nine dimes for a dollar and got a punch on the beak. A dollar ain't shrunk that much.

THE birds who think we should have booze are the babies who mistake a thirst for a thought.

THREE GENERATIONS WITH BALL TEAM

By SAM CRANE

New York, Sept. 13.—Three generations on one and the same baseball club.

Who said there is nothing new in baseball?

Joseph Hornung, Sr.; Joseph Hornung, Jr., and Joseph Hornung, 3d. That is the Hornung family line-up of the Bank of Washington Heights Baseball Club.

Grandfather, son and grandson. Can you beat it?

I knew of an entire nine of Maddens up in Massachusetts years ago and played against them. The team I was with got walloped by the all-brother aggregation.

I remember that dire defeat too very vividly, for I was young then and defeat made a lasting impression.

A few of the Madden brothers followed up baseball professionally, and one of them in particular, Jack Madden, gained prominence in the national game.

He played, I think, with the far famed Syracuse Stars, the first minor league team to shut out a National League club.

McCormick was the pitcher of the Stars, and Mike Dorgan, his catcher, afterward played an outfield position for the Giants on the Polo Grounds.

The Syracuse Stars beat the Boston Red Stockings, 3 to 0 in 1876, and had in their team Jack Gerhardt, Jack Madden, who played third base, Al Mackinnon, first base, and Jack Farrell, second base, who afterward played the same position on the famous Providence Grays, when Charley Radbourn and John M. Ward were pitchers on that great team.

HORNUNG 3RD MASCOT.

Now, as to the Hornung family: While Joseph Hornung, Sd, does not play on the team of the Bank of Washington Heights Baseball Club, for he cannot very well, as he is only two years old, he is the official mascot of the club, and so far has been very successful.

According to the players, and, of course, his doting grandsire and loving father, he is the real "horseshoe kid."

The team, in fact, has never been beaten when the mascot has been with it—and as he has never missed a game, the Bank of Washington Heights Baseball Club is just naturally undefeated.

Joseph Hornung, Sr., is our old friend, noted the country over as "Ubbo Joe," who, when with the Boston Reds as leftfielder, was considered the best outfielder in the business.

He also played the same position for the Giants and upheld his reputation.

Joe, Sr., is now engaged as a special officer by the Washington Heights Bank, and previous to being selected for that responsible position he was a member of the Dougherty special police, who did duty at the Polo Grounds several years.

"Ubbo Joe" positively with the bank's team is manager-coach, and he will without doubt go in as a pinch-hitter and possibly play the outfield if necessary, for he has not forgotten how to bat, field or run. He celebrated his fiftieth year in baseball only a short time ago.

CHIP OF THE OLD BLOCK.

Joe Hornung, Jr., plays centre field, and is said to be a chip of the old block in baseball ability.

If he can throw like his pop he surely has some wing, for if his father didn't throw out at least one runner at the home plate in a game he imagined he wasn't earning his salary.

The Delehanty family was also farfamed for being strongly represented in baseball. There were three brothers, the most famous being the noted slugger, Ed.

There were also Jim and Frank, who gained fame and fortune as players, although they were not as prominent as their big brother, Ed.

1919 BIKE SEASON BROUGHT TO A CLOSE

The 1919 bike season is closed.

Last Saturday was the finale at the Revere Cycle Track. Manager Butler intended to stage meets Wednesday and Saturday of this week, but the two big matches which he had on the program were awarded to the Newark track and rather than put on a substitute, it was decided to close the track. The Madonna and Carman race and the sprint race between Frank Kramer and Ray Eaton, the new champion, were to be the main attractions. The fact that the motor paced riders are about to issue for European track also influenced Manager Butler to close the track till next season.

HONUS WAGNER SIGNS TO ENTER THE MOVIES

Pittsburgh, Sept. 15.—Local baseball fans were surprised to hear that Honus Wagner has consented to go into the movies. In signing a movie contract the Dutchman has probably even surprised himself. At the height of his fame, when gilded theatrical offers were made to the "greatest of them all," he steadily refused to accept any of them. At one time Hans was offered $1,000 a week for forty weeks to appear in a vaudeville sketch with Nap Lajoie, but he turned it down.

BRITISH PROMOTER AFTER JACK DEMPSEY

New York, Sept. 15.—Jack Dempsey and Joe Beckett may be matched for a bout for the world's heavyweight title in Albert Hall, London, within a few days. Redmond Barry of Sydney, Australia, who has been promoting bouts in London and Paris, is here for a conference with Jack Kearns, manager of Dempsey, and hopes to gain the consent of the champion to meet Beckett in London. He is prepared to make Dempsey a handsome offer.

Now is the time for everyone to drink

ANZAC

—the delightful soft drink brewed from hops. Full of tang and has a snappy hop flavor.

Made only by the

ANZAC CO—60 Prentiss Street, Boston

YOUNG AHEARN TO BOX BUTCH O'HAGAN

Boxers Will Meet at National Club, Providence, in 12-Rounder

By JACK CONWAY.

With no boxing matches scheduled in Boston for the early part of the week, many of the local fans will journey to Providence, Wednesday evening, to see Jake (Young) Ahearn of South Boston and Butch O'Hagan, Albany light-heavyweight clash in a twelve-round bout before the National Club.

It is one of the most important bookings made by Jack Doherty. Ahearn is the best 158-pound boxer in the country, while O'Hagan has proved his worth in battles with Mike O'Dowd, Jack Britton and Ted (Kid) Lewis.

Joe McCarthy originally did not intend to let Ahearn box until he met Johnny Wilson at Charlestown in a return match. When these two men last clashed Wilson was awarded the decision.

McCarty says Marty Killilea, Wilson's manager, wants the bouts staged at the Fenway A. A. when that organization resumes business. Ahearn's pilot believes that the Armory A. A. or any other club is not as capable of holding the contest. According to McCarthy it will not be good judgment for the Wilson camp to try and pick their own club.

Ahearn has been training for the past week, and expects to be at his best when he opposes O'Hagan at Providence Wednesday night. This means that Rhode Island fans will receive an opportunity to see one of the best boxers in the world in action. Britten is a marvelous boxer, but whenever an attempt is made to match him with Ahearn he's too pressing business elsewhere.

When Ahearn and Britton met several years ago, the newspaper experts at the ringside gave the honors to the former. Britton ran out of a contest with Ahearn at Lowell on Memorial Day, and since that time it has been impossible to coax him into a ring with the South Boston man.

O'Hagan is the type of boxer who will make things interesting for any man of the blue-ribbon steppers. He's a good boxer and a stiff puncher. In his contests with Jack Britton and Lewis he proved he possessed plenty of class. The Albany man finally gave Frank Carbone a trouncing at their second meeting, and Ahearn a setback.

Young Kloby will experience the hardest opposition since his return from France when he opposes Eddie Fitzsimmons at Mechanics Saturday afternoon under the direction of the Olympia Cycle Club. The men have agreed to make 140 pounds for the match. This will mean that Kloby will be two pounds lighter than he was when he fought Eddie Shevlin.

The weight will be easy for Fitzsimmons for he was recently at 132½ pounds for Harry Carlson at the Armory A. A. Fitz is only twenty-three years old. Kloby, on the other hand, is thirty-two.

It will be a battle between two terrific punchers. Fitz has knocked out Shaver O'Brien and Harry Carlson in Boston rings, while he all but flattened Charley White in a contest in this city. Kloby has stopped Phinney Hoyle, Charley Parker, Johnny Donovan and Sheriff Smith since he started his come-back drive.

Fitz relies mostly on a hook to stop his opponents. It is a really punch and few men can stand up after it has landed. Kloby was unable to stop Harry Carlson, while Fitz put the Brockton lightweight out of commission in three rounds.

Kloby's best blow is a right hand smash over the heart. That is the punch that beat Shevlin. As both O'Brien and Carlson scored knockdowns in their tussles with Fritz, it is obvious that the Y. D. champion has an excellent chance to get over the big smash.

Dan Morgan is betting Billy Bell $2,000 against $2,400 in real money that Fitz will win. Bell bet $1,000 against $2,000 that Fitz will score a knockout if he can get a taker.

Forfeits have been posted with the American for the twelve-round tussle at the Commercial Club Friday night between Young Dyson, New England bantamweight champion, and Al Girard of the North End. The boys have agreed to weigh in at 118 pounds at 5 o'clock on the day of the contest.

Kramer Defeats Eaton

Newark, N. J., Sept. 15.—Frank Kramer defeated Raymond Eaton in a five-mile race at the Velodrome. The result does not affect the championship, which Eaton won Sunday, September 7.

HARVARD GRID PLAYERS TO BE EXAMINED

Candidates for Eleven Must Submit to Rigorous Physical Test

Harvard football players submitted to physical examinations today to determine their fitness to represent the Crimson on the gridiron. The necessary tests were administered by Dr. Roger I. Lee, head of the department of hygiene, who had the assistance of the football coaches, Dr. Paul Withington and Dr. Dorrie Parmenter. They were held at Weld 4, which is the office of Dr. Lee.

The strength test requirements evolved by Dr. Dudley A. Sargent and required of all candidates for Intercollegiate teams will not be demanded this Fall, but the physical examination will serve in their stead. The taking of strength tests, however, will be encouraged as they have been in the past.

Coach Fisher is taking close interest in the work this week and has instructed his associate coaches to look carefully over the material in their respective squads so that a cut may be made before very long. The candidates for Soldiers' Field number 104, and Team A will be constituted of forty-five men and the remainder placed on Team B. Later the second team will be made up.

Stiff scrimmages are due late this week, and at least four hard battles on the gridiron between picked eleven are to take place before the opening game with Bates a week from Saturday. Training table will start next week. The men will have their meals at the Varsity Club at a special table.

GOLFING NOTES

If there is one shot in golf that outstands from all the others, that one is the mashie, and it is this shot more than any other that keeps good players from getting into the ranks of the star or leading class. It being understood, of course, that all shots are important and that to be a star player you have to play them all in tip-top shape.

All the leading professional and amateur players are the mashie shot the face of the club. A ball hit in this style will take the short bounce to the left and with the dark spin come to rest a few yards of where it strikes the turf. No better results can be gained than in practice of this shot, which means generally taking one putt on some green, thereby cutting your scores.

The golfers who are looking forward to the open tournaments will be taken care of this week at the Belmont Spring Country Club, Waverley, and the Merrimack Valley Country Club, Methuen, both courses being in fine shape and good fields are looked for at both clubs. The Belmont affair starts Thursday, ending Saturday, and the Merrimack Valley is a two-day medal event starting Friday.

Several Excellent Seaside Courses.

Daniel P. Horan, official handicapper Massachusetts Golf Association, comes out against Harold Hilton's written statement that was published in Saturday's American, claiming that right here in our good old State of Massachusetts we have at least nine good seaside courses: Bass Rocks, Gloucester; Cohasset Golf Club Cohasset; Crow Point Golf Club, Hingham; Essex County Club, Manchester; Hatherly Golf Club, North Scituate; Hyannisport Golf Club, Hyannisport; Oak Bluffs Country Club, Oak Bluffs; Plymouth Country Club, Plymouth, and Rockport Country Club, Rockport. All of these courses, Thet claims, are mighty good seaside courses, which coming from him means something.

McDermott Star With Mashie.

McDermott, who was by far our leading professional player until his sickness robbed the links of one of the best and brilliant homebreds of all time, was an expert at this shot, and that is one great reason for his winning the open championship twice out of three times.

Excellent Way to Play Shot.

The ability to play into the wind with good and steady results proves the mettle of the mashie player and if he stands the test he most certainly is worth a place on any team. Hagen and Taylor both play into the wind a bit better than their chief rivals and play what is termed "playing from the inside," that is, having the ball come in from the left and fade away to the right upon alighting.

A good way to play this shot is with the weight resting a bit more on the right than the left foot, clipping the ball just before the turf is met, a straight follow through, the head for a cut below put on the ball being lessened by the indentures on the face of the club. A ball hit in this style will take the short bounce to the left and with the dark spin come to rest a few yards of where it strikes the turf. No better results can be gained than in practice of this shot, which means generally taking one putt on some green, thereby cutting your scores.

The golfers who are looking forward to the open tournaments will be taken care of this week at the Belmont Spring Country Club, Waverley, and the Merrimack Valley Country Club, Methuen, both courses being in fine shape and good fields are looked for at both clubs. The Belmont affair starts Thursday, ending Saturday, and the Merrimack Valley is a two-day medal event starting Friday.

Several Excellent Seaside Courses.

Daniel P. Horan, official handicapper Massachusetts Golf Association, comes out against Harold Hilton's written statement that was published in Saturday's American, claiming that right here in our good old State of Massachusetts we have at least nine good seaside courses: Bass Rocks, Gloucester; Cohasset Golf Club Cohasset; Crow Point Golf Club, Hingham; Essex County Club, Manchester; Hatherly Golf Club, North Scituate; Hyannisport Golf Club, Hyannisport; Oak Bluffs Country Club, Oak Bluffs; Plymouth Country Club, Plymouth, and Rockport Country Club, Rockport. All of these courses, Thet claims, are mighty good seaside courses, which coming from him means something.

WOMEN'S TENNIS TOURNAMENT ON TODAY

Matches to Be Played on Brookline Avenue Grounds of the Longwood Club

The women's tennis tournament was scheduled to start on the Brookline avenue grounds of the Longwood Cricket Club today. Tomorrow the doubles will begin, and when these are finished the junior singles and doubles will be played, followed by the mixed doubles.

The drawings for the singles were announced as follows: Miss Alice Sigourney vs. Miss Lillian Coffin; Miss Margaret Ferguson vs. Mrs. George W. Wightman; Miss Florence Ballin vs. Miss Harriet Fessenden; Mrs. Robert Haydock vs. Miss Leslie Bancroft; Mrs. John Fallon vs. Mrs. J. O. Reiff; Mrs. Benjamin Cole, Jr., vs. Miss Marjorie Carpenter; Miss Catherine Porter vs. Mrs. N. W. Niles; Miss Dorothea Nourse vs. the winner of the Miss Anne Townsend-Mrs. Charles Magrane match; Miss Martha Carey vs. Miss Pauline Panno, the winner of this match to play Mrs. Franklin Mallory; Mrs. James F. Wiley vs. Miss Gretchen Glinn; Mrs. F. J. Campbell vs. Mrs. A. A. Shurtleff; Miss Rosamond Newton vs. Miss Virginia Carpenter; Miss Elizabeth Dwight vs. Miss Marion Homans; Miss Frances Jennings vs. Miss Marion Zinderstein; Mrs. Kenneth Billings vs. Mrs. C. B. Denney; Miss Cornelia Burgess vs. Miss Theresa Weld.

Amusements.

MAJESTIC
LAST WEEK
Twice Daily
At 2:15 & 8:15
The RIGHT to HAPPINESS
A TALE OF TWO LOVES
Seats 27c, 50c, 77c & $1.00

MAJESTIC Theatre EXTRA!
NEXT WEEK Opening SEPT. 22
F. Ray Comstock & Morris Gest present
FOR TWO WEEKS ONLY
America's Greatest Play
EXPERIENCE
By GEORGE V. HOBART
6th Sensationally Successful Season
BIGGER and BETTER THAN EVER
Reserve Seats by Mail and Avoid the Rush. Seats at Box Office Thurs. POP MATS. WED.

Amusements.

SHUBERT Tremont Street
Eves. 8:15; Mats. Wed. & Sat. 2:15
TONIGHT AT 8:15
Arthur Hammerstein Presents
THE MUSICAL ROMANCE
SOMETIME
WITH
FRANK TINNEY
Book by IDA JOHNSON YOUNG
Music by HERBERT TRIMM.
CORNELIAN WAIDE, CHARLES MURRAY, IDA MAY CHADWICK, CHARLES MORRISON, FLORENCE PARSONS, FELICE LUMBARDI, GILDRED La GUE, JOSEPH CHADWICK, Dr. ALLEN & NICE, 30 STUNNING BROADWAY GIRLS

B.F. KEITH'S
A MODERN TEMPLE OF MIRTH
Twice Daily 2:15 & 8:15 Beach 1734
Musical Fantasy RAINBOW OCCKTAIL
Light Opera Star LOUISE GUNNING
Staged by Maurice Stark Assisted by Harry Delmar
PATRICOLA WALTER BROWER
TEXAS COMEDY FOUR
EQUILLO Equilibrists CLARK & RYAN
WILLIE HALE & BROTHER
CHARLEY GRAPEWIN
And ANNA CHANCE in "Jed's Vacation"

COLONIAL THEATRE
CHARLES J. RICH, Manager
Evgs. at 8:10 Sharp. Wed. & Sat. 2:10
RAYMOND HITCHCOCK
IN HIS BRAND NEW Musical Revue
HITCHY-KOO, 1919

THE CRAIG PLAYERS
With John Craig and Mary Young in JOHN GALSWORTHY'S Famous Drama
THE FUGITIVE
FIRST TIME IN BOSTON
ARLINGTON THEATRE
(Formerly the Castle Square)
Telephone Beach 3300
Mats. Wed. and Sat. at 2:15. 25c to $1
Evenings at 8:15, 25c to $1.50
Tickets on Sale Downtown at Filene's

WALDRON'S
2:15 - CASINO - 8:15
GIRLS A LA CARTE
WITH COUGHLIN'S MAYOR

WALDORF THEATRE
MATINEE and EVENING
Musical Comedy & Photoplays

GAYETY MATINEE EVERY DAY
BURLESQUE & VAUDEVILLE

BOSTONIAN BURLESQUE

ST. JAMES Matinee Today 2:30 p.m.
Vaudeville
in "Wolves of the Night"—Screen Comedy
"Back to the Kitchen"—5 ACTS VAUDEVILLE

LOEW'S GLOBE
DOROTHY PHILLIPS in "EAST IS WEST"
IN ADVANCE OF "THE OAKDALE AFFAIR," with ALL-STAR CAST.

SCOLLAY SQUARE
Harry Carey in "The Ace of the Saddle"
VAUDEVILLE

Amusements.

PARK CONTINUOUS 10 A.M. TO 10:30 P.M.
PHOTOPLAYS for PARTICULAR PEOPLE
GEORGE LOANE TUCKER'S
"THE MIRACLE MAN"
A PARAMOUNT-ARTCRAFT PICTURE
STARTING NEXT SUNDAY
DOUG FAIRBANKS
in His Majesty the American

TREMONT TEMPLE
TWICE DAILY 2:15 & 8:15
PRICES 25c, 50c, $1, $1.50 and $2
MARY PICKFORD
in "DADDY-LONG-LEGS"
A FIRST NATIONAL ATTRACTION
EXCLUSIVELY OFFERED by the ARTCRAFT PICTURES

LOEW'S ORPHEUM
CONSTANTINE DANCERS; CARLISLE & ROMER; FRED ALLEN & MARY HYDE & FITZ-PATRICK; WESTON & MORIN; THE LEVOLAS, New Comedy, DOROTHY PHILLIPS in "Paid in Advance."

MODERN & BEACON
FOLLOWING BILL AT BOTH HOUSES THIS WEEK
ENID BENNETT
in "The Rescuing Angel"
ROBERT WARWICK
in "Told in the Hills"

Fenway Park
TODAY AT 3:15
RED SOX vs. CLEVELAND
Seats at Shuman's. Phone Beach 1680.

CAMBRIDGE
CAMBRIDGE
Lila Lee in "The Heart of Youth." Vaudeville Arts. Organ Recital by Arthur Depew.

DORCHESTER
FRANKLIN PARK
PAULINE FREDERICK in "The Peace of Roaring River." 4 Vaudeville Acts.

STRAND
Catherine Calvert in "Curse of Roberta Dun" Tom Moore in "Starless." Organ Recital, Harry Rodgers

EAST BOSTON
CENTRAL
Doris Kenyon in "Twilight." Harold Lloyd comedy. Last week of "Pretty Mrs. Smith" of Thunder

FALL RIVER
EMPIRE—FALL RIVER
BILLIE BURKE in "The Misleading Widow"

ROXBURY
SHAWMUT THEATRE
Fanny Ward in "The Profiteers" Hyland in "Counting Himself." The Jazz Monkeys

SOUTH BOSTON
CONGRESS THEATRE
Will Feature an All-Star Bill with Star Features, Latest Comedy and other attractions.

WOBURN
WOBURN THEATRE
ALICE BRADY in "Her Great Chance"

Amusements.

LAST 6 DAYS
OH, MY DEAR!
SMART MUSICAL COMEDY FOR SMART THEATRE-GOERS
AT THE SMART
WILBUR THEATRE
Evgs. 8:10 Pop. Mat. Wed. at 2:10

Next Week—Seats Tues.
C. B. MADDOCK & MAX HART
THE UNIQUE MUSICAL COMEDY
in Three Acts
NOTHING BUT LOVE
Book and Lyrics by Frank Stammers, Music by Harold Orlob, Composer of "Listen Lester."
ALL THAT IT MEANS—YOUTH, SPRINGTIME, BLISS, SONG, LAUGHTER, DANCING

2nd BIG MONTH
A ROAR
FLORENCE MOORE
BREAKFAST IN BED
NUF CED
PLYMOUTH POP. $1.50 MAT. THURS.
Evgs. 8:20. Mats. Thurs. & Sat. 2:20

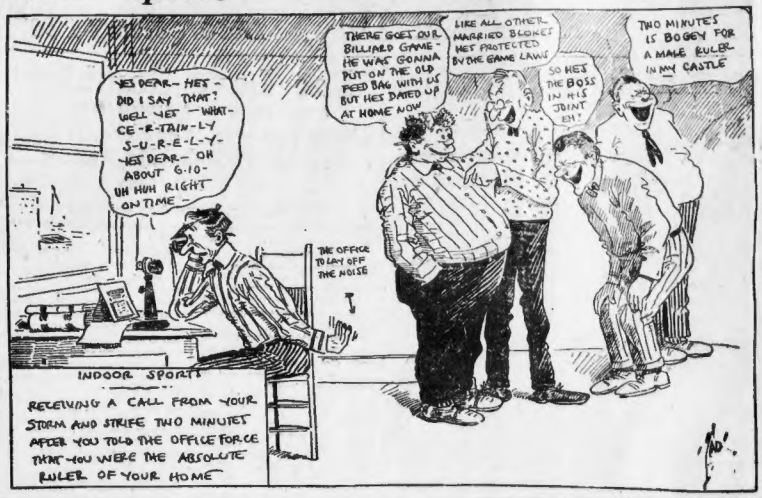
GORDON'S OLYMPIA 2nd Big Week St.
NAZIMOVA
in "THE BRAT"
ALSO NEW BILL OF VAUDEVILLE

Amusements.

SHOWING TODAY
AT YOUR FAVORITE HOME TOWN
MOVING-PICTURE THEATRES

Indoor Sports

Copyright, 1919, by International Feature Service, Inc.


YES DEAR— YES— DID I SAY THAT? WELL YES —WHAT-CE-R-TAIN-LY. S-U-R-E-L-Y— YES DEAR— OH ABOUT 6-10- UH HUH RIGHT ON TIME
THERE GOES OUR BILLIARD GAME— HE WAS GONNA PUT ON THE OLD FEED BAG WITH US BUT HES DATED UP AT HOME NOW
LIKE ALL OTHER MARRIED BLOKES HES PROTECTED BY THE GAME LAWS
SO HES THE BOSS IN HIS JOINT EH!
TWO MINUTES IS BOGEY FOR A MALE RULER IN MY CASTLE
THE OFFICE TO LAY OFF THE NOISE
INDOOR SPORTS
RECEIVING A CALL FROM YOUR STORM AND STRIFE TWO MINUTES AFTER YOU TOLD THE OFFICE FORCE THAT YOU WERE THE ABSOLUTE RULER OF YOUR HOME

By Tad

Likely Enough

OH— WHAT ROTTEN BUTTER— IT TASTES LIKE SALTED AXLE GREASE— PFOOEY!!
SAY LIL— WHERE DO YOU BUY YOUR GROCERIES?
I GET THEM AT THE ELITE AND ITS A GOOD THTORE— THEYVE BEEN ON THE CORNER THENTH 1824
1824?
I'M BETTIN' FIVE EVEN THAT THE BUTTER HAS TOO

RED SOX ABOUT DONE ON HOME PASTURE

Big sad months have placed their imprint
On a rarer, fresher and wore,
And the fan dreamily muses, matters,
Wait until we start next year
Songs of the Heathers.

By NICK FLATLEY.

Baseball of the A. L. variety sings its swan song to Boston this week. The Red Sox wind up a more or less inglorious campaign between now and Sunday. They play the final game with the Indians today. Then they take on the Tigers for three pastimes, and then the White Sox, champions about to be crowned, for as many more.

According to the original plan of the moguls, the Sox would be here Monday next, a week from today. But it has practically been decided to stage a double-header with them Saturday, and thereby remove the Monday game from the list of things impending.

All the magnates are kicking themselves that they didn't realize just how big a year this would be in baseball. They manufactured an abbreviated schedule, and naturally have to go through with it. There are more open dates in the next couple of weeks than there are holes in a sieve.

AS TO WORLD'S SERIES.

Next year, it might be mentioned, there will be so many ball games that even the most hardened enthusiast will be soured, but that's the way baseball goes. First they boot one, and then they kick it again. For instance, the world's series will be nine games, if possible, and the prices will be longer, which is proper.

Baseball continues to be one mistake after another, which proves that the war didn't make any difference, and that leagues of notions are wonderful things, even though not ratified by the boys who pay the freight. As R. Harr would say, baseball is a great game—for the magnets. First, they tell the public that they can't pay big salaries and then they pay them—to themselves.

Buying a ticket for that serious out in Chevy is just as easy, provided you're a millionaire, as for Ruth to pole out a homer. But if you have any right to be considered in, why you're out—twenty bucks. You said it.

RECORDS BOSTONIANS.

Which, of course, is entirely apart from the fact that we have the Indians with us today for their ultimate game, and that several of the Sox are establishing records which will persist for all time, provided the magnates let the game last that long. To be specific, Everett Scott has performed 513 consecutive games, and continues to be consecutive. Babe Ruth leads the league in runs scored as well as in circuit clouts, and is headed for a record mark if they keep on establishing records. Mr. Innis has made fewer errors than ever a first baseman did before in an entire campaign.

In a record way it has been a great season, individually; and collectively it has been a record whirl also—the Sox have finished in the second division. Boston fans have seen all the second division baseball they want. There has been exactly as much demand for the inter-league clash as there was for H. Zimmerman's shoes that time he chased Eddie Collins to the plate.

It has been a sad year—in Boston—mates.

INTERNATIONAL LEAGUE

Binghamton 1, Buffalo 0 (first game).
Binghamton 6, Buffalo 5 (second game).
Rochester 14, Toronto 2.
Newark 10, Reading 3.
Jersey City 2, Baltimore 1 (first game).
Jersey City 4, Baltimore 2 (second game).

How to Play Baseball

THIS is the ninety-eighth of a series of 100 articles by Hugh S. Fullerton, celebrated baseball expert, on "How to Play Baseball." These articles will be a feature of the American's sport pages. Don't miss them.

By HUGH S. FULLERTON.

The arm of a ball player is his most vital possession. Without a good throwing arm a ball player becomes worse than a ship without a rudder. The two things that send players back to the minors are bad arms and bad legs. They can get along on Charley Horsed, aching and weak legs, so long as the old "whip" remains in shape to throw, but the moment the arm weakens the end of their careers is in sight.

The majority of arms are hurt before the players really reach the height of their ability and the majority of injuries are due to ignorance of the simplest rules of caring for the arm, carelessness and negligence, rather than damages suffered in actual play. The ballplayer takes more foolish chances than the ordinary man ever would dream of doing. Because he is strong and feels strong, he becomes careless until the injury is suffered.

Bad legs can be avoided in the great number of cases by observing the simple rule of never trying to stop quickly standing up. The majority of bad legs, loose knee caps, "Charley Horses," etc., are caused by players stopping short while running fast. Players always should slide to base when they intend to stop unless there is time to slow up gradually.

With the arm the great cause of damage is throwing carelessly and without waiting to "warm up." No man should try to throw hard until the muscles of the throwing arm are warmed up by easy preliminary throwing. This applies particularly to pitchers.

Start throwing easily, using a long movement and avoiding any snap of the wrist or arm muscles. Swing the arm at full length and get the shoulder behind the swing. Gradually increase the speed and force as the arm muscles loosen up, and never attempt to pitch curves or to try side arm or cross fire pitching until the arm and shoulder muscles are working easily and without strain. This will not only avoid injuries at the time, but will develop the free, swinging motion in throwing, which will automatically prevent accidents afterward.

The thing to avoid carefully is careless snapping of the ball underhand. This "jerking" the ball is a common trick with many persons, and the danger of throwing the muscles at the back of the shoulder out of place is great. The throwing out of one of these muscles permits the muscle of the upper arm to draw into a knot, and few players ever entirely recover from such injuries, as a muscle once displaced will slip out of place easily.

In snap throwing, especially by catchers, the throw should be directly from the ear, the throwing hand almost touching the face. Throwing thus there is small chance of injury whereas the slightest sidearm twist may damage the upper arm muscles. Snap throwers should practice wrist throwing, but that also jerks the upper arm muscles and may produce soreness.

A sore arm never should be neglected. The thing to avoid is hard makeup. The moment the arm muscles become sore massage them gently, rub on some warming liniment and wrap the muscles affected in flannel. If possible, let the arm rest entirely. If compelled to play while the arm is sore take twice as much time at warming up. Wear heavy flannels over the sore arm and avoid cold.

(Copyright, 1919, by the Bell Syndicate, Inc.)

BASEBALL SUMMARY

AMERICAN LEAGUE

Standing of the Clubs

	W	L	Pct.		W	L	Pct.
Chicago	83	45	.648	St. Louis	64	66	.492
Cleveland	75	52	.590	Boston	62	68	.486
Detroit	73	56	.566	Washton	59	80	.362
New York	70	56	.556	Philadna	44	86	.298

Games Today

Cleveland at Boston (2 15).
Chicago at Philadelphia.
St. Louis at New York

Yesterday's Results

Detroit 2, Washington 0.
New York 8, St. Louis 1.

NATIONAL LEAGUE

Standing of the Clubs

	W	L	Pct.		W	L	Pct.
Cincinnati	90	41	.687	Brooklyn	61	61	.500
New York	80	47	.630	Boston	51	78	.395
Chicago	66	60	.524	St. Louis	48	77	.384
Pittsburgh	62	62	.500	Philadna	45	82	.354

Games Today

Boston at St. Louis.
Brooklyn at Pittsburgh.
New York at Chicago.
Philadelphia at Chicago.

Yesterday's Results

Cincinnati 1, Boston 0.
St. Louis 3, New York 1.
Chicago 4, Philadelphia 0.

AMERICAN ASSOCIATION

Kansas City 11, Toledo 1 (first game).
Kansas City 8, Toledo 2 (second game).
Milwaukee 9, Indianapolis 2 (first game).
Indianapolis 8, Milwaukee 0 (second game).
Louisville 5, St. Paul 0 (first game).
St. Paul 3, Louisville 2 (second game).
Minneapolis 10, Columbus 4 (first game).
Minneapolis 11, Columbus 5 (second game).

BRAVES START 4-GAME SERIES IN ST. LOUIS

St. Louis, Sept. 15.—All of the Braves, except Walton Cruise, arrived here for four games in three days with the Cardinals. Cruise is resting at his home for the Winter from Cincinnati by Stallings, who believes his young outfielders will be able to take care of the pastures from now on. Cruise was not in very good shape, so Stallings thought it unnecessary to pay traveling expenses for him any longer.

Stallings hoped he would hear something from Outfielder Sullivan and Infielder Christenberry, Southern League recruits, here. Neither reported at Cincinnati nor sent any explanation as to their delay in showing up.

RUDOLPH SLATED TO PITCH.

It appeared likely that Dick Rudolph would open the series, which the Cardinals are talking of as being a battle for sixth place. All the Braves have to do to hold sixth position is win one of the four games. The double-header will be played tomorrow. While en route to Chicago Thursday the Tribe will stop off at Lawrenceville, Ill., for an exhibition game.

The final game at Cincinnati was a rather tough one for the Braves to lose. They were nosed out by a 1 to 0 score when Joe Oeschger weakened for a brief spell in the eighth inning.

In the face of the season's returns, which show the Braves won only four of the twenty games played with the Reds, it would seem the Tribe was the softest kind of a mark for the coming champs. However, no club in the league batted the Reds any harder than the Braves. At least eight games were lost to the Reds by one run margins. All four games of the last series, including the one won by the Braves, were decided by a single tally.

FISHER WELL BACKED.

Ray Fisher received excellent backing in the field Sunday and pitched a clever game. It was his fourth win over the Braves this season and the second time he shut them out. Also, it was his sixth straight victory. A lot of Cincinnati fans are beginning to think Fisher would be a better bet in the world series than Hod Eller, the shine ball pitcher.

The Braves got men on base in all except the second and third innings, but did not get a single man to third. Rawlings tried to get that far in the seventh on his double, which opened the round and Powell's bunt, but Fariden shot the ball to Schreiber far ahead of Johnny. Rod smith doubled with one out when he hit for Oeschger in the ninth, but could not advance while the next two were going out.

Fariden's throwing was fine. He shot four attempted base thieves dead at second.

PINCH HIT MISSING.

The Reds had good opportunities to score in all except the second and third innings, but the old pinch hit was missing. Daubert got his only shot of the entire series to start the eighth and went to third when Roush's fourth singleof the day bounced off Rawlings' shins into left field. Duncan hit what appeared to be another triple but Powell pulled it by a running catch. He was not too far out, though, to prevent Daubert from scoring. Roush stole second and went on to third when O'Neill's throw went wild, and after Neale had fanned Roush tried to steal home. He would have made it except that O'Neill kept him blocked away from the plate until he could get the ball and put it on him.

The crowd numbered a few over 17,000 paid, so the trip to Cincinnatti was a financial success.

MEETING OF AMERICAN LEAGUE DIRECTORS CALLED

Chicago, Sept. 15.—A meeting of the directors of the American League is to be held here tomorrow.

Records for Week in Major Leagues

The week's record in each league of games played, won and lost, with runs, hits, errors, men left on bases and runs scored by opponents, including games of Saturday, September 13, is as follows:

NATIONAL LEAGUE

	P.	W.	L.	E.	H.	E.	Opp.
Cincinnati	6	5	1	37	44	5	21
New York	8	6	2	34	75	10	23
Chicago	8	5	3	29	57	6	20
Pittsburgh	10	5	5	52	108	15	45
Brooklyn	8	3	5	29	72	14	32
Boston	9	3	6	24	78	12	41
St. Louis	7	4	3	32	64	8	30
Philadelphia	9	3	6	16	61	12	41

AMERICAN LEAGUE.

	P.	W.	L.	E.	H.	E.	Opp.
Chicago	6	5	1	33	49	1	20
Cleveland	6	4	2	18	43	3	18
Detroit	6	4	2	28	39	10	22
New York	8	4	4	21	55	7	32
St. Louis	8	4	4	18	42	5	32
Boston	6	4	2	22	40	3	9
Washington	8	3	5	19	47	5	28
Philadelphia	5	2	3	14	33	8	23

Seventy-five Out for First Practice on Yale Field

New Haven, Sept. 15.—Seventy-five candidates were expected to report for the first practice of the season at Yale Field today. Head Coach Al Sharpe had as assistants: Dr. Art Brides, line coach; Dr. Billy Bull, backfield coach; Jack Cates, end coach; Herman Olcott, freshman coach, and Johnny Mack, trainer.

ARMY LINE EXPECTED TO BE LIGHTER THAN USUAL

West Point, N. Y., Sept. 15.—The average weight of candidates for the Army eleven is much lighter than has been for some seasons. There is little veteran material on hand, and virtually every position is open in the competition of inexperienced players. No man is yet certain of a position on the team.

Trojans Blank Cornets

Newport, R. I., Sept. 15.—The Trojans bunched hits in the sixth inning and scored two runs, blanking the Comets of Lynn.

COLLYER'S SELECTIONS

At LEXINGTON.

1—Billie B., Vision, Mabel Trask.
2—Orlovn, Watersmeet, Diamond Girl.
3—Jack Hare, Jr., Bradley Entry, W. W. Hastings.
4—Reginle, Sway, Legal.
5—Mlle. Dazie, Catania, Mabel G.
6—Raider, Hunterman, Idler.
7—J. J. Murdock, Redland, Phillsline.

At HAVRE DE GRACE.

1—Harry, Brutus, Kirak.
2 — Weisbman's Folly, War Club, Melancholia.
3—Murphy, Joyful, Zonave.
4—Kluger entry, Cudgel, The Porter.
5—Jack Mount, Firing Line, King John.
6—Hong Kong, Betsy Little Bid.
7—Luther, Little Cottage, Sir Wm. Johnson.

At AQUEDUCT.

1—Old Rosebud, Flags, Blue Laddie.
2—Gen. Manoeuvre, Umbala.
3—Kewver, Devil Dog, Endman.
4—Dunlayne, Lucullite, Naturalist.
5—Ground Swell, Abadnar, Whisky.
6—Whitney entry, Neddam, Homely.

CONSENSUS OF OPINION.

1—Enslade, Lord Brighton, Flags.
2—P. G. King, Gen. Manoeuvre.
3—Simpleton, End Man, Kewver.
4—Lucullite, Naturalist, Star Master.
5—Kohlmeyer, Chesseur, Abadnar.
6—Nagasa, Homely, Padnja.

BOXING CLUB TO COST $500,000 FOR NEW YORK

New York, Sept. 15.—Plans have been perfected for a boxing club to be built in this city along the lines of the National Sporting Club of London. The club is to be known as the International Sporting Club of New York, and the structure, which is to be erected on Fifty-fifth street and Sixth avenue, will cost $500,000.

The men behind the project represent the best type of sportsmen in the country, who are aiming to uplift boxing in America and elevate it to the high place it occupies in England. The chief officials of the club will be: Major A. J. Drexel Biddle, president; Hon. Franklin K. Lane, general Tom Pont, Admiral Sims and Justice Barlow S. Weeks, vice-president.

Walter Camp and Hon. Joseph E. Committees of the club. Tex Rickard and Raycroft are members of important la in to be matchmaker.

Babe Ruth Gets Into Big Batting Class

For the first time this season "Babe" Ruth, the home run slugger, is among the first five hitters of the American League. The Boston player yesterday supplanted Roger Peckinpaugh in fifth place in the hitting race. Here is how the leaders are batting today:

AMERICAN LEAGUE.

Player.	G.	A.B.	R.	H.	P.C.
Cobb	114	450	92	172	.368
Jackson	125	478	74	166	.349
Veach	128	491	79	169	.344
Sisler	122	470	88	161	.342
Ruth	120	401	96	131	.328

NATIONAL LEAGUE.

Player.	G.	A.B.	R.	H.	P.C.
Roush	128	479	88	155	.324
Groh	129	440	79	135	.307
Hornsby	128	464	57	141	.304
Stock	125	454	52	138	.304
Myers	124	473	52	143	.302

Wilhoit, Musser and Lamar Join Red Sox Tomorrow

Joe Wilhoit will join the Red Sox at the Fens tomorrow and with him will return Pitcher Paul Musser from the Wichita Club of the Western League. Bill Lamar, who was sent to the Rochester Club of the International League, also will return tomorrow to the Sox family.

Manager Barrow is anxious to get Musser back as the Sox director is sadly in need of pitching strength. This is the principal reason he had to allow Sam Jones and Waite Hoyt to linger in the box longer against the Indians Friday and Saturday than the occasions demanded and forced him to send Allen Russell in the rescue in both these games when it was too late.

Dodgers Win, 3 to 2

Youngstown, O., Sept. 15.—The Brooklyn National League team won an exhibition game from the McElroy nine of this city, 3 to 2.

Good People of Boston

We Greet You!

In a few days we hope to be able to welcome you in our permanent home No. 293 Washington St., corner of School St., 1 flight up.

We shall strive to make our stay among you a pleasant one for many years to come.

We are going to make our store a credit to the community and a wholesome trading place for every man that enters it.

We will endeavor to impress upon you that P&Q Service, Civility and Reliability are splendid examples of modern store methods.

The P&Q Shop
CLOTHES FOR MEN

Will Open Sept. 20th

This Day in History—September 15, 1919

THIS is the anniversary of the arrival of Napoleon in Moscow in 1812. The Russians fired the city and the great army of the French Emperor was forced to retreat. Attacked by the enemy, hungry, frost-bitten, thousands dropped by the road, and only a remnant of the mighty invading force escaped.

Ancient Music

EXCAVATIONS at Nippur show a shepherd of 6,000 years ago sitting on the grass with a lamb on one side of him and his dog on the other, lazily plucking at the strings of a leather-covered lute. Other discoveries prove that love of music was strong among the ancients.

A Mystery Story of New York Life

THE GRAY HAIR

With a Deeply Interesting Plot

The Action So Far

John Hastings, multi-millionaire and captain of industry, has employed Robert Allaire, a young lawyer, to do some work for him. A criminal impersonates Allaire and reveals himself as a member of "The Society for the Redistribution of Superfluous Wealth." He threatens Hastings, who attempts to summon aid. The visitor shoots him dead and escapes. Arrested later, Allaire proves a perfect alibi. Police Commissioner Blake is puzzled. Meanwhile three other millionaires are slain. Allaire receives a note from the society and talks over his arrest and the letter with Allison Courtney, his fiancee. Her uncle urges the young man not to call on Allison until the excitement has died down. She assures him of her devotion. Blake is replaced by Heenan, a famous detective. Allaire offers his help in solving the mystery and is abused by the new commissioner.

By Arthur Somers Roche

(Whose novels have won for him the title of a master writer of dete ctive stories)

"I SUPPOSE," said Heenan, smiling, "that you've got a perfect alibi for the Warrener and Coleman murders? It couldn't by any chance be you who committed those murders, disguised as Commissioner Blake? It would have been pretty clever of you to frame an alibi for the first killing, and then be impersonator later on in the other killings—"

Allaire laughed.

"I can prove where I've been and with whom since I left the courtroom, commissioner. But you don't mean that, anyway."

"No, I don't," said Heenan. He didn't; he merely put the hypothesis that he might study Allaire's face while so doing. And no man that lived was clever enough never to hide completely his entire feelings from Heenan. If there'd been a grain of truth in the hypothesis, Heenan would have read it in Allaire's countenance. At least, he thought he could have done so. And he didn't.

"Well, what do you want?" he inquired.

"I want to help you find the murderer of Hastings," said Allaire.

"How about the guy that killed the others?"

"If it's the same man, then that man also," replied Allaire. "But the Hastings murder is the one I'm interested in, as you can understand."

"Sure," said Heenan. "And what have you got to tell me?"

Any Suspicions?

Allaire handed Heenan the letter from the society. Heenan read it slowly, examining the postmark, studying the typewriting, holding the paper to the light that he might read the watermark. As a matter of fact, Heenan didn't expect this examination to result in anything.

A practical man, he knew that it would probably take months or years—eternity—to trace the machine which had printed these words. And he had but hours at his disposal. The murderer might be preparing to strike again. He looked speculatively at Allaire. All that Allaire and Allison had figured flashed through his head. The writer of that note knew Allaire well.

"You got any suspicions?" he demanded. "Any idea what one of your friends wrote this? Of course, you know it must have been one of your friends?"

"I realize that," said Allaire grimly.

Heenan hesitated. The commissioner realized that he was not up against an ordinary murder case. If he elicited from Allaire a list of all his friends, that one of those friends who was the murderer might soon learn of Heenan's knowledge and be put upon his guard. Of course, he could swear Allaire to secrecy, but—men lie.

It would take very little longer for Heenan, through his agents, to find out who were the lawyer's friends. Moreover, it was almost certain that the murderer would keep his word about communicating with Allaire.

The thing to do was to shadow Allaire and shadow every person with whom Allaire communicated. Heenan's shadows were clever men, they would not give themselves away. Heenan was now absolutely convinced of Allaire's entire lack of guilt or complicity. But Allaire's best friend might be the murderer. That best friend might easily give Allaire as to all that happened in this office.

Better have little or nothing happen. Heenan regretted that he had even confided to Allaire his theory as to Allaire's friends. But that was a theory, of course, that the society would probably have given Heenan credit for striking upon, anyway. That Heenan and Allaire had discussed it would not necessarily alarm the murderer. And then Heenan's eyes alighted upon the card which had been found by the bodies of Coleman and Warrener.

His heart danced; it was handwritten. The man who wrote it was one of Allaire's friends. Allaire must know the writing! The mystery was solved! He picked up the cards and handed it to Allaire.

"Who wrote that," he demanded, trembling with excitement. And Heenan rarely was excited. Allaire read it; he read it again; he tried to speak; he choked; a sickly grin appeared on his mouth.

"Why, Commissioner," he said feebly, "it's my writing!"

Heenan stared in amazement.

"You wrote it?"

Allaire shook his head.

"No, certainly not. But it's my handwriting just the same. As clever a forgery as it would deceive me myself."

They looked at each other blankly. Heenan spoke.

"Well, I'd oughta know that a guy as clever as this society gent wouldn't leave a trail like an army." He thumped his head with his knuckles. "Nobody home," he exclaimed; "nobody home!"

IX.

SHEER chagrin prompted Heenan's slangy outburst. Confronted, he at once resented the implication of defeat in his own words. He took the card back from Allaire.

"I was barking up the wrong tree for a second," he admitted sheepishly. "That don't mean I won't find the right tree," he added grimly.

"I hope so," said Allaire. "And if I can be of any help"——

"You can, all right," said Heenan. "By keeping your mouth shut—tight. Of course, it ain't any use asking you if you know who's able to imitate your handwriting."

Allaire shook his head hopelessly.

"Well, it don't matter," said Heenan. "I'll find out, all right. I'll keep this letter you got and the money. Here's a receipt for the coin." He wrote it quickly and gave it to the lawyer. "I'll probably want to see you again," he said. "You keep yourself in readiness to come to me."

"All right," said Allaire. He walked toward the door. He resisted; Heenan's hand was on the door's button, and he looked up.

Not Much Encouragement

"Well?"

"Isn't there anything I can do?" cried Allaire. "I want to be on the trail."

"You sit tight!" snapped the commissioner. "You might warn the murderer by butting in. Keep out!"

Allaire left the office disconsolately. Buoyed up by Allison's last look, encouraged by her faith and bravery, he had come down to headquarters primed for battle, feeling that, somehow, he would be in the forefront of the chase for the murderer. And he was shelved. Justly, too, for, after all, he was not merely an amateur, but the veriest novice.

Officer Doughty answered Heenan's ring. In compliance with Heenan's orders, he summoned to the new commissioner's presence all the inspectors in the building. They came into the office and lined up, uneasy in the presence of the new chief. When commissioners change the new one usually "shakes up" the force a bit. But Heenan had no intention of doing anything like that at present. He looked them over.

"You men listen to me," he said, coldly. "I suppose you're all rattled and think the devil's come to earth. Well, he hasn't! This is an ordinary murderer we're after. An ordinary murderer with a few fancy frills. But the frills needn't trouble us. We'll get him. Now, here's what I want: I want every big 'gun' in the city pulled. And I want 'em all locked up in separate cells. You know where they are; if you don't, the stool-pigeons will tell you. Every last big crook in the city—see?

"And I want the leaders of every gang of gun-fighters in the city, too —every one of them. Suspicious persons or vagrancy will be the charge if any of them get lawyers. Or frame them with guns. That Sullivan law against carrying weapons is a great thing," he chuckled. "But don't stop with them. I want every counterfeiter in the city, too—every last one of them! You understand?"

They understood his words, though not his hidden purpose. They all nodded. Heenan was about to send them out to round up the criminals whom he wished to examine, when the telephone bell rang. It was Detective Egan, who wished to report that he'd lost the chauffeur of the taxi in which the Hastings murderer had made his escape.

Heenan's Views

"You lost him hours ago, didn't you?" snarled Heenan. "Why didn't you report sooner? • • • You thought you'd pick him up again, eh? Well, you've lost a $25,000 reward, you boob! He was the murderer. • • • No; he wasn't the real chauffeur; so there's no use going to the garage after him. • • • What'll you do? Well, keep outa my sight is the healthiest advice I can give you."

He hung up and turned to his subordinates.

"You heard what I said?" he demanded. "That was the shadow of the chauffeur that testified in court this morning. That chauffeur was the Hastings murderer. The shadow lost him. Now there's shadows, I understand, on all the witnesses at the hearing of Allaire before Judge Sweeney this morning. Call 'em off at once. They ain't needed. They can be used somewhere else. Call 'em off at once. You'd think there was some terrible mystery to this affair. There ain't. None of those witnesses was mixed in the affair at all. How could they be? This society," and he sneered, "ain't anything new. It's some old-timer operating under a new alias, that's all. You can see by his work that he's a professional. No amateur could 'a' pulled that stuff he's been pulling. The thing to do is get after the known criminals in town and sweat 'em; then we're sure to get the right man among them. Think I'm right?"

This was the sort of advice that coincided with the inspectors' views. They knew but the one sort of detection—arrest every one in sight and bully the whole crowd until some one confessed. They nodded approvingly.

"Mind, call the shadows off this morning's witnesses. I don't want to waste men trailing them. Get busy!"

He Makes a Promise

They departed, and Heenan sneered at their broad, beefy backs that supported beefy brains.

"The dubs," he said.

Doughty entered.

"Got a word for the newspaper boys, Commissioner? They're anxious for a talk with you."

Heenan stepped to the door; the newspaper men, through with Blake, crowded forward to interview his successor. Heenan knew them all; nearly every one of them had helped build up his fabulous reputation.

"What's the word, Commissioner?" asked one. "When will you land the murderer? Got a clew?"

"A hundred of 'em," grinned Heenan. "But I can't slip 'em to you boys just yet. But you take this home to your editors: I'll have the murderer under lock and key within forty-eight hours."

"How about in the meantime? Will he get any one else?"

"He'll not," said Heenan.

Affi then, pleading work, he got them to excuse him. Back in his office, he picked up the telephone and got his agency. Despite what he had said to the inspectors, he knew that no professional with a record was behind these crimes of violence. Heenan knew the handiwork of every professional criminal operating today. He knew all the traits of the man or men who formed this deadly society.

The "society" might be a single man; it might be a score of men. Whichever was true, it was not composed of professional criminals—that is, in the sense which Heenan meant—criminals with police records—Heenan knew that.

Plenty of Ingenuity

But the society had shown a devilish ingenuity which made Heenan hide his own belief from his own subordinates as well as from the newspaper men. Let the society think that Heenan believed that he could capture the criminal or criminals by the old methods of rounding up all known crooks and putting them through the third degree! Let the society think that! Let it also think, if it were interested, that Heenan had dropped shadowing the witnesses of the morning.

Copyright, 1917, International Magazine Co. (Cosmopolitan Magazine.)

To Be Continued Tomorrow.

Beautify the Complexion

IN TEN DAYS

Nadinola CREAM

The Unequaled Beautifier

Used and Endorsed by Thousands

Guaranteed to remove tan, freckles, pimples, liver-spots, etc. Extreme cases 20 days. Rids pores and tightens them. Leaves the skin clear, soft, healthy. At leading toilet counters. If they haven't it, by mail, two sizes, 50c. and $1.20.

NATIONAL TOILET CO., Paris, Tenn.

Why Lose Your Hair

The Cause is Dandruff and Itching; The Remedy Cuticura

All druggists: Soap 25, Ointment 25 & 50, Talcum 25. Sample each free of "Cuticura, Dept. K, Boston."

Prize Winning Models for Late Fall

Here is a most attractive evening wrap of chiffon velvet trimmed with opossum, embodying all the latest suggestions.

Photos by International

Trimmed with opossum fur, this coat of velour is notable for its rich simplicity and its air of smart up-to-dateness.

Household Suggestions

In washing pillows, boiling water should be poured through an opening in the tick, the feathers removed, washed with soap and water and replaced in ticks to dry in the sun and wind.

• • •

When making preserves, three teaspoonfuls of glycerine to every pound of fruit will keep the sugar from fermenting and stop all danger of crystallization.

• • •

To ascertain if yeast is fresh, dissolve in a little warm water with a little sugar and a teaspoonful of flour. If quite good the yeast will rise to the top of the water.

• • •

A straw hat is easily cleaned by washing with warm soapy water, rinsing in clean warm water and drying in the open air. White of egg, beaten to a froth, should be used for stiffening.

• • •

To clean lamp chimneys, hold them over the steam from a teakettle, then rub them with a dry tainted it may be sweetened by to the outside of the glass. This will last the whole season.

• • •

When an earthen jar has become waxpaper folded up into a ball, and, lastly, with a soft cloth, and they will be clear and bright.

• • •

To give shade to a conservatory or greenhouse, make a thin paste of whiting mixed with milk. Apply it

filling with dry earth and leaving in the ground for some time.

• • •

Make cold starch with weak soap suds; it will not stick to the irons, and the starched pieces will have a good polish.

Home Complexion Peeler Works Wonders

To keep the face, neck, arms and hands truly beautiful and youthful in appearance, the treatment which seems most sensible is one which will actually remove the skin itself immediately it begins to age, fade, coarsen or discolor. The only known treatment which will do this, aside from a painful, expensive surgical operation, is the application of ordinary mercolized wax, which is as harmless as it is effective.

The wax is put on at night, just as you apply cold cream, and washed off in the morning. It absorbs the dead and half-dead surface skin in almost invisible flaky particles, a little each day, no discomfort being experienced. With the disappearance of the old cuticle, the newer, healthier skin underneath gradually appears, richly beautified with the flush of youth. This mercolized wax, which you can get at any drug store in original package, is indeed a veritable wonder-worker.—Advertisement.

BLISS NATIVE HERB TABLETS

Look in the mirror and note the condition of your skin. Is it spotty, covered with pimples, or sallow? Or is it fresh, healthy skin, a clear complexion and a bright eye, you know that the blood is good condition. Take Bliss Native Herb Tablets, and you experience an improvement in your health. They remove the cause of pimples, bad breath, sick headaches, indigestion and constipation. They act gently, but effectively on the liver, kidneys and bowels, cleanse the system, purify the blood, and restore that vigorous action. Put up in two sizes, 35c. and $1.00. Get the genuine, and look for our trade mark and money back guarantee on every box.

Sold by leading druggists and local agents everywhere. Made by Alonzo O. Bliss Co., Washington, D. C.

A Daily Recipe

By MONSIEUR CHARLES A. PERRAUDIN, Delmonico's Chef

Celery Broiled Oysters

Open two dozen medium sized oysters, season with salt and pepper. Roll in melted butter and knead in bread crumbs. Broil slowly until they are of a golden color. In the meantime, have some celery cut in dies and boiled. Add to it some cream sauce. Arrange your oysters in the middle of the dish on top of some toast with your celery sauce on both sides.

GLEANED THE POISONS FROM HIS SYSTEM

A MASSACHUSETTS MAN GRATEFUL

Somerville, Mass. A well-liked citizen of this city, who has suffered in the past, writes the following to Dr. J. F. True & Co.:

"I have taken all kinds of laxatives, but none of it cleaned the poison from my system as your Elixir will know what to use hereafter considering the effects it had on me, as I feel splendid now—all my system needed was a good cleaning which only your Elixir gave—other physics I have taken merely passed through my bowels." (Name on Request.)

Dr. True's Elixir has relieved thousands of sufferers during the last 68 years. Imagine a prescription actually lasting so long—doctors come and doctors go, but Dr. True's Elixir, Dr. Family Laxative and Worm Expeller, which was given the world by Dr. True, is as of old, the best friend to be found in your medicine closet.

Symptoms of Worms: Swollen upper lip, deranged stomach, sour stomach, offensive breath, hard and full belly, with occasional gripings and pains about the navel, pale face of leaden tint, eyes heavy and dull, twitching eyelids, itching of the nose, itching of the rectum, short dry cough, grinding of the teeth, little red points sticking out on the tongue, starting during sleep, slow fever.

Harmful Drugs—Recommended by Physicians, of ALL TYPES. Dr. J. F. True & Co., Auburn, Me.

The Love Gambler

A NEW SERIAL BY A FAMOUS WRITER

David DeLaine, War Hero, Is Left Fortune Provided He Marries a Certain Girl

By Virginia Terhune Van de Water

(Author of many novels and one of the country's best known and best liked writers.)

CHAPTER LIV.

Copyright, 1919, Star Company

THE letter from Miss De Laine's lawyer was not long, yet David read and re-read it before its contents began to assume their true significance.

The letter informed him that his uncle, Francis De Laine, had recently died in the Far West, and that this news had been sent to Henry Andrews—Miss Jeanne De Laine's lawyer—as the spinster had been the dead man's next of kin.

"From what I can gather," Andrews wrote, "with your aunt's death you became your uncle's heir. He died childless and a bachelor. I would, however, prefer talking this matter over with you instead of writing about it. Please run on to Baltimore at your early convenience. The matter may be one of great moment to you."

Of great moment to him! What could this imply?

David De Laine recalled his last conversation with Henry Andrews. The lawyer knew that the young man was poor, that he had refused to accept the terms of his aunt's will by which he might acquire a comfortable income. Possibly David's uncle had left a goodly sum of money.

Only for a moment did the nephew let himself entertain this possibility. Then he remembered that his Uncle Francis had been a visionary person who had probably gone through his fortune as quickly as David's wife father had gone through his.

He might have left behind him several hundred dollars—hardly more. But David was not in a position to scorn even this small sum. It would at least tide him over until he had secured a new position. It seemed like an answer to his mental question as to how he could live after he had given up his present job and before he secured another.

He would go to Baltimore as soon as possible.

He would not mention where he was going, but ask Samuel Leighton if he could dispense with his services for a few days. It would not do to leave Baltimore for if Walter Jefferson Jones told the Leightons that he had once met Smith in that city David's mention of his destination might awaken suspicions as to his identity.

A Welcome Release

Much as he dreaded leaving Desiree, his heart grew light as he appreciated that there was a chance of his quitting the atmosphere of uncertainty in which he had lived lately. Now that he saw a way of escape he felt his present situation almost unendurable.

Suddenly he decided to take immediate steps to change it permanently. He would write here and now to his employer, announcing his intention of giving up his place as chauffeur.

He had written a part of a note when he paused for reconsideration. He hoped his absurd departure might not cause Samuel Leighton or his daughter actual inconvenience. So he added a paragraph to guard against this. The epistle finished, he read it carefully.

"Dear Sir," it ran. "A communication which I have just received makes it advisable for me to take a trip to another city as soon as practicable. Therefore, if convenient to you, I will ask you to allow me to give up my position with you. I thank you for your kindness and consideration to me while I have been in your employ.

"If you wish to communicate with me, please write to me at the address at the head of this sheet. You may also mail my check to this same address—paying me only up to last evening. In leaving you without longer notice I forfeit—in my own eyes, at least—the right to my pay to the end of the week.

"Respectfully yours, David Smith."

Samuel Leighton had told his chauffeur that he would not need the car in the morning. If David attached extra stamps to this letter marked it "special delivery," and mailed it now, his employer should receive it early in the day, before leaving his house for his office.

De Laine did not dare to linger a stop to think that perhaps he might never again see Desiree. Down in the bottom of his heart lurked a hope that Henry Andrews might have information for him that would make it possible for him to reveal his identity to the Leightons. Yet he would not dwell upon this fancy.

He Mails His Letter

He made a copy of his letter to Samuel Leighton. He wanted to be able to recall exactly what he had said. His mind was too perturbed just now for him to think very clearly.

Hurrying out to the post box at the corner, he mailed the epistle, then, returning to his room, paced restlessly up and down until the lodger in the room below his knocked on the ceiling to warn him that quiet is desirable after midnight.

Ashamed of his selfishness, David removed his shoes, undressed quietly and went to bed.

But not to sleep.

He lived over again the moment he had been alone with Desiree, saw once more the appealing look in her voice as she said:

"You don't know anything about my pendant—do you?"

What did she mean? Why was everybody asking him about this pendant? he wondered impatiently.

Well, he had severed all connections with the Leighton household. Now, lying awake in the silence of his own room, he appreciated that he had burned his bridges behind him. Of course, there was a bare chance that Mr. Leighton might not be able to secure another chauffeur immediately. In that case David might let his employer's daughter again before leaving New York.

He had changed his views entirely. A few hours ago he had longed to get away. By dawn he was cursing himself for an idiot in leaving so abruptly.

(To Be Continued.)

Mother knows Resinol will heal it

She has been through it so many times before that she never hesitates now. When anyone in the family comes to her with a spot of eczema or an itching rash, she gets out the jar of Resinol Ointment and gives prompt relief. And a few applications seldom fail to clear away the irritation completely.

Resinol Ointment is an excellent baby dressing, too, for burns, scalds, cuts and chapped hands. Sold by all druggists, for sample free, write to Dept. 4-R, Resinol, Baltimore, Md. *Use Resinol Soap for babies.*

HIGH GRADE BOSTON DYE HOUSE CLEANERS

"Anything worth doing at all is worth doing well."—Ben Franklin.

Test Our Cleaning Skill

Send us your most soiled and most rumpled garments and see how completely we can renovate them.

When we return them spick and span, cleaned so as to look almost new, you will agree that we are very skilled in our work.

BOSTON DYE HOUSE, INC.

Room 302, 8 Winter St.

Tel. Beach 695

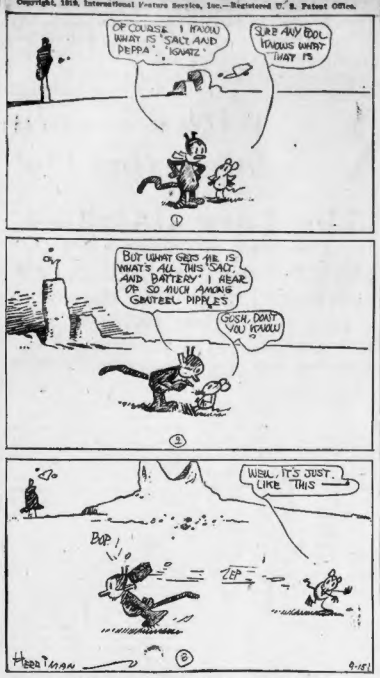
Works at Malden, Mass.

Malden 2000

Branch at New Bedford

KRAZY KAT

Copyright, 1919, International Feature Service, Inc.—Registered U. S. Patent Office.


OF COURSE I KNOW WHAT IS SALT AND PEPPA' 'IGNATZ'
SURE ANY FOOL KNOWS WHAT THAT IS
BUT WHAT GETS ME IS WHAT'S ALL THIS 'SALT AND BATTERY' I HEAR OF SO MUCH AMONG GAUTEEL PIPPLES
SUSH, DON'T YOU KNOWW
WELL, IT'S JUST LIKE THIS
BAP!
HERRIMAN

THEN THE FUN BEGAN

Copyright, 1919, International Feature Service, Inc.

I THINK THAT MRS. GREEN IS THE MOST SNOBBISH HUSSY I EVER SEEN- DONT YOU, JOHN?
WHY-I-ER I DONT THINK SO!
MRS GREEN'S HUSBAND
THANKS TO CHARLIE HALL
BERNDT

THE GENERAL

Copyright, 1919, International Feature Service, Inc.

Kabibble Kabaret

Copyright, 1919, International Feature Service, Inc.—Registered U. S. Patent Office.

DEAR MR. KABIBBLE,
I SAW MY FIANCE SITTING IN A MOVING PICTURE THEATRE WITH A BLONDE - WHAT DO YOU THINK OF IT?

SOME BLONDE, IF YOU CAN SEE HER IN A DARK MOVING PICTURE THEATRE!

BRINGING UP FATHER

Copyright, 1919, International Feature Service, Inc.

By George McManus

OH THERE'S MR WISE - GO TALK TO HIM FOR AWHILE AND YOU'LL LEARN SOME THING
ALL RIGHT- BUT DON'T BE ROUGH. REMEMBER YOU'RE NOT HOME-
AH, MR. JIGGS - HOW IS EVERY THING AT HOME-
OH! SHE'S ALL RIGHT.
BY THE WAY - MR. JIGGS - YOU ARE A MAN OF INTELLIGENCE
?
WHAT DO YOU THINK OF DE MAUPASSANT'S WORKS-
I DON'T KNOW - I NEVER WORKED THERE!

JERRY ON THE JOB

Copyright, 1919, International Feature Service, Inc.—Registered U. S. Patent Office.

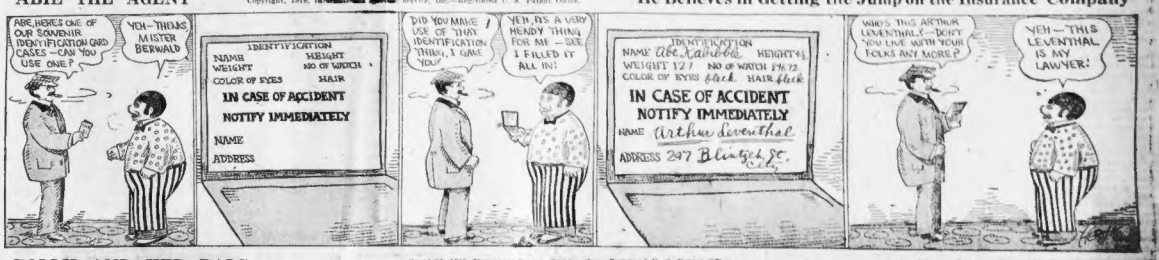
The Young Man Is a Liberal-Minded Cuss

SING SING UNION STRIKE
PICKLE SHAVERS LOCAL No 2
UNION MEETING
PROFESSIONAL PALL BEARERS LOCAL No 0
UNION EGGS
SHORTER HALF HOURS FOR ARTISTS
TEA TASTERS UNION MEETS TONIGHT
ROCKING CHAIR UNION
GEE - THERE'S MORE UNIONS NOWADAYS THAN THERE IS RED NOSES— ITS A GREAT PROTECTION FOR THE WORKER.
AND THEN AGAIN, THE WORKINGMAN'S GOTTA HAVE UNIONS SO HE DON'T HAFTA DO WHAT THE BOSS TELLS HIM.
G'MORNING - I'D LIKE TO HAVE A TICKET TO NEW MONIA.
SURE - $2.69
$2.69 ME EYE - YOUSHTA SLIP ME A PASS - I'M FROM THE PRETZEL BENDERS UNION - I'M THE WALKING DELEGATE.
THAT BEIN THE CASE - YOU DON'T NEED NO TICKET

ABIE THE AGENT

Copyright, 1919, International Feature Service, Inc.—Registered U. S. Patent Office.

He Believes in Getting the Jump on the Insurance Company


ABE, HERES ONE OF OUR SOUVENIR IDENTIFICATION CARD CASES - CAN YOU USE ONE?
YEH - THANK MISTER BERWALD
NAME IDENTIFICATION
WEIGHT HEIGHT
COLOR OF EYES HAIR NO OF WATCH
IN CASE OF ACCIDENT
NOTIFY IMMEDIATELY
NAME
ADDRESS
DID YOU MAKE USE OF THAT IDENTIFICATION THING, I GAVE YOU?
YEH, ITS A VERY HANDY THING FOR ME - SEE I FILLED IT ALL IN!
NAME Abe Rainbow HEIGHT 5 4
WEIGHT 127 NO OF WATCH 24.72
COLOR OF EYES black HAIR black
IN CASE OF ACCIDENT
NOTIFY IMMEDIATELY
NAME Arthur Leventhal
ADDRESS 247 Blvd St.
WHO'S THIS ARTHUR LEVENTHAL? - DON'T YOU LIVE WITH YOUR FOLKS ANY MORE?
YEH — THIS LEVENTHAL IS MY LAWYER!

POLLY AND HER PALS

Copyright, 1919, Newspaper Feature Service, Inc.—Registered U. S. Patent Office. Great Britain Rights Reserved.

Polly's Not the Only Pebble

POLLY AN' HER PALS IS GOIN' TO THE MOVIES!
GOOD! WE'LL HAVE A LIL' PEACE AN' QUIET WITH THEM COLLEGE CUBS OUTTA THE WAY!
MY ADELINE - SAY YOU'LL BE M-I-N-E!
DRY UP, DERA-HE! POLLY'S TO THE MOVIES!
POLLY!
WHAT ME BE AN' YOU
WAS
YOUSE
MAG-GIEEE!

US BOYS

Copyright, 1919, International Feature Service, Inc.—Registered U. S. Patent Office.

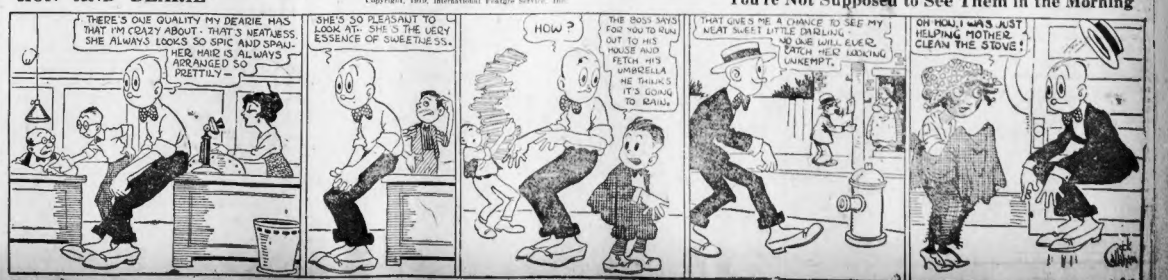
No Wonder Skinny Feels Hurted

I HEAR YOU HAVE BEEN TO THE 'SAMATARIUM' TO SEE VAN' - HOW IS THE 'DEAH' CHAP?
GREAT! - I BRANG HIM DOWN SOME BREAD AND BUTTER AND SUGAR YESTERDAY, BUT I DIDN'T TALK TO HIM, HE WAS ASLEEPIN'!
DID HE EAT THE BREAD AND BUTTER AND SUGAR?
YOU BET, THE 'SAMATARIUM' CALLED ME UP THIS MORNIN' AND SAID VAN SAID TO TELL ME HE - EATED IT WITH GUSTO!
ISN'T THAT NICE!
I HOPE I DIDN'T LET ON TO EMILY, BUT I'M A LITTLE BIT JEALOUS!
I BRANG THAT BREAD AND BUTTER AND SUGAR TO VAN HISSELF AND THEN HE GOES AND LETS GUS TOW EAT IT WITH HIM
WHAT RIGHT'S HE GOT EATIN ANY OF VANS BREAD AND BUTTER AND SUGAR, ID LIKE TO KNOW?
TOM McNAMARA

HON AND DEARIE

Copyright, 1919, International Feature Service, Inc.

You're Not Supposed to See Them in the Morning


THERE'S ONE QUALITY MY DEARIE HAS THAT I'M CRAZY ABOUT - THAT'S NEATNESS SHE ALWAYS LOOKS SO SPIC AND SPAN- HER HAIR IS ALWAYS ARRANGED SO PRETTILY -
SHE'S SO PLEASANT TO LOOK AT. SHE IS THE VERY ESSENCE OF SWEETNESS.
HOW?
THE BOSS SAYS FOR YOU TO RUN OUT TO HIS HOUSE AND FETCH HIS UMBRELLA HE THINKS IT'S GOING TO RAIN
THAT GIVES ME A CHANCE TO SEE MY NEAT SWEET LITTLE DARLING - NO ONE WILL EVER CATCH HER LOOKING UNKEMPT.
OH HOW I WAS JUST HELPING MOTHER - CLEAN THE STOVE!

Stocks Are Strong in New York and Boston

STEEL ISSUES LED EARLY ADVANCE

Oils Are Prominent for Gains, While Equipments Also Climb

By W. H. ROSS, Financial Editor.

Stocks were strong in New York at the end of an active morning, but gains were not on the highest level for that period, as profit-taking in the second hour had decreased gains quite generally. Steels were leaders when the market opened and continued at the fore. Oils and equipments were also prominent in the upward movement. A number of issues sold at the highest they have ever reached. Trading was of good volume. Morning transactions totaled more than 500,000 shares. The opening call rate was 6 per cent.

At the highest level of the morning market gains ranged from fractions to more than seven points. Strongest issues at noon included Mexican Petroleum, Baldwin, Bethlehem B, Lorillard, Texas & Pacific and Studebaker. U. S. Steel was up ¾ at 105¾, after ranging from 106¼ to 106⅝.

Among stocks to show losses at noon were American Woolen common, Anaconda, California Petroleum, Keystone, Industrial Alcohol, and New York Royal Dutch. They were fractionally lower.

Foreign exchange rates were steady, demand sterling opening ¼ higher at 4.17½. Corp declined at Chicago, and cotton in New York.

BREAK THE WEEK HIGHER.

The market began the week with an advance. It was decidely strong at the opening on the public sending in new buying orders to buy and trading beginning under the impetus of an accumulation of mandates of this sort. Extract gains were substantial in a number of cases, including Baldwin, which opened at its year's highest; Sumatra, Texas Co., Studebaker, Mexican and Retail Stores. All were up two or more points on first sales. American Linseed also sold at its highest record prices. Mexican Petroleum and Pan American sold ex-dividend and for all that attained highest record prices. Fisher Body also established a new record high. Many issues, including U. S. Steel, began with a point or more gain. Steels were the leaders in point of activity, benefiting by rumors that the steel strike had been postponed. Oils and equipments were also prominent. Rails and coppers continued inconspicuous. Sales were somewhat lighter. Business was of good value at the start.

MONEY OUTLOOK IMPROVED.

Wall street regards the money outlook improved and there is less fear of a stringent situation as regards rates. They are expected to be lower as the crop movement gets under way, the ability to finance crop movements without much if any aid. Interior funds are accumulating in New York in large amounts by interior leaders for long terms and at reasonable rates. The second bank statement was satisfactory. Surplus reserves increased and loans decreased. A broader movement in speculation is predicted by some discerning observers. While the majority of professional traders are still committed to the bear side, there is more disposition in that quarter to shift position.

Dividend Declarations

Wilson & Co. declared quarterly dividend of $1.25 on common and $1.75 on preferred. Common payable November 1 to stock of record October 21 and preferred October 1 to stock of record September 20.

American Window Glass Machine Co. declared quarterly dividend of 1¾ per cent. on the preferred stock, payable October 1 to holders of record September 19.

Dodge Manufacturing Co. declared quarterly dividend of 1½ per cent. and extra of 1 per cent. on common, and regular 1¾ per cent. on preferred, payable October 15 to stock October 1 to stock of record September 27; preferred October 1 to stock of record September 22.

Victor Talking Machine Co. declared a special dividend of $15 per share on common and in addition to regular quarterly dividends of $3 per share on common and of $1.75 on the preferred stock, both payable October 15 to holders of record September 30.

Pittsburgh Steel Co. declared regular quarterly dividends of 1¾ per cent. on preferred stock of record September 19 payable September 30; regular quarterly dividend of 1¾ per cent. on first preferred stock of record September 19 payable October 20 to stock of record September 30.

City Loans

Sennepscott, Me., has sold to the Central Nation Bank of Lynn at 4.49 per cent. discount a temporary loan of $50,000, dated September 20, 1919, and maturing March 12, 1920.

C. J. Neal, director of Cleveland, Ohio, finance, has awarded $5,025,000 5 per cent. various city improvement certificates at par, principally bought by A. B. Leach & Co. at 101.322.

Bank Condition Calls

The comptroller of the currency has called for a report as of business Sept. 10, national banks on September 12, while the Massachusetts bank commissioner has called for a report as to conditions of the same date.

Chicago Grain Market

Chicago, Sept. 15.—Corn opened unchanged to ¼c lower; oats were ¼c to ⅝c lower. Opening prices: December, $1.37½ to 1.37¾; May, 1.35; December, 1.39 to 1.39¼; May, 1.41¾ to 1.42. Oats—December, 67½ to 68; May, 69½ to 69¾. Lard—October, 30.05.

Boston Bank Statement

The Boston bank statement shows cash reserves held in the Federal Reserve Bank of $21,677,000, an increase of $478,000 last week.

STANDARD OIL COMPENDIUMS

A limited number of these indispensable booklets are ready for distribution, free, to bona fide investors only.

PETROLEUM

"Being a comprehensive digest of various oil interests written by experts who have recently made a personal investigation of the various fields. Mailed to legitimate investors without charge.

Editors of both booklets limited. The right to reject applications is reserved by us.

L. L. WINKELMAN & CO.
STOCK BROKERS
Main Office: 44 Broad Street, New York

New York Stocks

Prices on the New York Stock Exchange from the opening until 12:15 o'clock had the following range:

Stocks	Open	High	Low	Latest
Adams Express	40	40	40	
Adv Rumely	39½	40½	39½	40⅜
Am Beet Sugar	55	56½	55	56½
Alaska	2¾	2¾	2¾	2¾
Allis-Chalmers	45¾	46½	45¾	46
Am Ag Chem	96	96	96	96
Am Beet Sugar	87¼	87¾	87	87⅞
*Am Bosch Mag	114	114	114	114
Am Can	55½	55⅝	55	55⅜
Am Car & Fdry	123½	124⅝	123½	124⅜
Am Coting Oil	59¼	59¼	56	56¾
Am Drug Syn	11	11¼	11	11¼
Am H & L	47¾	47¾	46¾	46¾
Am H & L pf	72¾	72¾	72¾	72¾
*Am Int Corp	103½	104½	104	104
Am Linseed	73	74	72¾	73¾
Am Loco	101½	102	101½	101½
Am Sgr Ref Corp	93¾	93¾	93¾	93¾
Am Smelting	87¼	87¾	87¼	87¾
Am Steel Fdry	41	41	40	41
Am Sumatra	114	114	114	114
Am Tel & Tel	101	101	100¾	101
A T&Tobacco	225	225	225	225
*Am Woolen	119¾	120	117¾	120
Am Writ Paperpf	58½	60	58½	60
An Zinc	23	23	23	23
Anaconda	69¾	70¾	69¾	70⅜
Atchison	91¾	92	91¾	91⅞
Atlantic Coast	165½	165½	165	165
Baldwin Loco	138½	139¾	138¼	138⅝
Balt Ohio	40¾	41¾	40¾	41⅜
Balt Ohio pf	46¾	47¾	46¾	47¾
Beth Motor Corp	29¾	29¾	29½	29⅝
*Beth Steel B	90¾	95	89¾	94
Booth Fisheries	174	174	174	174
Butte Copper	11¾	12	11½	12
Butte & Sup	26¾	27	26¾	27
Caddo Oil	38½	38½	38	38
*Cal Packing	68¾	70	68¾	69¾
Cal Petrol	24½	24½	24¼	24¼
Cal Petrol pf	86	86½	86	86½
Can Pacific	152	152	152	152½
Central Leather	101	102¼	100¼	100¾
Cen Foundries pf	59¾	60½	59¾	59¾
Ches & Ohio	56¾	56¾	56¾	56¾
Ches Ohio	66¾	67¾	66¾	67⅛
Chic Gt W	24¾	25	24¾	25
Chic R I & P	41	41	40¾	40¾
Chic R I & P pf	25¼	26¼	25¼	26¼
Chi Mil & P	46¾	46¾	46¾	46¾
Chi Mil & P pf	69¾	69¾	69¾	69¾
Chile	24¾	24¾	24¾	24¾
Chile	45	45	44¾	44¾
Col Fuel	46	46	46	46
Columbia Gas	63½	63¾	63½	63½
Continental Candy	13¾	13¾	13¾	13¾
Cont Can	96¼	96¾	96¼	96¾
Con I Cal	17¾	17¾	17¾	17¾
Con Gas	134¾	135¼	134¾	135¼
Con Prod	87¾	88	87¾	87¾
Crucible Steel	135	136½	134	135
Cuba Cane Sugar	24¾	24¾	24	24
Denver & G pf	17¾	18½	17¾	18⅜
Douss Mines	18¾	18¾	18¾	18¾
Erie	14¾	14¾	14¾	14¾
Erie 1st pf	28½	28½	28½	28½
Equitable Petroleum	10¾	10¾	10¾	10¾
Fam Players Corp	102¾	104	102¾	104⅛
Fed M & Smelt pf	32	32	32	32
Fisher Body	144	146	144	144
Fisk Rubber	46¾	46¾	46¾	46¾
Freeport Tex Co	48	48	48	48¼
Gaston Williams	30	30	30	30
Gen Cigar	82¾	82¾	81¾	82¾
Gen Motors	240	242	240	240
Gen Motors Db	86½	86½	86¼	86¼
Goodrich	82¾	83¼	82¾	83¼
Gt Northern Ore	44	44	43¾	44
Gt Nor Ry pf	87¾	88¼	87¾	88¼
Haskell & B	62	65¾	63½	63½
Inspiration	61¾	62¾	61¾	61¾
Int Harvester	133¾	133¾	133	133
Int Nickel	26¾	26¾	26¾	26¾
Int Paper	57	57¾	57	57¾
Kelly-Springfield	138¾	138¾	136¾	136¾
Kennecott	35¾	35¾	35¾	35¾
Keystone Tire	63¾	64¾	61	62¾
Kresge	94	94	93½	93½
Lig & My	227¾	227¾	227¼	227¼
Lehigh Val	49¾	49¾	49¾	49¾
Loose-Wiles	104¾	104¾	104	104¼
Maxwell	49¾	49¾	48¾	48¾
Maxwell 1st pf	80	80½	80	80½
Maxwell 2d pf	69¾	69¾	69¾	69¾
Mer Marine	62¾	64¾	61¾	63
Mer Marine pf	122¾	124¾	122¾	124¾
*Mex Petrol	211½	214	211½	216½
Miami	27	27¾	27	27¾
Midvale Steel	53	53	52	52¾
Mo Pacific	28	28	28	28
Mo Pacific pf	46¾	47¾	46¾	46¾
N & W	109¾	109¾	108¾	109
Nat Conduit	16	16	16	16
Nat Acident Corp	47¾	48¾	47¾	47¾
Nat'l Lead	80¼	80¼	80¼	80¼
New Haven	32	33¾	32	32¾
N Y Central	73	73	72¾	72¾
N Y Dock	32½	32½	32½	32½
Norfolk & W	101	101	101	101
Nor Pacific	87¾	88	87¾	87¾
*North American Co	64¾	64¾	64¾	64¾
North Pacific	79¾	80¼	79	79¾
Ohio Cities Gas	54¾	54¾	54	54¾
Oklahoma P & R	10¾	10¾	10½	10¾
Owens Bottle	71	71	71	71
Pacific Gas & Elc	87	87	86¾	87
Pac Gas Petrol pf	123¾	124¾	123¾	123¾
Pan Am Petrol	48½	49¼	48½	49¼
Penn Sea Steel	43	43¾	43	43
Penn R R	43¾	43¾	43¾	43¾
Philadelphia Co	34¾	34¾	34¾	34¾
Pierce-Arrow	59	59	59	59
Pierce Oil	12¾	12¾	12¾	12¾
Pere Marquette	18	18	18	18
Penn Coal	64	65¾	64	65¾
Pitts & W Va	33¾	34¾	33¾	34
Pond Creek	32¾	33	32¾	32¾
Pu Sil Car	92	92½	92	92
Punta Sugar	69½	69½	68½	69½
Ry Steel	24¾	24¾	24¾	24¾
Ry Stl Spring	59¾	60½	59¾	59¾
Reading	80	81¾	80	80
Rep I & S	93½	93½	93½	93¾
Rep Iron & Steel	90¾	90¾	88	89¾
Royal Dutch	81	81	81	81
Saxon Motor Car	21¾	21¾	21¾	21¾
Sinclair Oil	61¼	61¾	60¾	61¼
Sloss-Sheffield	66	66	66	66
So Pacific	102¾	103¾	102¾	103¼
So Railway	28	28	27¾	27¾
St Louis S F	19	19¾	19	19¾
Stromberg	68¾	68¾	66½	66½
Studebaker	117½	119	116	119½
Tenn Cop	18¾	18¾	18¾	18¾
Texas Co	276	278½	273¾	278
Texas & Pac	50½	51	50½	51
Tobacco Prod	101¾	102	101¾	101¾
Transcon Oil	17¾	17¾	16¾	17¾
Un Alloy Stl	42	42¼	42	42
Un Drug	159	159	150	150
Un Fruit Prof	94¼	95	94¼	95
Un Fruit	184¾	184¾	184¾	184¾
U S I Alcohol	137½	138¾	137½	138
U S Rubber Stores	105	105¼	104½	104¾
Un Pacific	124¾	124	123	124
U S Rub	60½	61¾	60½	61¾
U S Smelting	69¾	70¾	69¾	69¾
U S Steel	105¾	106¾	105¾	105¾
U S Steel pf	114½	114½	114½	114½
Utah Copper	86¼	86¾	86¼	86¾
Wabash pf A	39¾	39¾	39¾	39¾
Westinghouse	54½	55½	54½	54¾

GOVERNMENT BONDS

1st 4½s	99.58	100	99.58	99.98
2d 4s	99.58	99.98	99.58	99.98
2d 4s 1927-47	93.10	93.10	93.10	93.10
1st 4¼s 1932-47	94.95	95	94.98	95
2d 4¼s 1927-42	95.26	95.26	95.26	95.26
4 3/4s 1925	95.18	95.26	95.18	95.18
4s 1925	95.18	95.26	95.18	95.18
Victory 4¾s	99.76	99.76	99.72	99.74
Victory 3¾s	99.80	99.88	99.80	99.80

*Ex-dividend.

United Shoe Machinery Corporation

The directors of this corporation have declared a dividend of 1¾% on the preferred capital stock. They have also declared a dividend of $1.00 per share on the common capital stock. The dividends on both preferred and common stock are payable October 4, 1919, to stockholders of record at the close of business September 16, 1919.

L. A. COOLIDGE, Treasurer.

PRICES HIGHER ON BOSTON EXCHANGE

But the Local Market Is Narrow in Trading and Range

Stocks were strong in Boston at the opening, but the market was quiet and fluctuations narrow. Early trading was of the usual character as at the desk-end. There was no change of consequence up to noon. Largest gains during the morning were by Libby, St. Mary's Land, Calumet & Arizona and Boston & Maine. They had advanced from one to two points at their highest. St. Mary's Land being the strongest of the quartet.

Fractional gains were made by Parish & Bingham, Root & Van Dervoort, Gray & Davis, Mullins Body, Davis-Daly, Copper Range, Stewart, Cuba Alegre, Carson Hill, U. S. Smelting, Ventura, New Haven, and United Shoe.

Among those to recede were Boston Elevated, Dominion Coal and Swift & Co. Wolworth and Highest. They had declined fractionally.

Trading in copper was very quiet. Most of the business was in auto accessory and packing house shares.

Boston Financial Notes

There is talk around State street that wires in the U. S. smelting directors meeting later this month the common dividend may be raised from 2 to 3 or 4 per cent. Two years ago the dividend was equal to $41 a share on the $25,000,000 common now outstanding at the end of June.

The N. Y. Central's new $15,000,000 6 per cent. collateral gold notes have been declared a legal investment for Massachusetts savings banks by the state bank commissioner. One of the first seven months of this year this road's gross increased $20,866,872, while its net increased $10,873,126.

BANKER WASHBURN TO ADDRESS CONVENTION

At the eighteenth annual convention of the savings banks section of the American Bankers' Association, which opens in St. Louis on September 29 for a three-day session, Mr. Frederic H. Washburn, president of the Franklin Savings Bank of Boston will discuss savings bank investments, following which there will be a round table discussion, with suggestions already received from members of such topics as: Segregation of saving deposits from commercial banks, guaranty of deposits, postal savings developments, taxation of banks, deposits by aliens, taxation exemptions, various questions connected with the large deposits of Liberty Bonds, etc.

The bankers who will attend represent more than $5,000,000,000 and more than 5,000 banks. One topic to come before the meeting will be the railroad problem, which is of vital interest to these financiers and bank depositors, as there are known to be more than $500,000,000 of railroad bonds held by the mutual savings banks for their depositors, and other savings institutions hold an amount running into the billions.

Movement of Gold

Latest New York assay office gold withdrawals are $206,000 in bars for Paris. From the sub-treasury $10,000 in coin has been obtained for Central America. $5,000 for South America. South Africa gold amounting to $4,250,000 has been brought in London for shipment to the United States. By this sale sterling can be purchased at the rate of $4.76 and upward prevailing in New York and yield producers 15 per cent. above the Bank of England gold buying rate.

New Mass. Corporations

New companies which have received Massachusetts charters from the Commissioner of Corporations include the following: Capital, Samson Motor Company, Boston, capital $150,000; Unlocked Heel Shoe Company, Inc., Boston, $150,000; Tremont Talking Machine Company, Boston, $125,000; Air Containing Company, Inc., Boston, autos and accessories, $200,000.

Steel Ingot Output

The steel ingot output of thirty countries, representing about 85 per cent. of American production for the first eight months of 1919, totalled 20,116,937 tons. During the corresponding period for 1918 the production amounted to 23,319,254. But in 1918 every effort was being made to supply a war-time demand.

Bank Call Issued

In Washington, Sept. 15.—The comptroller of the currency has issued a call for the condition of national banks at the close of business of September 12.

Boston Stocks

Prices on the Boston Stock Exchange from the opening until 12:15 p. m. had the following range:

Stocks	Open	High	Low	Latest
Am As Chem	84¼	84¾	84¼	84¾
Am Ag Chem pf	97½	97½	97½	97½
Am Pneu Serv pf	41	41	41	41
Am Sugar	130½	130½	130½	130½
Am Sugar pf	117½	117½	117½	117½
Am Tel & Tel	101	101¼	100¾	101
*Am Woolen pf	107	107	107	107
Associates	69¾	69¾	69¾	69¾
Ag Am Corp Cm	20	20	20	20
Big Horn Min	10¾	10¾	10¾	10¾
Bth	4	4	4	4
Boston Elevated	65½	65½	65½	66½
Boston & Maine	33	33	32¾	33¼
Cal & Arizona	71¾	72	71¾	72
Calif Hecla	420	420	410	420
Carson Hill Min	24¼	24¼	24¼	25½
Copper Range	57¾	58¼	57¾	58¼
Cub Port Cement	14½	14½	14½	14½
Davis-Daly	10¾	10¾	10¾	10¾
Daly-West	8	8	8	8
East Butte	11¼	11¼	11¼	11¾
Edison Electric	140	140	140	140
Fairbanks Co	76½	76½	76½	76½
Franklin Mining	4¼	4¼	4¼	4¼
Gray & Davis	29	29	29	29
Rts	2¾	2¾	2¾	3¼
Indiana	7¼	7¼	7¼	7¼
In Port Cement pf	25	25	25	25
Int Products Co	45½	46½	45½	45½
Int Products pf	78	78	78	78
Island Oil	7¼	7¼	7¼	7¼
Kennecott	35¼	35¼	35¼	35¼
La Salle	4	4	4	4
Libby McNeill	28	29	28	29
Lowe's Theatres	9	9	9	9
Mass Gas Co pf	62	62	62	62
Mass Cons	7¼	7¼	7¼	7¼
Marlboro Off Co	3¾	3¾	3¾	3¾
Michigan Cop	8¾	8¾	8¾	8¾
Mohawk	75	75	75	75
Mullin Body Corp	36½	36½	35¾	36
Mullens Body pf	97	97	97	97
Nat Leather	10	10	10	10
New Arcadian	4¼	4¼	4¼	4¼
N E Tel	89	89	88½	89
New Haven R R	32	32¾	32¼	32¾
New River	18	18½	18	18½
North Butte	15½	15½	15½	15½
Penn Beach R R	32	32¾	32¼	32¾
Pond Creek Coal	32¾	32¾	32¾	32¾
Punta Sugar	69	69	68½	69
Root Van Dervoort	41¾	41¾	41¾	41¾
Shattuck Copper	4	4	4	4
Stewart Mig Co	51½	51	51	51½
St Mary's Land	62	63¾	62	62
Suspense & Boston	4½	4½	4½	4½
Superior Copper	7	7	7	7
Swift & Co	125½	126½	125½	125½
Tex W & R	174½	174½	174½	174½
Swift International	57½	57½	57½	57½
Tamarack	70	70	70	70
Thos G. Plant	97	97	97	97
Trinity Copper	1¾	2	1¾	2
Tuolumne	2	2	2	2
United Fruit	184¼	184¼	184¼	
United Drug 1st pf	52¾	52¾	52¾	53
United Drug 2d pf	148½	148½	148½	148½
United Shoe Mach	52	52	51½	52
U S Smelt pf	27	27	27	27
U S Smelting	69¾	70¼	69½	69¾
U S Smelting pf	41	41	41	41
U S Steel	106¼	106¾	106¼	106¾
Utah Cons	10	10	10	10
Ventura	16¾	17	16¾	17
Victoria	3½	3½	3½	3½
Waldorf System	188	188	188	188
Walworth	21	21	20¾	21
W E R R	41	41	41	41
W E R R pf	50	50	50	50
Winona	2¼	2¼	2¼	2¼

*Ex-dividend.

BONDS

At Gulf W I s	82	82	82	82
Mex Petrol 6s 29	90	90	90	90
Mas River Power 6s	76½	76½	76½	76½
Tenn Cons 6s	92	92	92	92
Punta Sugar 8s	103½	103½	103	103½

GOVERNMENT BONDS

Liberty 3½s	99.74	99.74	99.74	99.74
2d 4s 1927-42	93.10	93.10	93.10	93.10
1st 4¼s 1932-47	94.94	94.94	94.94	94.94
2d 4¼s 1927-42	95.04	95.10	95.04	95.10
4th 4¼s 1933	95.06	95.10	95.06	95.10
4th 4¼s 1938	93.04	93.04	93.04	93.04
Victory Notes 4¾s	99.94	99.94	99.94	99.94

Boston Curb

Opening prices on the Boston Curb today were:

	Saturday's Close	Today's Opening
Albany	26	25½
Allen Oil		3.50
American Oil	7c	6c
Arizona Silver	3½c	3½c
Big 4 Hawk	85c	84c
Boston & Montana	8c	8c
Crystal (new)	80c	80c
Delhi Min	2c	2c
Golfport	25c	25c
Home Oil	2c	2c
Rendee Mfg	42¾	42½
Portsmouth Tire	2	2
Pilgrim		1.25
Reo Motor	17.50	17.50
Seven Metals	40c	35c
Submarine	2½	2½
Superior Oil	3c	3c
Texas Oil	2.00	2.00
Texana	60c	60c

New York Curb

Bid and ask prices on the New York Curb today at 10:45 a. m. were:

	Bid	Asked
Aetna Explosives	1¾	2
Allied Packers	53	56
Chalmers Motor	5	5½
Cities S Bkrs cfs	49¾	49¾
Curtiss Aero	40	40½
Invincible Oil	33½	35
Liberty Motor	2¾	3
Simms Petroleum	92	93
Sinclair Cons	30	30½
Submarine Boat	15	16
Tob Prods Exp	7	7½
United Motors	45	46
Wright-Martin	3	3½

New York Sub-Treasury Gain

New York, Sept. 15.—The sub-treasury has $301,000 to the credit of the banks, making the cash net gain since Friday to $852,000.

Wall Street Briefs

Business of the Stewart Speedometer Co. is running 30 per cent. ahead of the first year ago and it is operating its plant at capacity.

Despite Durand denials there is persistent circulation of the rumor that Durant interests have been buying Fisher Body stock with the aim of merging the two in a new car corporation which is expanding its plants in Flint, Michigan.

Wall Street expect the listed Retail Stores Association to inaugurate dividends soon on common stock at a rate not less than 6 per cent. annually.

The capital of the Glens Falls Insurance Co. is to be increased from $500,000 to $1,000,000.

The S. Food Products Corporation directors have declared a quarterly dividend of 1¾ per cent. quarterly dividend and the usual extra 1¾ per cent., payable October 1 to stock Thursday next.

The last three calendar years the Baldwin Locomotive Works has earned approximately $115 per share on its $30,000,000 common stock after all taxation.

The Submarine & Company, Inc., plant and American Ship & Commerce Corporation capital stock, on the basis of 5 shares of Submarine Ship & Engine Building Company and 1 of Kerr Navigation Company for each share of today, has a book value of between $45 and $46 per share without any value for the goodwill of the operating units or application of the $7,000,000 cash in the holding company's treasury.

The underwriting of the 150,000 shares of V. Vivadou, Inc., has been heavily oversubscribed, it is announced by J. S. Bache & Co. and S. M. Schmidtz, syndicate managers. The underwriting price was $28 per share. Books open and close for public subscription at 501 Fifth Ave. Net earnings from operations are of the rate of $1,200,000 per annum, with the present four plants running to capacity supplying only 40 per cent. of the demand, and orders are increasing in volume. Profits are now at the rate of $5,000,000 per annum.

JOHN O'SULLIVAN, noted tenor, wounded while serving in French ambulance corps.

IRISH TENOR TO AID ALLIED VETERANS

O'Sullivan Will Sing Here at Benefit Concert, October 19

Under the auspices of the Legion of Allied War Veterans, John O'Sullivan, the tenor of the Chicago Opera company, will give a concert in Symphony Hall on Sunday evening, October 19th.

The Legion of Allied War Veterans is an association with more than 15,000 members in New England, including not only soldiers who fought in the American army but men who served with the British, French and Italian armies or with other armies of the entente.

It maintains large clubrooms on Bromfield street, an employment bureau, and other activities in the interests of men who have doffed the uniform.

In accepting John O'Sullivan for a benefit concert, the Legion of Allied Veterans have not only secured one of the greatest tenors in the world but an Allied Veteran as well. For O'Sullivan, who was singing tenor at the Paris Opera when the war broke out, served in the French ambulance service, first as a stretcher bearer and later as driver of an ambulance until he was incapacitated from further service by an injury to his right hand.

Mr. O'Sullivan has been singing during the past Summer at the Paris Opera with great success, and has cabled that he will land in New York with his family on October 1.

SOLDIERS SERVICE BUREAU ANSWERS MANY QUESTIONS

ANXIOUS MOTHER — Our Washington headquarters has advised us that no definite date has been set for the return of the mine sweeping forces in the north sea to the U. S. but that they are engaged in making high seas navy for commerce. From time to time, however, individual units attached to the force are being relieved.

C. K. S.—Neither Nebraska nor Iowa have granted a bonus, and it does not look as if either favored it at present. We are convinced that the six months' pay will pass. You can make reply for travel pay to Nebraska.

WAITING GIRLIE—The 12th Regiment of Marines will be sent home as soon as possible. Men who enlisted for the duration of the war will be released from further service when their places can be taken by new recruits.

ANXIOUS PARENT — Headquarters Company, 6th Regiment of Marines, is located at Quantico, Va., in the process of demobilization.

A. E. J.—The 11th Regiment Band of the Marine Corps is located at Quantico, Va., in process of demobilization there.

MRS. H. A. M.—The U. S. S. Bridgeport arrived at Brest, August 21.

SAILOR'S BRIDE—The U. S. S. Morris arrived at Newport from Brest, August 9.

LILLIAN—The U. S. S. Iowa left Brest for New York, August 18. It is due there August 25.

J. H. M.—Military Police Company No. 765 is stationed at Gievres. No definite date has been set for return.

E. R. P.—The U. S. S. Kaiserin Augusta Victoria arrived in New York from Brest August 21.

M.—Prior to the 11th Infantry Regiment has been demobilized.

H. Q. O.—Naval reserve men are entitled to the $100 bonus.

Victory Buttons for those who served in the navy and who have not been shipped for distribution as yet.

L. B. C.—Limited service men are entitled to the $100 bonus.

EN-GOB—Your question is answered above.

C. F. S.—You should file your application immediately for the bonus. Your case is one for the State Treasurer to decide.

J. M.—You are entitled to the bonus.

C. E. L.—Any information regarding the farms for soldiers can be obtained from Colonel Arthur Woods, assistant to the Secretary of War, War Department, Washington, D. C.

TANNER HERO, IS VIEW OF MAJORITY

But Many Readers Think Husband Should Not Have Died With Wife

Editor American:

I am afraid very few men are able to judge Tanner, as there are very few who would not desert their wives. These are not many men like Tanner. His aged mother, even in the midst of her sorrow, must feel a solemn pride in her son. How many others would feel proud of their sons if they knew them as they really are.

M. J.

Think Act Suicidal But Hesitates to Judge Tanner's Motive

Editor American:

Who are we that we can judge a man who died under such circumstances? We can offer an opinion but not judge, and should always give a man the benefit of the doubt. Tanner believed that his first duty was to his wife, his second to his children. Tanner made his wife's last moments happy, but to my mind it seems suicidal. His first duty was to his wife, but his second was certainly to his children. He owed them education and a father's bringing up. I would not judge Tanner though. It is not for us to do.

A. H. Archambault,
29 Hamlet st., Woonsocket, R.I.

Tanner Specimen of True Manhood, Is Opinion of T. J. C.

Editor American:

Might I add, as my comment on the Tanner case, that I think this young husband was a real man. In the backhome? I see a fine, upstreet angels and house devils had Tanner's reputation in their hands, consider themselves real men. His wife went into the Valley of the Shadow for him, when the children came; and Tanner, by his act, saw to it that they would never be burdened with a step-mother. If his sons grow up into the true forthcoming Tanner type, they will be a credit to their parents' memory. We do not know what we ourselves would do at a time like that, we can only hope we will give the good account of ourselves like Tanner gave.

T. J. C.

Suggests Collection to Aid in Support of Tanner Orphans

Editor American:

There has been a great deal said about the Tanner question. I think it is about time to stop talking and think of the children. As near as I could find out they have an uncle and aunt here. The uncle serves in the marines. He certainly would appreciate some help. If the Boston papers will take up a collection and give for the orphans, it will be better than to keep up this discussion.

ONE WHO WILL CONTRIBUTE.

Relatives Wish to Keep Tanner Orphans With Own Families

Editor American:

I am writing to you for information, as I would like to take one of the Tanner children. My husband and I are both very nice people, and we have no children of our own. My husband gets big pay; his is a chef. I therefore feel that I could give the child a good home and supply it with everything it should have. I am forty and my husband is forty-two. Please let me know by return mail about the people to whom I should apply for the child.

MRS. F. P.

"NOT COURAGEOUS"

Editor American:

Did Tanner do right? I say no. It was his duty to live for his three children. But most men would rather die than face any trouble. If I had been in his place, Tanner's position I would have asked my husband to spare himself for the children. It would then not be so hard for me to face death with him by my side. In my opinion it was not a courageous act.

MABEL S. MAGUIRE,
Providence, R. I.

Y. D. VETERANS FORMING COMPANY IN BERKSHIRES

North Adams, Sept. 15.—In compliance with the request of Governor Coolidge, a militia company made up of ex-sold

Used Cars and Accessories.

FREE
ONE WEEK ONLY
Pennsylvania Ton-Tested Tube
With every Pennsylvania 6000 mile guaranteed tire.
Every tire and tube has warranty tag from factory.
We are the largest distributor of Pennsylvania tires.

	Vacuum Cups	Tube
30x3	$15.70	Free
30x3½	20.10	Free
32x3½	23.70	Free
33x4	32.25	Free

We have a full stock of sizes at these same big reductions.
Write for prices on your size.
War tax paid by us.
MAIL ORDERS C. O. D. sent open to examination. Send this ad with order.

BOSTON AUTO TIRE EXCHANGE
304 COLUMBUS AVE.
TEL. B. B. 7329, or 1147

AUTOMOBILES WANTED FOR CASH
MUST BE LATE MODELS AND IN GOOD CONDITION.
Highest Prices Paid
Bay State Motor Car Co.
19 BERKELEY ST.
Near Car Service Station No. 2
Tel. Beach 3199

WE HAVE THE CASH
IF YOU accept our offer for your used car our buyer will call at your home; deal direct with dirkers, we buy all makes and models and positively give you highest cash prices; no car too cheap, no car too expensive for us to buy. PIEDMONT MOTOR CAR CO., 1310 Washington st., Boston; tel. 8402, 8403 Beach.

$6--$8--$10 AND YOUR OLD ONE GENUINE FORD RADIATORS
fit all models, 1909 to 1919. Guaranteed. HARCOM'S, 224 Columbus Ave., Boston.

AUTO RADIATORS
REPAIRED promptly by expert mechanics; all makes for sale and exchange; rebuilt Ford radiators exchanged, $5.00; no standard or heavy radiator too large or too small to repair. LION RADIATOR CO., 218 Columbus av.

1917 NATIONAL 1917
6-CYLINDER FOR SALE, painted and overhauled this summer; owner goes South. Phone Brookline 838 or 839 or 3962.

1917 STEARNS-KNIGHT
7-PASSENGER touring car; has been used very little; perfect mechanical shape. R. de JOYLE, 240 Harvard st., Dor.; tel. evenings 4225-R.

STEWARD TRUCK $225
4 POST body, with side curtains, in excellent shape, paint new. 71 Prospect st., Cambridge 2740-M.

COLE 30 ROADSTER
1918—NICE small car, 8 bargain. W. J. SWEENEY, 71 Prospect st., Cambridge; tel. Camb. 2740-M.

AUTO RADIATORS
RADIATORS, windshields, lamps, mudguards repaired and exchanged. CASTLE AUTO RADIATOR CO., 2 Appleton st., Beach 6784.

STUDEBAKER, series '18, De Luxe model, 7-seat touring, 4 cords, overhauled by maker at cost of $200; has every extra, splendid condition; make offer. Phone Arlington 859-M.

1919 FORD touring car, in nice condition, with demountable wheels and speedometer service; cost $700; will sell for $500. May be seen at 6 Whitman st., West Somerville, or phone Somer. 2.

1 OVERLAND touring body for sale, price $25. A. VIWRY, 281-283 Cambridge st., Allston; tel. Brighton 0785-R or 723-J.

1 1915 MODEL 35S 7-passenger, 3 19-6 twin six Packard; must sell at once; bargain; good condition; perfect tires. Revere 1303-M.

REMY REMY REMY bought and sold, all second-hand parts, 3-ton trucks or 5-pass. cars $3 per hour, special rates. Tel. Milton 1007.

FORD TRUCK for sale, good condition. 26 Rock Hill st., Norwood.

Automobiles for Hire.

TOURING CAR, $1.50 per hour, or special trip. Tel. Cambridge 1851-M.

TOURING CAR for hire, private party, day, week, hour. Tel. Roxbury 2482 or 7088.

5 PASS., 52 hour, special trips, 25 service car; 30 Cumberland st.; Back Bay 8215-W.

Real Estate—Belmont.

TO RENT, sell or lease, 10 rooms, $33 and set; WILLIAM T. HARRIS, be promptly knows. Address 380 Mass. av., Cambridge.

Real Estate—Cambridge.

FOR SALE—1, 2 and 3-apartment houses and investment property. Tel. Boylston 2098 Mass. av., Cambridge; tel. Camb. 160.

Real Estate—Medford.

8 SINGLE HOUSES, some with garages, at bargain prices; 2-family house, garage, $4,800; near Tufts College and Sullivan sq.; land, suitable for automobiles. HARRIS, 30 Medford st., Medford; phone 2580 Medford.

Real Estate—Quincy.

QUINCY BARGAIN
COTTAGE with a large lot of land, suitable for a garden; 6 rooms, single lights, hardwood floors, electric lights; nice neighborhood; trains, walks, stores, everything; a real home and investment for only $3,900; easy terms; will be owned by us for a few days only. 060 Broadway, Hall sq., W Somerville.

NEAR depot; 2-fam. house, 5-5 all modern, furnace heat, newly painted; inside now ready for occupancy; price reduced to $5,500. $100 cash. CARTER BROS., 859 Somerville ave., Union sq., Somerville; open Tues. and Thurs. evenings; phone 3980; 2 autos.

Real Estate—Watertown.

WATERTOWN.
TWO-FAMILY, within walking distance of square, 6 and 6 rooms, all modern conveniences; light all around; lot 40x100; price $7,500. $1,000 cash will handle. Owner has apartment house this is the house; price $7,500. $1,000 cash will handle. 7448-M.

Real Estate—Winthrop.

5-APT. modern, rents $1,080, sell $7,500, terms. OWENS, 261 Wash. av.; 1250-M. 949-W.

1-2-3-FAMILY HOUSES, lend, room registry. MOORE, 31-45 BRUCE ST., Dorchester.

Real Estate—Wollaston.

I HAVE one 2-apt. house in Wollaston and one 2-apt house in Atlantic that I wish to sell to settle an estate. C. F. BROWN, 12 Charles st.; tel. 788 Dor.

Real Estate Wanted.

COTTAGE WANTED
WIDOW with small family will pay cash for small single house, with some improvements preferred; in or near Boston; state price and address. P 35, Boston American.

Female Help Wanted.

Necco SWEETS

New England Confectionery Co.
Conveniently located near the South Station, offers desirable positions to women 16 years and over.
Special attention given to the inexperienced at an attractive starting wage.
APPLY AT EMPLOYMENT BUREAU, 27 MELCHER STREET
NEW ENGLAND CONFECTIONERY CO.
253 SUMMER STREET BOSTON, MASS.

Real Estate—Miscellaneous.

Washable Ever Ready
PAINT $1.75 Gal. Varnishes, Stains at Same Price. Free Sent Prepaid to Any Address in the United States
SOUTH END HARDWARE CO.
1065 Washington and 5 Portland sts. Boston

Bungalow, $335—$35 Down
BALANCE $15 a month; brand new, in grove on lake, near State road; handy to Boston; hunting, bathing, fishing. P 84, Boston American.

20,000 FEET OF WOOD LAND
ONLY $1 WEEKLY.
WILL make fine garden when after wood is cut; with but about 40 cords; price $110; wood will be high 1914 Winter. P 84, Boston American.

PAINT $1.85 GAL. 15 Shades Ready for Use Varnishes at Lowest Prices
Color card on request
ELIOT HARDWARE CO.
50 Portland St.

PAINT $1.95 a Gal. 15 Shades
Color card on request
Falvey Paint Co.—59 Pearl St., 59 Canal St.

WALL PAPER
HOTEL OWNERS
Let Us Quote Prices
HICKEY'S, 160 Friend st.
Near North Station

FOR SALE at a bargain—Four-family apartment house, 12 rooms and bath on each floor; 2 one six-room apartments, all improvements; must be sold immediately on account of death and have the property in settlement of estate. Apply to owner, rental apartment, 27 Hull st., Chantry st., Boston.

REPAPER when needed and keep your property up. HENRY HOSKIN, CO. Alfred Peats Branch, 116 Gunnar St.

IMPROVED Two-family house, will be sold this week; house has ten rooms and all modern improvements; one side vacant. Will take small payment if necessary. E 77, Boston American.

Business Property.

SPACE for chiropodist and Marcell waves, best location in Boston. DONOVAN, 40 Temple place.

Stores and Offices.

OFFICE to rent, including light, heat and janitor service. Apply room 511, 7 Water st., Boston.

Apartments—Back Bay

4, 5, 7 rooms, furnished suites for rent; easy walking distance downtown; reasonable prices. 279 Columbus av., Back Bay 7490.

Apartments—Roxbury.

HOTEL UREELY, 36 Hammond st.; 2-room suites, $14. Apply to JANITOR.

Apartments—South End

WASHINGTON ST., 1305—Square and side rooms, gas and range, $4 and $5.

Apartments—Watertown.

WATERTOWN—4 and 5 rooms, all imps., rents $17 to $28. Apply E. HIRSCH, 10 Tremont st., Boston.

Apartments—Winthrop.

SMALL heated flat, suites, private bath. MacQUARRIE, 451 Shirley st.

Furnished Apartments.

STEAM HEATED SUITES
TWO to 5 rooms, furnished or unfurnished, with kitchenettes or kitchens, janitor service; cop. hot water, wash trays, electric and gas. Ready for immediate occupancy; prices very reasonable, $25 to $50 per month. Apply to MR. HIRSCH, between 9 and 12 o'clock A. M., 18 Dalpin av., near Harvard Station, Washington st. during day at office 1 to 5 P. M.

ATLANTIC—Furnished housekeeping apartment, 3 rooms, bath, janitor, range, hot water, good proposition, rent, including hot water heat, $46. Tel. 1071-M Quincy.

Furnished Rooms—Allston.

BEAUTIFULLY FURNISHED ROOM on Commonwealth av., large chairs, private house. Brighton 1048 M.

Furnished Rooms—Back Bay.

TREMONT ST., 636—Pine room, one flight front; others for light housekeeping.

ST. BOTOLPH ST., 151—New attractively furnished rooms; clean and homelike; tel.

WORELAND AV., 75—Suite 2; large attractive room, continuous hot water, electricity.

Furnished Rooms—Cambridge.

AUSTIN ST., 49—Large front room, housekeeping; near Central Square.

BROADWAY, 866—Near Lee st., suite 3; nice furnished room for one or two persons in private family; all conveniences; steam heat.

BROADWAY, 878, near Hancock st.—Rooms furnished for light housekeeping, kitchenette; hot water, heat. $66. Tel. 1071-M Quincy.

ATLANTIC—Furnished housekeeping apartment, 3 rooms, bath, janitor, range, hot water, good proposition, rent, including hot water heat, $46. Tel. 1071-M Quincy.

Furnished Rooms—Allston.

BEAUTIFULLY FURNISHED ROOM on Commonwealth av., large chairs, private house. Brighton 1048 M.

Furnished Rooms—Back Bay.

TREMONT ST., 636—Pine room, one flight front; others for light housekeeping.

ST. BOTOLPH ST., 151—New attractively furnished rooms; clean and homelike; tel.

WORELAND AV., 75—Suite 2; large attractive room, continuous hot water, electricity.

Furnished Rooms—Cambridge.

AUSTIN ST., 49—Large front room, housekeeping; near Central Square.

BROADWAY, 866—Near Lee st., suite 3; nice furnished room for one or two persons in private family; all conveniences; steam heat.

BROADWAY, 878, near Hancock st.—Rooms furnished for light housekeeping, kitchenette; hot water, heat. $66. Tel. 1071-M Quincy.

Furnished Rooms—East Somerville

DINCKEY ST., 56 — Light housekeeping rooms, Tel. Somerville 2827-J.

Furnished Rooms—Roxbury.

615 WARREN ST., Suite 1; 2 steam heated rooms, 1 or 2 persons ladies; continuous hot water with kitchen privileges. May 6404-R until 6 mornings 15 to 8.

ARE YOU looking for furnished room in Roxbury? Call at the ROXBURY HOUSING REGISTRY, 78 Waverly st.; tel. 1068 Rox.

HARTLETT ST., 37—Large steam heated furnished front rooms, new; all modern conveniences; $4.50 wk.; 2 minutes to cars.

DUDLEY ST., 632—Large front room, nicely furnished, all conveniences, hot and cold water.

EUSTIS ST., 135—2 furnished rooms for 1, h. k. and improvements. Call evenings after 6 o'clock.

WORELAND ST., 86—Square room, next bath; one or two business people; references.

MORELAND ST., 96—Newly furnished room, private family. Tel. Roxbury 2482-M.

REGENT SQ., 7—2 furnished housekeeping rooms, $14; bath, $4.50 wk.; no children required.

WAVERLY ST., 71—Cozy room, with board, in refined Protestant family; tel.

Furnished Rooms—South End.

LARGE front room, housekeeping, street floor, $7 up; other rooms; reasonable. Tel. 7448-M.

NICE one for parlor, suites, side and light housekeeping rooms, $1.25 to $10. P. H. CONNAUGHTON, 1 Dix st., Roxbury.

E. NEWTON ST., 67—Large front room, housekeeping, rooms $4 up; evenings, Tel. B. B. 7446-M.

WASHINGTON ST., 1305—Square room, heated suites; hot and cold water, gas range, stove, $5. Tel. Bay 3626-W.

WORCESTER ST., 1305—2-room basement, housekeeping; also square rooms, $2 up, steam heat.

UPTON ST., 35—Attractive front parlor, piano; hot, cold water; suitable two. Tel.

WASHINGTON ST., 1305—Square room, kitchenette, gas range; other rooms; steam heat.

E. NEWTON ST., 37—Homelike room, every room a front; private bath, electricity; telephone in every room, twin beds, shower baths, opposite park, car; only $6—$7 a week. Visitors, tourists, traveling men accommodated.

WORCESTER SQ., 1305—Square room, kitchenette suite, with gas stove; dining room, kitchen for housekeeping.

Furnished Rooms — Miscellaneous.

HOTEL WATERSTON
8 BELFINCH PL.—Rooms for men, electrights and elevator, heart of city; rates, 75c and $1 each person; also weekly rates.

LIBERTY HOTEL
NEWLY built; for professional and travelers; 75c, $1 up days; special weekly rates. 30 Warrenton st.; tel. 71306 Beach.

HOTEL ECHO
UP-TO-DATE, 75c day, $2.50 wk. up. HOTEL ECHO, 406 Tremont st.; tel. Beach 30760.

Furnished Rooms—Dorchester.

MT. EVERETT ST., 54—Two furnished rooms for light housekeeping.

Furnished Rooms—Somerville.

TWO ROOMS, bath floor, board if desired 19 Rhoda Island av., Somerville; tel. 1835-W.

Board and Rooms.

BALLOU AV., 85—Private family has 2 nice large furnished front rooms; board, plain cooking, home privileges, each room suitable for 2; price $6.50 and $8 per week; 10 min. cars. Phone MRS. WILLIAMS, December 2176-M.

NICE clean rooms with board; home cooking. MRS CULLINANE, 299 Columbus av.

WANTED Boarding homes for babies under 2 yrs. of age; day $3.50 a week and extras. Apply Room 43, State House.

Female Help Wanted

Experienced
SHOE STITCHERS AND GIRLS
FOR light factory work; exceptional opportunity for beginners to learn a trade; good pay while learning; steady work, strike on, but no trouble.
Thomas G. Plant Co.
COR. CENTRE AND HICKFORD STS.
JAMAICA PLAIN

STITCHERS WANTED
Clean work, pleasant conditions, high price schedule; an all year industry now established and organized to experienced stitchers.
A. J. TOWER COMPANY,
24 Simmons St.
Roxbury Crossing

GIRLS
WANTED for factory work; good opportunity for advancement; must be 21 years of age.

J. C. PUSHEE & SONS,
3 RANDOLPH ST., BOSTON.

Power Machine Stitchers
WANTED; also small girls to cut threads; all day, steady work the year round. THE WHITE & CO., INC., 8th St. Bigler, 99 Court st., Boston.

EXPERIENCED STITCHERS
ON children's dresses; steady work, good pay. Apply BANNER MFG. CO., 888 Washington st.

Curtain Operators
GOOD operators can easily make between $25-$30 week, piece work; also pressers and hose girls. J. W. CONQUEST, 19 Columbia st., city.

GIRLS WANTED
FOR light factory work; good pay; steady work. 107 Sudbury st., 3d floor, elevator.

GIRLS WANTED
OVER 18 YEARS to learn piano action assembly work; clean work and good pay. Apply to STANDARD ACTION CO., 4 Osborn st., Cambridge.

WANTED
EXPERIENCED shirt finishers. Apply Cambridge Laundry, 3 Soden st., Cam.

Experienced Millinery Trimmers
AND MAKERS; good pay, steady work. M. LANDSBERG, 376 Harrison av., Room 61.

STITCHERS
EXPERIENCED on underwear wanted, room 616, 420 Boylston st., Boston.

BOOKBINDERY GIRLS, over 16, to learn folding and sewing. F. A. FOSTER & CO., 105 Federal st., Boston.

CHAMBERMAID wanted at once. Apply HOTEL KEMPTON, 527 Berkeley st., Boston.

COOKS, dishwashers, waitresses, several maids, chambermaids, laundresses, 100 general house workers, kitchen maids, experienced laundresses, nurses for refined private families. MRS. PRESTON, Boston Employment Agency, 376 Boylston st.

COUPLE wanted to care for nice lodging house, quiet, respectable people; no children. Apply 836 Tremont st., Boston.

DRESSMAKERS and finishers wanted. Apply WOLFF YORDING & CO., 20 Eliot st., city.

EXPERIENCED waitresses wanted. IMPERIAL RESTAURANT, 2 Central sq., Cambridge.

EXPERIENCED waitresses wanted. Apply CHILTON, 609 Washington st.

FIRST-CLASS COOK wanted. Apply HOTEL KEMPTON, 527 Berkeley st., Boston.

GIRLS to work power machines in curtain factory. JOHN M. HASSALL, 101 Alsop st.

GIRLS wanted to operate power machines; steady work. 1237 Washington st.; apply between 11 and 1.

LADIES (Catholic) desirable outside positions as collectors; we pay good salary, commission and bonus; experience unnecessary; call Room 324, Tremont building.

SALESWOMEN—WANTED, experienced in selling cloaks and suits; steady employment and good pay. Save Age, 20 to 30. JOHN S. CO., 162 Washington st.

WANTED—Experienced chambermaids and waitresses wanted at once for hotel in Newton, Mass. Telephone Newton North 1127.

WANTED—Young women, married or single, who have been employed in bookbinding and dressmakers; can work part of day and week. Apply 120 Boylston st.

WANTED—Experienced assemblers on boys' and girls' coats. Apply at EAGLE SHOE MFG. CO., Paris st., Everett.

WANTED—Maid for general housework, 2 in family. Inquire 74 Bowdoin st., Dorchester. 6663-R.

WANTED—Colored maid for general office attendant; must be neat and capable; good position for right girl. O. S. Boston American.

WANTED—Girls over 18 years for clerical work, must write well; steady employment. See Mr. Reed, JOYCE BROS. & CO., 782 Washington st.

WANTED—Young women to learn to operate moving picture camera. COLONIAL FILM PRODUCING CO., 53 Colonial Bldg., 110 Boylston st.

CARPENTERS and laborers wanted on new building at Hooper School, Cambridge st., Watertown.

MAN wanted to wash room; 4 days a week. $22. ATLANTIC WET WASH, 59 Madison st., Allston.

WANTED—3 boys over 16 years for general work in electrical store; splendid opportunity to learn the business. See Mr. Reed, JOYCE BROS. & CO., 782 Washington st.

222 WOODMEN and cord cutters for N. H. and Vt.; also factory construction laborers. Spring and Fall Agency, 2 Beacon st., Room 31.

WANTED—Experienced operators on ladies' shapeless and unshrinking underwear; steady employment and good wages. Apply to 100 Summer st.

3 COUPLES WANTED at once. 3 Bow st., Harvard sq., Cambridge.

Female Help Wanted.

WANTED
Experienced Stitchers on Canvas Footwear.
Twenty-five Girls for various positions in our Fitting Department.
Experienced Shoemakers.
Experienced Tennis Makers.
Girls over sixteen to learn Rubber Shoemaking.
Above positions, when experienced, pay from $16 to $23.50 per week.
Apply at our Employment Department.
HOOD RUBBER COMPANY
Bigelow Ave. Watertown, Mass.

Wanted
Experienced Shoemakers and Girls 16 years of age and over, to Learn to Make Rubber Shoes.
Steady Work In An All The Year Business, Under The Finest Working Conditions, And With Desirable Associates. Good Pay From The Start And Steady Advancement In Earnings
One ten-cent fare from Scollay square, Boston, via Chelsea to either factory on the Melrose cars, Bay State Street Railway
APPLY AT EITHER FACTORY
BOSTON RUBBER SHOE CO.
Malden Melrose

Male Help Wanted.

YOUNG MEN and BOYS
LEARN HOW TO MAKE SHOES
In the finest shoe factory in the U. S. A. Satisfactory pay while learning; steady work, congenial and healthful working conditions. This is an exceptional opportunity to learn some part of the work of the leading industry in the State. Must be residents of Roxbury or vicinity. Strike on, but no trouble.
Thomas G. Plant Co.
COR. CENTRE AND HICKFORD STS.
JAMAICA PLAIN

WANTED
Experienced Hard Candy Striker
APPLY
WINDSOR CONFECTIONERY CO.
2 NEW STREET EAST BOSTON

CARPENTERS
Wanted on long jobs
HUGGER BROS.
South Wilmington
Near Merrimac Chemical Co.

HELP WANTED
For Small Cotton Mill in Country.
Speeder tenders, spinners and weavers. Rents very low. Chance to have garden, keep hens and a cow. Good chance for family to save money. Address H 103, Boston American.

BOYS
16 to 21 years of age, for factory work
J. C. PUSHEE & SONS,
3 Randolph St., Boston

MAN wanted to take charge of industrial department in an institution. Apply in own handwriting, stating experience. Address Z 37, Boston American.

Wanted at Once
UPHOLSTERERS and IMPROVERS
Apply Mr. GOTELIB, Hayward Bros. & Wakefield Co., Central and Vernon sts., Somerville.

Male Help—Miscellaneous.

GET READY FOR FALL AND WINTER
Prices Are Going Higher
Flannel Shirts, Wool Underwear, Gloves, Sweaters, Bench Jackets, Sheep-Lined Coats, Fur Coats Blanket-lined Coats.
GREAT BIG BARGAINS NOW
UNION HAT CO.
139 Hanover St.
Don't Forget the Number
Save That Carfare

WEAVERS
FINERS, DRESSERS, SEWERS
WILLIAMSVILLE, MASS.
WATERVILLE, MASS.
LOCAL 1181, A. F. OF L.

PENMAN'S AUTO SCHOOL
CALL, write or phone for our complete catalog; latest course, or special instruction in HAWES ST. CLEMENT CAR; also Franklin, Ford, Chevrolet, Buick. Tel. Beach 1000.

$15—DRIVING COURSE—$15
WARREN AV. AUTO SCHOOL
Drivers and repairing; also cylinder car used. Phone Beach 1000.

9 AUTO LESSONS $5
FULL KNOWLEDGE GUARANTEED $15 GUAR. CARS. VINCENT, 4 Appleton st., near Castle sq. Garage. Beach 5000-R.

ENGINEERS AND FIREMEN instructed for license according to the law; the only school in Boston. BOSTON ENGINEERING SCHOOL, 37 Haverhill st.; tel. Haymarket 2. ALWAYS OPEN.

FIREMEN, brakemen, $150 monthly. Railroads nationwide; experience unnecessary. Write DEPT. 207, RAILWAY ASSOCIATION, Rochester, N. Y.

Male Help Wanted.

MEN WANTED
To sell new gas lamps
NO EXPERIENCE NECESSARY
Men on this work are making $25 to $50 per week. Apply 39 Dudley street at once.
Boston Consolidated Gas Company

WANTED
BOYS
Between 14 and 19 Years Old
Weekly earnings $9 and over, 8 hours per day; permanent positions for right boys; opportunity offered for advancement. Apply to
MR. PORTER
169 Congress St.
Near Entrance Western Union Telegraph Co.

BOX MILL HELP
Experienced Nailers
Experienced Matcher Men
Cutting-off Men
Night Watchmen with third-class fireman's license
Champlin & Hobbs Box Co.
Fifth St., Medford, Mass.

PIPE FITTERS
HERE'S A WELL PAID OPPORTUNITY AND you a skilled pipe fitter! Do you want to work at union wages, installing automatic sprinkler systems in factories, and have the chance of rapid promotion in the engineering or sales force? Write at once and tell us your previous experience, and we'll tell you how you can get into this line. Address Box F 87, Boston American.

We offer permanent positions in all departments, packing, soldering and assembling, good wages, 48 hours work; no work Sat. afternoon. H. W. CARR & CO., 83 Gorham St., West Somerville.

STABLEMAN
CARRIAGE WASHER
WANTED—Experienced, to work in stable; good wages. Apply MARSHALL STABLES, 561 Warren st., Roxbury.

WANTED
EXPERIENCED
DRESSER TENDERS ON THREADS
STATE EXPERIENCE AND AGE
BOX F 58, AMERICAN

SAW FILER
FOR BOSTON FIRST CLASS SAW WILL BE PAID $1; WEEK. ADDRESS Z 14, BOSTON AMERICAN.

BOYS WANTED
To learn the wholesale clothing business
Apply
MARK-ANDREWS
65 BEDFORD ST., CITY

COOPERS WANTED
GOOD tight cooper on heavy barrels; also cooper to make new apple barrels; good pay and steady employment. SAM HARRIS, Jr., Salem, Mass.

CHAIR PACKERS
EXPERIENCED. Apply Mr. McCarthy, HEYWOOD BROS. & WAKEFIELD CO., Central and Vernon sts., Somerville.

HOUSE PAINTERS
IN GOOD outside swing stage workmen. Apply Mr. Hayward, Heywood Brothers & Wakefield Co., Central and Vernon sts., Somerville.

Male Help—Miscellaneous.

GET READY FOR FALL AND WINTER
Prices Are Going Higher
Flannel Shirts, Wool Underwear, Gloves, Sweaters, Bench Jackets, Sheep-Lined Coats, Fur Coats Blanket-lined Coats.
GREAT BIG BARGAINS NOW
UNION HAT CO.
139 Hanover St.
Don't Forget the Number
Save That Carfare

NIGHT MESSENGERS
WANTED, between ages of 21-27, permanent positions for the right men; opportunity offered for advancement. Apply MR. PORTER, 169 Congress st., Boston.

Wanted Stenographer
SPANISH-ENGLISH man preferred; full knowledge of commercial Spanish required. Apply between 11 and 12 a. m. THOMAS & CIA, 212 Devonshire st., Boston.

YOUNG MAN
WANTED to work in meat market and learn the business; to ambitious young man will be given steady employment. FRIEND'S MARKET, 200 Blue Hill av., Roxbury.

DRAFTSMEN
WITH experience on woodworking, mill or power plant. Write or call R. F. STURTEVANT CO., Hyde Park, Mass.

SHOEMAKERS WANTED
TWO MEN for new work, one repairer; steady employment for right persons. M. P. TOOHEY, 22 Boylston st., Cambridge.

First-Class Operators
ON GIRLS' suits; steady work; good pay; good pay upon start. B. BINSMAN & COMPANY, 18 Essex st., Boston.

MEN WANTED
FOR general work in paper stock house. Apply 1 to 3 p. m. 1 Chapman pl., Boston.

EXPERIENCED WOODEN BOX HELP. LOOK PITCHER and stock cutter. WILLIAMS & HILDRETH CO., Franklin st., Dorchester.

2 FIRST-CLASS WHEELWRIGHTS
WANTED for wagon work; good pay. LALLY BROS. CO., 64 W. 1st st., South Boston.

WANTED—CIGARMAKERS
On Cavalier cigars; steady work. F. F. POLLETT & SONS CO., Rockland, Me.

Male Situations Wanted.

Agents, Canvassers and Salesmen.

WRITE for valuable Office Side Line or Home Business and free package Ink Powder which will make you good best Writing Fluid. G. W. Moseley, Newburgh, N. Y.

Business Opportunities.

BURNES & CLOUGH,
Real Estate, Insurance, Mortgages, 31 Milk st., Boston.

Pianos and Musical Instruments.

NORRIS 131 TREMONT STREET
Headquarters for Player Pianos

BEST BARGAINS
PIANOS AND PLAYERS
NEW AND USED

Music.

PIANOS TUNED $1.00

Dancing.

FLORENCE KELLY
SCHOOL, 200 Washington st. Tel. B. B. 5158

HEINEMANN HOUSE

Lawyers.

ALLEN & LAW OFFICE, 28 School st., Room 1, Boston. Tel. Haymarket 4000. Practice in all courts; 2nd floor; no solicitors; no fees unless successful. Tel. Beach 1350. Bankruptcy Private Court cases.

Detectives.

KNOW THE TRUTH
HALEY AGENCY, 10 Tremont st., Room 910, 8212.

Diamonds, Watches and Jewelry.

ROY PAYS CASH Full Value for Diamonds
Gold, Silver, Platinum, Coin, Old Jewelry, Watches, Broken Sets, Large Loans on Diamonds, Watches, Jewelry. Established 1870. Roy Bros., 24 Temple pl., Boston.

ALSTERLUND
OLDEST LARGEST RELIABLE FOR DIAMONDS, OLD GOLD, PLATINUM & SILVER
Highest Prices Paid
20 BROMFIELD ST.

$1 DOWN Buys Watches
L. H. DURAND & CO., 10 Stanhope st.
ILLINOIS ROCKFORD and other watches, diamonds, jewelry. Cash or credit. L. H. DURAND & CO., 10 Stanhope st.
LENOX JEWELRY CO., 373 Washington st.

Clothing.

We Buy Fire & Bankrupt Stock Sales
WOLF COHEN & CO.
Big Bargains on Leading Brands of Standard Made Clothing
Suits ready to be sold at now a change of price; 1,000 suits, all sizes, 34 to 44, in the latest waist-seam suits, all colors, cut; guaranteed all wool; worth $15 to $18.50, only $11.85; worth $20 to $25, only $14.85. Over 500 suits and 4 three suit pieces in the discount to fit all men, young men and boys; worth $25 to $30 for 20 days, READ!
$12.85 $14.85 and $16.85 men's suits, $6.98 to $10.85 men's pants, $2.19; boys' suits, $3.98 to $6.98; boys' pants, 98c to $2.98; shoes, 12c; $1.85; raincoats, $3.98; hats, $1.98; underwear, 49c; $1.98; shirts, 49c; $1.98; sweaters, 49c; $1.98; all at a fraction of their value. Bargains every day.
WOLF COHEN & CO.
2073—WASHINGTON ST.—2073
Take Dudley st. car, Camp, get off at Dudley st. station, walk back 1 block. Open Mon. and Sat. evenings. Tel. Roxbury 1713.

Dressmaking.

MARKS & CHESTER
The Wage Earners' Friend
43 YEARS OF HONEST DEALING
The largest variety of ready-to-wear garments, waists, skirts, suits, coats, dresses, furs and furnishings. Prices 25 to 33⅓ per cent. less than elsewhere. Suits and coats $4 to $35; fur collarettes $4 to $35; fur scarfs $4 to $35; for better ones come and see.
MARKS & CHESTER, 170 THIRD ST.
Opposite Grade to main entrance Lechmere Sq. Sta.

105 Dudley St., Cor. Dudley Sq.
LOOK FOR THIS NUMBER
NEW DUDLEY ST. STA.; OPEN EVENINGS TILL 9; SATURDAYS TILL 11.
S Sam's Bargains—Students' Clothing Headquarters, 105 Dudley, Dudley Sq.

Ladies' night work clothing for sale and to rent; also uniforms for sale; 1 sewing machine; furs fit up. DORFMAN, 441 Tremont st.

Printing.

1000 BUSINESS CARDS $2.75
1½ HEADS $4.25 B. BOOKS $2.75 envelopes $2.50 noteheads $3.50 billheads $3.50 statements $3.50 DEFERMAN PRESS, 21 Brimfield st.

Ice Cream, Store Fixtures.

FOR VARIOUS CREAMERIES, ICE CREAM STORES BUY HERE AT OUR NEW FACTORIES. Tel. City Point 1000. Write for catalog.

Wanted—Miscellaneous.

WANTED—2 second-hand cash registers; must be in good condition. Address P. O. Box 1, Dorchester, Mass.

WANTED—2 second-hand bowling alleys. H. HERBERT, 112 Magill st., Pawtucket, R. I.

Cash Registers.
NEW and SECOND-HAND REGISTERS
We buy, sell, exchange and repair.
FRANK P. KENNEY, 10 Blackstone St., Boston. 176 Washington St., cor. Beach. 2324

Male Situations Wanted.

Wanted Experienced VAMPERS On Men's and Women's Shoes Steady Work and Good Pay
W. L. DOUGLAS SHOE CO.
Brockton, Mass.
(Near Montello Station)

MEN WANTED
To sell new gas lamps
NO EXPERIENCE NECESSARY
Men on this work are making $25 to $50 per week. Apply 39 Dudley street at once.
Boston Consolidated Gas Company

WANTED
BOYS
Between 14 and 19 Years Old
Weekly earnings $9 and over, 8 hours per day; permanent positions for right boys; opportunity offered for advancement. Apply to
MR. PORTER
169 Congress St.
Near Entrance Western Union Telegraph Co.

BOX MILL HELP
Experienced Nailers
Experienced Matcher Men
Cutting-off Men
Night Watchmen with third-class fireman's license
Champlin & Hobbs Box Co.
Fifth St., Medford, Mass.

PIPE FITTERS
HERE'S A WELL PAID OPPORTUNITY AND you a skilled pipe fitter! Do you want to work at union wages, installing automatic sprinkler systems in factories, and have the chance of rapid promotion in the engineering or sales force? Write at once and tell us your previous experience, and we'll tell you how you can get into this line. Address Box F 87, Boston American.

We offer permanent positions in all departments, packing, soldering and assembling, good wages, 48 hours work; no work Sat. afternoon. H. W. CARR & CO., 83 Gorham St., West Somerville.

STABLEMAN
CARRIAGE WASHER
WANTED—Experienced, to work in stable; good wages. Apply MARSHALL STABLES, 561 Warren st., Roxbury.

WANTED
EXPERIENCED
DRESSER TENDERS ON THREADS
STATE EXPERIENCE AND AGE
BOX F 58, AMERICAN

SAW FILER
FOR BOSTON FIRST CLASS SAW WILL BE PAID $1; WEEK. ADDRESS Z 14, BOSTON AMERICAN.

BOYS WANTED
To learn the wholesale clothing business
Apply
MARK-ANDREWS
65 BEDFORD ST., CITY

COOPERS WANTED
GOOD tight cooper on heavy barrels; also cooper to make new apple barrels; good pay and steady employment. SAM HARRIS, Jr., Salem, Mass.

CHAIR PACKERS
EXPERIENCED. Apply Mr. McCarthy, HEYWOOD BROS. & WAKEFIELD CO., Central and Vernon sts., Somerville.

HOUSE PAINTERS
IN GOOD outside swing stage workmen. Apply Mr. Hayward, Heywood Brothers & Wakefield Co., Central and Vernon sts., Somerville.

Male Help—Miscellaneous.

GET READY FOR FALL AND WINTER
Prices Are Going Higher
Flannel Shirts, Wool Underwear, Gloves, Sweaters, Bench Jackets, Sheep-Lined Coats, Fur Coats Blanket-lined Coats.
GREAT BIG BARGAINS NOW
UNION HAT CO.
139 Hanover St.
Don't Forget the Number
Save That Carfare

WEAVERS
FINERS, DRESSERS, SEWERS
WILLIAMSVILLE, MASS.
WATERVILLE, MASS.
LOCAL 1181, A. F. OF L.

PENMAN'S AUTO SCHOOL
CALL, write or phone for our complete catalog; latest course, or special instruction in HAWES ST. CLEMENT CAR; also Franklin, Ford, Chevrolet, Buick. Tel. Beach 1000.

$15—DRIVING COURSE—$15
WARREN AV. AUTO SCHOOL
Drivers and repairing; also cylinder car used. Phone Beach 1000.

9 AUTO LESSONS $5
FULL KNOWLEDGE GUARANTEED $15 GUAR. CARS. VINCENT, 4 Appleton st., near Castle sq. Garage. Beach 5000-R.

ENGINEERS AND FIREMEN instructed for license according to the law; the only school in Boston. BOSTON ENGINEERING SCHOOL, 37 Haverhill st.; tel. Haymarket 2. ALWAYS OPEN.

FIREMEN, brakemen, $150 monthly. Railroads nationwide; experience unnecessary. Write DEPT. 207, RAILWAY ASSOCIATION, Rochester, N. Y.

Male Situations Wanted.

Agents, Canvassers and Salesmen.

WRITE for valuable Office Side Line or Home Business and free package Ink Powder which will make you good best Writing Fluid. G. W. Moseley, Newburgh, N. Y.

Business Opportunities.

BURNES & CLOUGH,
Real Estate, Insurance, Mortgages, 31 Milk st., Boston.

Pianos and Musical Instruments.

NORRIS 131 TREMONT STREET
Headquarters for Player Pianos

BEST BARGAINS
PIANOS AND PLAYERS
NEW AND USED

Music.

PIANOS TUNED $1.00

Dancing.

FLORENCE KELLY
SCHOOL, 200 Washington st. Tel. B. B. 5158

HEINEMANN HOUSE

Lawyers.

ALLEN & LAW OFFICE, 28 School st., Room 1, Boston.

EDITORIAL PAGE OF THE

BOSTON AMERICAN

SEPTEMBER 15, 1919
BOSTON.

Senator Lodge's Report on League of Nations Should Be Read by All

Senator Lodge in behalf of the majority of the Committee on Foreign Relations has submitted a report to the Senate and to the American people concerning the present form of the League of Nations which every citizen ought to read.

It is written with great calmness and good temper under great provocation to heat. The majority of the Committee on Foreign Relations have been outrageously abused for more than a month for taking a decent period in which to consider the ratification of the most important treaty which America was ever called upon to consider—a treaty which if ratified in its present form would exchange the entire course of our history forever and would repudiate all the great policies concerning foreign affairs laid down by our forefathers and followed implicitly by all the American statesmen who have come after Washington. The Senate being bound by the Constitution to an equal responsibility concerning treaty making with the President has been abused, chiefly by the secret agents of the international bankers and their satellites throughout the country for taking six weeks to consider this momentous document when the President, having no greater responsibility or greater treaty-making power, took over six months to consider and discuss it. The Senate has been accused of unnecessary delay in the consideration of this treaty by these unpatriotic, self-seeking, profiteering sources, and by the President himself, when at the same time the President refuses to give to the Senate information concerning the treaty that the Senate's committee considers important to its thorough consideration of the subject. The President refuses to disclose facts concerning the negotiations of the treaty on the demand of the Senate Committee on Foreign Relations, although the first and cardinal principle of his declared policy is open treaties openly arrived at.

The Lodge report must convince every intelligent American that the present form of the League of Nations will, as he says, breed war and not prevent it. It will be an active agency for the promotion of war and an absolute guarantee that America will be involved in every one of those wars which it provokes.

The Lodge report exposes to the world all the disgraceful compromises and surrenders of American principles and of universal principles and decency in this treaty.

It recommends reservations which will prevent the power of this country being used to perpetuate wrongs, such as England is perpetrating in India, Ireland, England, Persia, Mesopotamia, such as Japan is perpetuating in Shantung and Korea and such as every other imperialistic nation is about to perpetuate or wants to perpetuate throughout the world. It recommends also the repudiation of the scandalous deal by which it is proposed in this treaty that we sell out our faithful ally, China, to a faithless associate, Japan, under the pretence that we are under obligation to do so, because in a secret treaty, which was never revealed to us, France and England agreed to make the deal. There is nothing more gross and apparent than the immorality of this deal and Mr. Wilson's defence of it. A majority of the American commissioners repudiated it and told the President that it ought not to be consummated, both as a question of international morals and of military safety. The President's civil and military advisors were against it. He was not under the slightest obligation to accept the shameful deal. He was under the highest moral obligation to repudiate it. China had gone into the war at his request. When France and England accepted the fourteen points they repudiated the secret deal with Japan against China, because it was in direct violation of the fourteen points.

President Wilson could, and was advised by his American associates to, stand squarely upon his principles and not to betray an ally who had gone into the war at his request, because former American Presidents had re acted toward her that she had faith in American honor. By Mr. Wilson's conduct we have lost the respect of 400 million Chinese which was entertained for us above all other nations. We have lost the good will of 180 million Russians. By his pusillanimous exhibition of strength on the strongest side, when he permitted England to violate every one of the fourteen points and held Italy to all of them, he lost the respect of the Italian people. Probably no man on earth has fallen from an estate so high to so great a depth in so short a time as President Wilson in the last six months.

Senator Lodge has rendered the American people a very distinguished service. Only once since the beginning of the republic has the crisis been so great. Therefore, even if Mr. Lodge were a young man, it is improbable that he would ever have an opportunity to serve the nation as he is serving it today, and in his advanced years it is certain that this service will be his greatest.

No man or institution has censored Senator Lodge more severely than the American for his attitude on domestic questions and the American withdraws nothing that it has ever said of him concerning his votes or his opinions on our internal questions, but his partisanship has always stopped at the water's edge, his sense of nationalism has been the measure of his patriotism, and it has been very great indeed. Neither partisanship or class feeling has controlled him on questions which have affected our relations with foreign countries. Few people know the tremendous pressure which has been put upon Senator Lodge by the banking interests of the country, which are connected with English financial interests, to vote for this league. These sutlers and camp followers of armies who coin money out of blood and, like ghouls in a city destroyed by fire, gather private profit out of the ruins, are anxious to see this League of Nations ratified in its present form. The text of the League was in Wall Street before the United States Senate could get it. Wall Street and Downing Street, London, dictated its financial features and they proposed to profit hugely out of the world's devastation.

Answering those who are demanding immediate ratification of the treaty by the Senate, Senator Lodge says:

Artificial also was the demand for haste disseminated by certain great banking firms which had a direct pecuniary interest in securing an early opportunity to reap the harvest which they expected from the adjustment of the financial obligations of the countries which had been engaged in the war.

It is only pent-up indignation against a class with whom he has long associated that could have made Senator Lodge deliver himself of this utterance. All honor to him for saying it.

When the League Votes

By T. E. Powers

Press of the Nation on Boston Police Strike

BOSTON HERALD

The present crisis in Boston gives organized labor a great opportunity to set itself squarely on the side of orderly government and to demonstrate its one hundred per cent. Americanism. The American Federation of Labor, as Mr. Gompers asserts in his telegram to Governor Coolidge, did not seek the unionizing of policemen. It has merely responded to their insistent demand for charters.

That being the case it should now be clear to the officials of the Federation that the granting of charters to police organizations was an unwise move, that it has placed organized labor in a false position, and that an immediate withdrawal of all such charters would be the strongest trump card in the whole game at his juncture. The Federation could give no better or more impressive demonstration of its allegiance to the principles of American government and its abhorrence of soviet doctrines.

Mr. Gompers says that "when policemen accept charters from the American Federation of Labor it is with the distinct understanding that strike action will not be resorted to." If Mr. Gompers is correct in this connection, the members of the Boston police union showed as little regard for their new obligation as they did for their old.

NEW YORK TIMES

Advised by the Attorney-General of Massachusetts that the posts deserted by the "striking" Boston policemen are vacant, Police Commissioner Curtis will fill the vacancies, presumably from the eligible list of the Civil Service Commission.

A deserting soldier of the community, a faithless soldier of law and order, ought to be punished. Certainly, he cannot be forgiven and restored to a duty which he has fled. He has broken his oath. He should pay at least the penalty of losing a place of which he has proved himself unworthy.

Organized labor is disgusted with the revels of crime that these deserters brought on. Let them come back, says organized labor, but not too enthusiastically.

They cannot return, unpunished, and be paid again by the community they have betrayed and deserted. There can be no compromise with public servants who refuse to serve, and who brought Boston to the edge of anarchy. What confidence could the law-abiding people of Boston have in soldiers of the law who mutinied against it and gave the city up to lawlessness?

NEW YORK WORLD.

When Samuel Gompers says to the Governor of Massachusetts that the refusal of Commissioner Curtis to reinstate the striking policemen of Boston is "autocratic" and "antagonistic" to the great American labor movement, he belies his own declaration that the Federation of Labor in union labor police forces does so on the distinct understanding that they shall not engage in strikes.

That organization has some admirable principles, but hostility to strikes when duly proclaimed is not one of them. The policing of great cities is not and never can be made a part of the great American labor movement. If autocracy has been anywhere in evidence during the last few days in Boston it was visible in the union of policemen, which, to gain its ends, did not hesitate to deliver the city into the hands of the mob.

Properly refusing to consider the Boston revolt a part of the great American labor movement, the Massachusetts authorities have penalized it as it deserves. By resolutely adhering to that policy they will have the cordial approval of law-abiding Americans. The men dismissed are also discarded, not for a day, but for all time. As for Mr. Gompers and the Federation of Labor, let them practice what they preach."

ALBANY COMMENT

The appeal of Samuel Gompers of the American Federation of Labor has brought the ill-conceived strike of the Boston police force to an end. The Policemen's Union voted unanimously to return to their duties. There is a general feeling that police and firemen should not be affiliated with a union. This feeling on the part of the public is too general and too strong to be ignored. The city of Boston is in the anomalous position of having a Republican director of police appointed by a Republican Governor whose duty it is to co-operate with a Democratic Mayor. There is a constant temptation to play politics, however serious the condition may be. The failure of the firemen in Cincinnati and the police force in Boston to accomplish anything, and the position of the American Federation of Labor on the matter, will have the effect of moving city employes to efforts to secure better pay by other means than by strikes, and the serious condition that prevailed in Boston will be a lesson to city authorities not to permit agitators to provoke its employes to want to strike.—*Times-Union.*

In his statement in response to public demand for information about the attitude of the State government toward the striking policemen of Boston, Governor Coolidge has shown fearless Americanism. For those who serve under government there cannot be divided authority or responsibility. They that accept positions in service for the public cannot be permitted to give allegiance and service to a class. They must perform their duty as the law prescribes it. If any become unwilling to do that they have the privilege of resigning and taking up occupations that suit them better. —*Evening Journal.*

BUFFALO COMMENT.

No man who deserted from the Boston police force should ever be permitted to put on its uniform again—or hold any other public position. They are not "strikers," they are deserters from the civic government's forces.—*Courier.*

This is Governor Coolidge's dictum in the Boston police strike: "The men are deserters. This is not a strike. These men were public officials. We cannot think of arbitrating the government or the forms of law." Can any one who believes in government at all take any milder view?—*Express.*

Out of the situation in Boston should develop a contribution to the establishment of a principle for general application. The question is whether policemen may establish affiliations which incur other allegiance than to the public and may abandon the public service in a body, thereby abandoning the public to lawlessness.

Boston will set up an example. It is important that it be the right example.—*Enquirer.*

The Commercial sincerely hopes that the authorities of Boston and Massachusetts will not take back the striking policemen. That they have at last listened to reason and are willing to go back to their posts temporarily, awaiting the outcome of the labor conference at Washington next month," is not at all satisfactory to the people of this nation, who are concerned in the settlement of this matter with the people of Boston. The magnificent stand taken by Governor Coolidge has probably done more to bring the strikers and their instigators of the American Federation of Labor to their senses than have the troops brought in from abroad.—*Commercial.*

PITTSBURGH COMMENT.

A policeman deserves well of the community. His task is a difficult and oftentimes a dangerous one. But a policeman who participates in throwing open a city to outlawry and violence has woefully failed to understand his duty. There is abundant evidence that responsible leadership is opposed to strikes by city, State or Federal employes. American common sense will prevail.—*Sun.*

The point of Boston's commissioner in refusing to allow striking policemen to return is well taken. If the public has no protection from the consequence of the desertion of their officials the time is ripe to have such protection supplied by specific legal enactments so plain that none can fail to understand.—*Leader.*

CLEVELAND PLAINDEALER

Not Bolshevism or any other politicalism is in the remotest way responsible for the reign of lawlessness in Boston. It is merely an outbreak of the hoodlumism that lies latent in all large American cities. Hoodlumism is certainly and is held in control by small police forces which are armed with the power of the law. With this control removed hoodlumism slinks out of its mews and alleys, and, finding the way clear, begins to assert its strength. If the first trial shows any real power of sheer numbers the thugs and loafers arrogantly assert their supremacy. This is what has happened at Boston. The strike of the police found the city unprepared to meet a dangerous emergency. Someone in official authority in Boston State House or city has erred tragically in not being prepared for just what has happened.

ST. LOUIS TIMES

There is something particularly un-American about the situation in Boston. Her sworn defenders of law and order have violated their oath. This would be bad enough in any quarter of the world, but is particularly out of place in the acknowledged seat of culture of America.

CHICAGO HERALD-EXAMINER

To speak of a military democracy is to use a contradiction in terms, and yet the sort of thing which is happening in Boston at the present time is going to force upon our democracy the fact that it must either do a little straight consecutive thinking or else militarism of one sort or another will come of itself.

GREAT FORCE IN MAN GOES ON WITHOUT NOTICE

By Garrett P. Serviss

SINCE the opening of this century the world of thinkers has been amazed and fascinated by the glimpse of the illimitable energy locked up in the atoms of matter that has been accidentally disclosed to the eye of science by certain cases of spontaneous disintegration, or alteration, of the basal elements of chemistry. To grasp the meaning of these gigantic intra-atomic forces (the conquest of which would make man truly Nature's master), it is necessary to account for them by the well-known laws of mechanics concerning mass, velocity, etc. They arise from the astonishingly swift revolution of the electrons in the atom.

To set these forces free for our use we should have to do something with the atoms equivalent in effect to the instantaneous removal of a man from the equator to the pole or from the pole to the equator.

For, little as we are aware of it, we, too, have tremendous forces locked up in our bodies, due to motion. This motion is derived in part from the earth's rotation on its axis. Shakespeare's famous line: "There are more things in heaven and earth, Horatio, than are dreamt of in your philosophy," gets new significance if we ponder on the unknown effects upon ourselves of this balanced motion.

But let us see what purely mechanical energy sleeps unnoticed in our earth-whirled bodies. If you live in the latitude of New York, Boston, Chicago, you are carried round in a circle by the rotating earth at a speed of about 800 miles an hour, or more than thirteen miles a minute. As you go southward the speed increases. On the equator it becomes about 1,000 miles an hour or 16 2-3 miles a minute.

Different at Poles

But if you were at either of the earth's poles the only motion imparted to your body by the earth's rotation would be simply one turn every twenty-four hours around your vertical axis. Suppose, then, that you were instantaneously transported from the equator to the North Pole, retaining the tangential speed which you had at the equator, it would be as if the circumference of the circle that you had been describing in twenty-four hours had suddenly shrunk from 25,000 miles to zero! You would then shoot away from the pole at a speed of 16 2-3 miles a minute, or about 1,462 feet per second. You would become something like an electron shot from an atom. If you weighed 200 pounds you would carry with you six-and-a-quarter million foot-pounds of energy.

Great Momentum

Whenever we travel north or south over the earth's surface the amount of kinetic energy in our bodies, derived from the earth's rotation, varies, gaining if we approach the equator and diminishing if we go poleward. But, the change occurring gradually, we are unaware of it, as indeed we are of the mighty continually be occupied by scholars and philosophers.

We see it exemplified in any group of men or women, and even with children. One individual will stand out from all the others and dominate them, often for no particular reason that we can discern.

In an effort to explain the phenomenon people cry as we are told they do regarding the Kingdom of Heaven: "Lo, here! This is the source of authority," or "Lo, there! That is the cause or reason." And all the time they are mistaken; for, like the Kingdom of Heaven, authority is not a thing of circumstances or outside attributes but a quality which lies within ourselves and which each of us is able to cultivate.

It lies in absolute earnestness and sincerity of mind, in sticking to your own honest convictions regardless of what all the rest of the world may think or do. And when you have that honest sincerity, that confident belief in yourself, it is bound to show not only in your deeds, but in your life. It will not be necessary for you to bluff and bluster and brag; that is only the spurious coin of authority which will speedily be detected and thrown out.

It is only necessary for us to be perfectly square with ourselves. Then we cannot fail to carry conviction to the minds of others.

TELLS HUSBAND OPINION IN FICTION THRILLER

How often have you wished that you might write a fiction thriller which would serve as the means of telling some acquaintance just what you thought of him? That is the method which the millionaire wife of a famous dancer employed to inform her husband of the opinions which she entertained regarding him. Read "The Puzzling Finish of the Troubled Sebastian Romance" in the

BOSTON SUNDAY ADVERTISER

BLUSTER AND BRAG ARE SPURIOUS COINS

By Mrs. Wilson Woodrow

EVERYBODY knows that some of our smaller coins are not worth in actual metal value the amount at which they pass. It is the government stamp upon them and not their intrinsic quality which makes them acceptable as a medium of exchange.

In this connection I happened to overhear a conversation between two men in a seat behind me on the train the other day, in which one of them told a story of an old fellow he once knew who owned a small iron foundry and who, being hard up, decided to relieve the financial strain by moulding nickels of his own making.

For a time he was successful in his enterprise, putting out into circulation a considerable quantity of his counterfeit product; but eventually the federal officers got on his trail, his guilt was established and he was taken into custody.

Couldn't See Difference

Strangely enough, he was in no way crushed or overwhelmed by his arrest, but protested indignantly against it as an outrage, asserting that he had done nothing dishonest.

"I wasn't cheatin' nobody," he declared resentfully. "Them nickels of mine had better metal in 'em, an' was wuth more 'n the ones what the government puts out."

And as I listened to the story, I could not help thinking that there are a lot of people in this world who are very like that old foundryman's nickels. They have all sorts of good qualities in their makeup—talents, gifts, abilities—yet they often fail to get across as do persons of far less natural endowment. They cannot understand it. They are conscious of their own merits. They know that they are in many cases superior to the fellows who are outstripping them in the race and gaining the big prizes of life. Bitterly they ascribe their failure to get on either to luck or circumstances.

But that is not the true explanation. Circumstances never hampered anybody, and "luck" simply does not exist. The truth of the matter is merely that these people lack that great saving grace, the stamp of authority.

It is a thing hard to define, and yet we all recognize it the moment we see it or come within its influence. It does not lie in power or position. The King of England is vested with all sorts of prerogatives under the British Constitution, and almost every action of the British government is made in his name, but actually he is almost without authority of any kind.

Neither does authority lie in physical strength or beauty or morals, either good or bad. Hunchbacks, dwarfs, lunatics, outcasts and pariahs have in their time held the reins of control and served as instruments of authority.

Knowledge Not Authority

It is even independent of the sovereign quality of charm; some of the most repulsive and hated characters in history have possessed it. And, though knowledge may be power, it is by no means authority, else would the seats of the mighty continually be occupied by scholars and philosophers.

We see it exemplified in any group of men or women, and even with children. One individual will stand out from all the others and dominate them, often for no particular reason that we can discern.

In an effort to explain the phenomenon people cry as we are told they do regarding the Kingdom of Heaven: "Lo, here! This is the source of authority," or "Lo, there! That is the cause or reason." And all the time they are mistaken; for, like the Kingdom of Heaven, authority is not a thing of circumstances or outside attributes but a quality which lies within ourselves and which each of us is able to cultivate.

It lies in absolute earnestness and sincerity of mind, in sticking to your own honest convictions regardless of what all the rest of the world may think or do. And when you have that honest sincerity, that confident belief in yourself, it is bound to show not only in your deeds, but in your life. It will not be necessary for you to bluff and bluster and brag; that is only the spurious coin of authority which will speedily be detected and thrown out.

It is only necessary for us to be perfectly square with ourselves. Then we cannot fail to carry conviction to the minds of others.